

Wilson U M 20 Jan 00

# THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLII] No. 4—JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

Money-making is a small part of store keeping.

It is more gratifying to have raised the business standards of a community.

*The Great January Sales*

AT

**The Robinson Co.'s Store**

The store that serves you best to-day is the store that expects to serve you in the future.

It can't afford to sell a poor thing.

## Sale of Women's and Children's Coats.

(GROUND FLOOR, WEST STORE)

Commencing Saturday morning, January 11th, at 9 o'clock, we will place on sale every Woman's and Child's cloth coat that we have in stock at exactly the

**HALF OF MARKED PRICE.**

STYLISH WRAPS—All the fine sorts that we have been showing during the last few weeks. LESS TO PAY that This is not an invitation to pick from bag ends.—Not a bit of it. Nearly every one is the fashionable three quarter coat and we believe three quarter coat stands the better chance of being the style of all styles for next winter than any other, but we do not believe in carrying any over. DO NOT FORGET THAT EVERY CLOTH COAT WE HAVE GOES ON SALE and our advice to you is BE ON HAND at NINE o'clock.

## A WOMAN'S MERINO VEST FOR 25 CENTS.

(WEST STORE.)

(The history of them.)—This vest was made to sell in regular way for \$1.00. We took a very large quantity of them and were able to offer them at 50 cents a garment. We bought too many—result—Saturday morning at nine o'clock, 25 cents each. Not more than two vests to a customer

## REMNANT SALE CONTINUED. (GROUND FLOOR.)

Main aisle of West Store is given over to a big lay out of all our ends. Plain figures and plain prices. Wait on yourself if you find us busy.

AMONG THE DRESS GOODS ENDS are lots of good school dresses, skirt lengths and a few waist lengths.

AMONG THE SILK ENDS you may find lots of bits to fill in just where you need them.

JACKET CLOTH ENDS are just the thing to make a coat for the girl you could not fit in a ready made.

ODD SHIRT WAISTS, some are going at 50 cents, that were \$1.00 early in season

STAPLE DEPARTMENT ENDS, hundreds in the lot. Some are Steamlooms, Sheetings and Pillow Cottons. Staple Flannelette and Wrapperette ends, a few tickings and art sateens, not many print ends but all we have are out.

## FUR MUFFS. (GROUND FLOOR.)

We have altogether too many and if big reductions in price will do it we ought to say good bye to them all in double quick time. Russian Lamb, (black) \$3.50 for \$1.50; Raccoon, \$4.00 for \$2.50; Genuine Seal, (small size) \$10.00 for \$4.00; Beaver, \$10.00 for \$2.50; Grey Lamb, \$4.00 for \$2.00; Black Marten, \$8.50 for \$6.80 and \$6.00 for \$4.80.

## WHITE WOOL BLANKETS. (FIRST FLOOR)

We have a few pairs that have become slightly soiled in handling, so we have made the price lower to make up for the imperfection. Our White Blankets all come to us direct from woolen mills. That's why we can give you such a large blanket as we do for \$12.22, and \$2.62 a pair.

**GREAT CLEARING SALE**

We have altogether too many and if big reductions in price will do it we ought to say good-bye to them all in double quick Russian Lamb, (black) \$3.50 for \$1.50; Raccoon, \$4.00 for \$2.50; Genuine Seal, (small size) \$10.00 for \$4.00; Beaver, \$10.00 for Grey Lamb, \$4.00 for \$2.00; Black Marten, \$8.50 for \$6.50 and \$6.00 for \$4.80.

## WHITE WOOL BLANKETS. (FIRST FLOOR)

We have a few pairs that have become slightly soiled in handling, so we have made the price lower to make up for the fiction. Our White Blankets all come to us direct from woolen mills. That's why we can give you such a large blanket as we do for \$2.22, and \$2.62 a pair.

# GREAT CLEARING SALE.

## Men's and Boys' Ready-to-wear Suits, Overcoats, F Jackets, Ulsters, Pants and Underwear.

We are making prices on all our Men's and Boy's Ready-to-wear goods, that are sure to clear out the balance of our stock short order. We are looking forward and planning for the biggest Spring and Summer trade that we have ever had in the history business. We don't want a single garment of the old stock left. If price will do it we will clear them out before stock taking. assortment is large but we don't want them a day longer than it takes you to come and get them.

THE PROGRESSIVE  
DRY GOODS STORE.

# THE ROBINSON COMPANY

The Always Busy Store

## Great JANUARY CLEARING Sale!

DISCOUNTS FROM 10 TO 50 PER CENT.

A few more of the Bargains hundreds are waiting for:—

44-piece French China Tea Set \$12.50	now \$6.50
44-piece Decorated China Tea Set \$8.50	now 6.00
44-piece Edge Line Sprig Tea Set \$7.50	now 5.00
44-piece White and Gold China Tea Set \$7.50	now 5.00
44-piece Printed Sets \$7.00	now 3.50
10-piece Chamber Sets \$7.00	now 3.50
10-piece Chamber Sets \$8.50	now 5.00
White and Gold Cups and Saucers \$1.40	now 1.20
Decorated Cups and Saucers \$1.40	now 1.20
White Stone Cups and Saucers \$1.20	now .90
White Stone Cups and Saucers \$1.00	now .80
White Stone Covered Dishes 75c	now .25
White Stone Covered Dishes 85c	now .35
Glass Covered Bowls, 7-inch, 45c	now .25
Glass Open Bowls, 8-inch, 40c	now .25
Glass Lamps 25c	now .20
Glass Lamps 35c	now .25
Glass Lamps 50c	now .35

and many other lines too numerous to mention will be sold at discounts as above.

I will also offer all lines of Groceries, Fruit, Canned Goods, etc., at equally low prices.

# WM. COXALL.

### APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by The Pacific and Atlantic Railway Company to the Parliament of the Province of Ontario, at the next session thereof, for an Act to extend the times for the commencement and completion of the said Company's Railway for three years beyond the respective periods fixed thereby by the Act passed in the 63rd year of Her late Majesty's reign, chaptered 120.

N. W. HOWELL,  
Solicitor for the Applicants.

Dated at Toronto, Ontario, this 1st day of December, A.D. 1901.

## FURS!

Furs made and remodelled in first-class style. Prices reasonable and work guaranteed. Heads and trimmings for sale.

MRS. GEO. ROBINSON

Corner of Richard and Mill Sts. 44dmp

### EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Eleanor Shorey, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, married woman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 38, of Chapter 129, R. S. O. 1897, that all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said Eleanor Shorey, deceased, who died on or about 24th December, 1901, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to the undersigned solicitors for Rufus Albertus Shorey and Bowen Ebenezer Aylsworth, executors of the last will and testament of the said Eleanor Shorey, deceased, on or before the 9th day of February, 1902, their christian and surnames and addresses with full particulars, in writing, of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them duly verified by statutory declaration.

And take notice that after the said 9th day of February, 1902, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and the said executors will not be liable for said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them or their solicitors at the time of such distribution.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,

Solicitors for the said Executors.

Dated at Napanee this 2nd day of January, 1902.

DR. PERRY GOLDSMITH, Belleville, late Senior Registrar and House Surgeon, Central London Nose, Throat and Ear Hospital, and Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Morfield's Eye Hospital and Chief Clinical Assistant of the throat and ear department of the West End Hospital for diseases of the nervous system, London, Eng., will be at Paisley House, the third Monday in every month for consultation on diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Hours 12 to 4.

FOR SALE—FRUIT FARM—TWO miles from Trenton, close to railway station, County Northumberland, consisting of fifty-three acres, modern brick house, good barn, hen house and windmill, two thousand apple, pear, cherry and plum trees, all bearing; five acres raspberries, currants & gooseberries, four acres of grapes, all in the best state of cultivation; land sandy loam and clay loam. Will sell with or without chattels. Terms easy for quick sale—possession at once. For particulars address W. A. WATKIN, Box 18, Trenton, Ontario.

January, 1902.

### APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made by Hon. Sir Richard J. Cartwright, G. C. M. G., of the City of Ottawa, Albert L. Jewell, of the City of Boston, Banker; Cornelius Bermingham, of the City of Kingston, Manufacturer; Horace N. Smith, of the City of Salem, Manufacturer; Robert J. Carson, of the City of Kingston, Merchant; George E. Smith, of the City of Boston, Electrician; and John Carson, of the City of Kingston, Merchant, to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, at its next session for an Act to incorporate The Ontario Electric Company with power and authority to construct and work a Railway operated by electricity, compressed air or any other motive power, except steam, from a point at or near the Town of Cornwall to a point at or near the City of Toronto, passing through the Townships of Cornwall, Osnaburgh, Williamsburg, Matilda, Edwardsburg, Augusta, Elizabethtown, Yonge, Escot, Landdowne, Leeds, Pittsburgh, Kingston, Ernestown, North Frederickburg, Richmond, Tyndinaga, Thurlow, Sidney, Murray, Brighton, Cramahoe, Haldimand, Hamilton Hope, Clark, Darlington, East Whitby, West Whitby, Pickering, Scarborough, East York and West York, and also from a point at or near the City of Ottawa to a point at or near the Town of Brockville, passing through the Townships of Gloucester, Nepean, North Gower, Marlborough, Oxford, Walford, Montague, North and South Elmsley, Kitley, Yonge and Elizabethtown, and in so passing through or touching at the various incorporated Cities, Towns and Villages directly in the route, with power to build branches or extensions from the said main lines not exceeding in each case thirty miles.

The said Railway to be subject to the provisions of the Electric Railway Act, as far as applicable to the Special Act.

JOHN L. WHITING,  
SOLICITOR FOR APPLICANTS.  
Kingston, the 27th day of November, 1901.

Over 1,000 parcels are lost every day on British railways.



Wartman & Sons  
DENTISTS.

Graduates Royal College, & Toronto University over License.

Visits Tanworth, at Wheeler's on Monday of each month, remaining over All other Mondays at Yarker.

### NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING—OF THE—

Napanee Cemetery Commission

will be held in the  
Town Hall, on

Monday, January 2

at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m.

All are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the President, M. S.

4b J. J. PERRY, Sec.

### Addington Election

PUBLIC MEETING

in the interest of

F. S. WARTMAN

will be held as follows:

MOUNTAIN GROVE, Friday, J

VERONA, Saturday, Jan. 1

The meetings will be addressed  
Wartman and other prominent speakers.

\* Meetings open at 7.30 o'clock p.m.

An opportunity will be given  
Every or any one in his behalf  
to the meetings.

"God Save the King."

Take your load of grain Tuesday, Monday, Thursday, Wednesday, Saturday next to Close's Mills. You will get the grinding done with mill JAS. A.

# NEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, JANUARY 10th, 1902.

The store that serves  
u best to-day is the  
ore that expects to serve  
u in the future.  
It can't afford to sell a  
or thing.

Coats.

nd Child's cloth coat that we

CE.

LESS TO PAY that's all  
rter coat and we believe the  
ve do not believe in carrying  
ice to you is BE ON HAND

e quantity of them and were  
ents each. Not more than

Wait on yourself if you

it lengths.

r made.

Pillow Cottons Stacks of

em all in double quick time.  
; Beaver, \$10.00 for \$2.50;

r to make up for the imper-  
blanket as we do for \$2.15,

## HOCKEY

Notes From the - - -  
Quinte District League.

The Executive Committee met in the Public Library rooms on Saturday night to draw up the schedule and discuss other important matters. The application of the Quinter, of Belleville, for admission to the league was refused, because the application had not been forwarded in the regular way. There are five clubs now in the league, viz.:—Rambler and Bicycle Club, of Kingston; Deseronto, Picton and Napanee. The first home game of the local team takes place this (Friday) evening, the Ramblers being their opponents. The boys are practicing diligently and are in even better form than last year when they won the cup. A good crowd should turn out and give them encouragement to win. Following is the schedule:—

At Napanee—Rambler, Jan. 10; Deseronto, Jan. 21; Picton, Feb. 7; Bicycle Club, Feb. 14.

At Deseronto—Picton, Jan. 17; Napanee, Feb. 3; Rambler, Feb. 14; Bicycle Club, Feb. 25.

At Picton—Deseronto, Jan. 9; Bicycle Club, Jan. 21; Rambler, Feb. 19; Napanee, Feb. 28.

At Rambler—Napanee, Jan. 24; Deseronto, Jan. 31; Bicycle Club, Feb. 3; Picton, Feb. 12.

At Bicycle Club—Rambler, Jan. 15; Picton, Jan. 27; Napanee, Feb. 21; Deseronto, Feb. 28.

### MODEL SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

Honor Roll For December.

#### WEST WARD.

Entrance (A)—I Woodcock, W Kenny, H Anderson, E Vanastine, C Smith, F Stevens, G Calder, B Whittington, R Daly, L Graham, E Sobey, C McKim, H Bellhouse, N Gault.

Entrance (B)—M Shrey, D Rose, P Meeks, I McKim, K Vane, S Brown, F Lewis, M Norris, G Smith, G Gambler, H Rockwell, H Proyn, C Milligan, M Vanalstine, C Conway, W Vanliven, H Benson, W Perry, C McIntyre, G Vine.

Jr. IV—E Coates, M Simpson, A Miles, C M B Conway, O Smith, A Simpson, E Frizzell, L Milligan, K Wagar, G Savage, G O'Beirne, B Wagar, A Paul, P Vanalstine, B Baughan.

Sr. III—M Miller, M Vrooman, H Gleeson, A Holmes, C Knight, W Craig, W Wilson, W Buchanan, M Wilson, L Rockwell, S Bartlett, M Paul, D Tobey, W Vanalstine, N Wheeler, M Bell, H Vanliven, J Loucks.

Jr. III—H Gibbard, R Kelly, R Asselstine, J Gibson, E Douglas, F Bartlett, S McGuinness, A Storme.

Sr. II—N Davis, J Murphy, F Mills, V Vanalstine, S Anderson, Z Parks.

Jr. II—M Stark, M Hamilton, M Bartlett, H Gordon, M Nolan, R Dinner, L Scott, A Brown, D Gibson, H Wilson, B Conger, F Savage.

Pt. II—G Miller, D Vallean, G Anderson, L Loucks, M Gibson, H Hardy, J Wilson, S Kingsbury, F Brown, T Evans, A Moore, B Bennett, M Rankin, D Smith.

## BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Etc.,

Call and see our stock. Also dealers in Coal, Salt, Land Plaster Portland Cement, Mill Wood, Cordwood, etc.

## THE RATHBUN COMPANY.

We DO NOT measure the tongue on our matched lumber or siding.

## We Have the Finest Line

of Evaporated Peaches, Prunes, Apricots and Dry Berries Also preserved in glass: Peaches, Raspberries and Strawberries. Breakfast Foods—Rolled Oats, Wheat, Germ Wheat, Wheat Marrow, Granola, Grape Nuts, Life Chips, Farinosa, Swiss Food, Malt Breakfast Food and Shredded Wheat Biscuit. We have Peach, Apricot, Strawberry, Raspberry, Plum and Currant Jam in 25c and 50c tins. This is the finest stock put up in the market. We have all lines of the best package Teas—Blue Ribbon, Salada, Ross and Tetley's, also the best and most carefully selected Tea in bulk. Our 25c Tea is the best in town for the money. Canned Meats for tea or light lunch, Corned Beef, English Brawn, Sliced Smoked Beef, Potted Ham, Chipped Dried Beef, Boned Chicken, Turkey and Pork Tenderloin. Meat Market in connection—all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats, also all game in season. Fancy Selected Oysters, always fresh, as we have them come tri-weekly.

## J. F. SMITH.

### PERSONALS.

Mr. Erdman Marquardt, of Denbigh, is in town looking up old friends. He gave us a call on Thursday.

The Bishop of Ontario, at the request of the parishioners of Bath, has formally appointed the acting rector, Rev. F. T. Dibb, to be rector in succession to the late Canon Tane.

Miss Martha Bell, of Patterson, N.J., was calling on friends in Napanee on Tuesday last.

Mr. George W. Crombie, of Kingsbury, Que., was the guest of Mr. Chas. Wilson a few days this week.

Miss Maggie O'Neil spent last week the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fred Bell, Deseronto.

Mrs. W. E. Smith, of Theesalon, A'gom, arrived in town Wednesday, on an extended visit with friends in Lennox County. She was accompanied by her little son, Joseph.

Mrs. Harry Vandervoort will hold her post nuptial reception on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

Mr. Will F. Carson and wife, of Killarney, Man., are expected here to-day to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Carson, South Napanee.

Mrs. Frank Smith, of Winnipeg, is visiting friends and relatives in town.

Miss Gaudy, of Toronto, is spending the winter in town the guest of her sister, Mrs. T. A. Huffman, Bridge St.

Mr. and Mrs. McNaughton, Mrs. Burritt and Dr. Burton, of Napanee, attended the ball at the Quinte Hotel, Belleville, on Tuesday night.

D. S. Warner returned from Toronto on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Evans and little daughter, Marion, of Switzerville, left on Monday for Winnipeg, Man. Mr. Evans has rented his farm.

Dr. Fred Warner, of Toronto, came to

## DR. WAUGH, DENTIST.

163 PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON.

WILL VISIT ODESSA

2nd MONDAY OF EACH MONTH.

### PRICES:

A Set of Teeth for .....	\$6 00
A Gold Filling .....	1 00
A Silver Filling .....	50
A Cement Filling .....	25

PAINLESS EXTRACTION 25c.

ALL WORK FULLY GUARANTEED. 50tf

### A MATTER OF TEMPERAMENT

"The day is fine" quoth Mary Jane; "Yet, lest it should come on to rain, My waterproof and umbrella And rubber shoes I'll take as well; For, though these may be troublesome In case the showers do not come, Methinks 'twere better, after all, To be prepared, lest worse befall."

"The day is fair," cried Jeanne Marie; "The day is fair—ah, tres-joli! My gayest hat, my prettiest dress, I shall put on. What happiness! But if it rains—well, what of that? I'll get another dress and hat! Ah, but I'll look so fresh and gay The sun will have to shine all day!" —Alice Reid in Harper's

### FLAVOR IN FOODS.

This Quality Is as Much a Necessity as Is Nutrition.




em all in double quick time.  
; Beaver, \$10.00 for \$2.50;

to make up for the imper-  
: blanket as we do for \$2.15,

# rcoats, Pea ear.

the balance of our stock in  
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## ie Always Busy Store.

**Wartman Bros.,**  
DENIISTS.  
Royal College, & Toronto University  
Office over L. Xsee's.  
Tan: worth, at Wheeler's hotel, first  
of each month, remaining over Tuesday.  
Mondays at Yarker.

CE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING  
—OF THE—  
panee Cemetery Co.'y  
will be held in the  
Town Hall, on  
day, January 20th,  
at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m.  
e cordially invited to attend.  
der of the President, M. S. Madole.  
J. J. PERRY, Sec.-Treas.

## dington Election.

UBLIC MEETINGS  
in the interest of  
**S. WARTMAN**  
will be held as follows:  
TAIN GROVE, Friday, Jan. 10th  
IRONA, Saturday, Jan. 11th  
meetings will be addressed by Mr.  
in and other prominent speakers.  
ngs open at 7 30 o'clock p.m.  
ppportunity will be given to Mr.  
r any one in his behalf to address  
tings.  
"God Save the King."  
your load of grain Tuesday, Fri-  
day, Thursday, Wednesday or  
y next to Close's Mills. There you  
the grinding done with mill stones.  
JAS. A. CLOSE.

Gleeson, A. Holmes, C. Knight, W. Craig,  
W. Wilson, W. Buchanan, M. Wilson, L.  
Rockwell, S. Bartlett, M. Paul, D. Tobey,  
W. Vanalstine, N. Wheeler, M. Bell, H. Van-  
luven, J. Loucks.  
Sr. II—H. Gibbard, R. Kelly, R. Assel-  
stine, J. Gibson, E. Douglas, F. Bartlett, S.  
McGuinness, A. Storms.  
Sr. II—N. Davis, J. Murphy, F. Mills, V.  
Vanalstine, S. Anderson, Z. Parks.  
Sr. II—M. Stark, M. Hamilton, M.  
Bartlett, H. Gordon, M. Nolan, R. Dinner,  
L. Scott, A. Brown, D. Gibson, H. Wilson, B.  
Conger, F. Savage.  
Pt. II—G. Miller, D. Vallean, G. Ander-  
son, L. Loucks, M. Gibson, H. Hardy, J.  
Wilson, S. Kingsbury, F. Brown, T. Evans,  
A. Moore, B. Bennett, M. Rankin, D. Smith.  
Sr. Pt. I—J. Baker, E. Root, A. Bellhouse,  
L. Hill, G. Masters, C. Herrington.  
Sr. Pt. I—N. Waller, E. Woodcock, A.  
Sanford, E. Gleeson, A. R. Reid, W. Babcock,  
B. Hearns.  
EAST WARD.  
Jr. III—L. Merrin, M. Dryden, E. Birrell,  
F. Pearson, L. Kinley, W. Laird, S. Corn-  
wall, W. Hunter.  
Sr. II—W. Meagher, L. Sheppard, V.  
McLaughlin, B. Loucks, J. Vine, M. Arm-  
strong, R. Craig, G. Deshane, M. Rikley, R.  
Crouch.  
Jr. II—G. Dryden, J. Babcock, E. Morden,  
C. Cornwall, G. Oliver, W. Meng, M.  
Trumper, F. Blair, R. Root, L. Graham, N.  
Kelley.  
Sr. Pt. II—L. VanValkenburgh, M. Mc-  
Millan, H. Vanalstine, A. Cowan, E. Giroux,  
M. Hurst, R. Vanalstine, G. Dickinson, G.  
Ward, P. Giroux, M. Paul, H. Crouch.  
Jr. Pt. II—W. Meagher, E. Laidley, P.  
Pendell, M. Hurst, B. Simpson, C. Norris,  
M. Meagher, A. Bland.  
Pt. I—G. Wilson, C. Cowan, A. Moore.

"To what," sked the young woman  
with the notebook, "do you attribute  
your remarkable power in training  
these animals and keeping them in  
subjection?"  
"Well," replied Mlle. Castella, the  
lady wonder of the arena, "I think I  
inherited it from my mother. She was  
a strong minded woman. My father  
was a regular bear, and she had to  
subdue him about once a day as long as  
she lived."  
They Hold More.  
"Do you ever wish you were a girl?"  
asked the visitor who was waiting in  
the reception room.  
"Only at Christmas time," answered  
the boy, who was lingering in the door-  
way.  
"Why do you wish it then?"  
"Because of the stockings they wear,"  
was the prompt reply.

**Wood For Sale!**  
Hard and Soft Wood de-  
livered to any part of the  
town. Also a fresh line of  
Groceries always on hand.  
**S. CASEY DENISON.**

**MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE  
FARM BY PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
Under and by virtue of the power of sale con-  
tained in a certain mortgage which will be pro-  
duced at the time of sale, there will be sold on  
MONDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF FEBRUARY,  
1902, at the Court House, in the Town of Nap-  
anee, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon,  
the following lands:—All and singular that  
certain parcel or tract of land and premises  
situate, lying and being in the Township of  
Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addin-  
gton, and Province of Ontario, being composed  
of the east h. If of lot number forty-three, in the  
ninth concession of the said Township, of Cam-  
den, containing by admeasurement, one hundred  
acres, be the same more or less.  
This farm is about three miles from the Vil-  
lage of Enterprise and convenient to a good  
school. On the premises are erected a dwelling  
house and barn.  
For further particulars apply to  
**JOHN ENGLISH,**  
Vendor's Solicitor.  
Dated at Napanee, January 6th, 1902 4d

for, though these may be troublesome.  
In case the showers do not come,  
Methinks 'twere better, after all,  
To be prepared, lest worse befall."

Mrs. Frank Smith, of Winnipeg, is  
visiting friends and relatives in town.  
Miss Gaudy, of Toronto, is spending  
the winter in town the guest of her sister,  
Mrs. T. A. Huffman, Bridge St.  
Mr. and Mrs. McNaughton, Mrs. Burritt  
and Dr. Burton, of Napanee, attended the  
ball at the Quinte hotel, Belleville, on  
Tuesday night.  
D. S. Warner returned from Toronto on  
Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Evans and little  
daughter, Marion, of Switzerville, left on  
Monday for Winnipeg, Man. Mr. Evans  
has rented his farm.  
Dr. Fred Warner, of Toronto, came to  
Napanee on Saturday, and returned home  
on Sunday.  
Miss Edith Downey returned to her  
home in Whitby on Monday, after visiting  
friends in town for a couple of weeks.  
Mr. Walter S. Gordanier left on Monday  
to resume his studies at Queen's.  
We are pleased to say that Mrs. Z. A.  
Vanluven is improving.  
Miss Maude Vine spent Thursday last  
the guest of Miss Florence Galt, Hawley.  
Mrs. Kelley and Miss Mitchell spent  
Sunday last in Erinville.  
Mr. P. McMullen, of Montreal, is spend-  
ing a month the guest of his sister, Mrs.  
A. J. Killoran.  
Miss Galt, accompanied by Miss Alcom-  
brack, returned to Flinton on Saturday.  
Miss Maggie McGonn spent Wednesday  
and Thursday the guest of Mrs. McCall,  
Strathcona.  
Miss Ada Smith returned to Belleville  
this week to resume her studies at Albion  
college.  
Miss Galt and May Alcombrack, Flin-  
ton; Annie York, and Miss Close Tam-  
worth; Mr. Miller and Mr. Galt spent  
Friday last the guest of Miss Maude Vine.  
Mr. J. D. Gilbert, of Picton, was in town  
on Tuesday.  
Miss Alice Neilson, milliner, of Aylmer,  
arrived home on Monday to spend the holi-  
days with her mother, Mrs. Neilson, John  
street.  
Mr. Geo. Rose and family, of Lander,  
Man., are spending the winter in town.  
Mr. Will Perry, who has been sailing on  
the upper lakes during the summer months,  
arrived in town last week to spend the  
winter with his father, Mr. James Perry,  
Bridge street.  
Mr. John Allen left on Monday to resume  
his studies at Queen's.  
Mr. J. F. McAlister, of Toronto, former-  
ly merchant here, was in town on Wednes-  
day.  
Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Vandervoort arrived  
home on Saturday from their honeymoon  
in the west.  
Mr. Reub. Richardson, a former well-  
known conductor on the B. of Q. railway,  
was visiting his father, Mr. James Rich-  
ardson, and sister, Mrs. Robt. Smith, last  
week.  
Mr. Daniel Higley, an elderly gentleman  
living on Mill street, had the misfortune to  
fall a week ago Saturday and received a  
severe shaking up. He suffered a stroke  
some two years ago and, having never fully  
recovered from its effects, slight hopes are  
entertained for his recovery.

Stock Taking Sale now going on at  
Boyle & Son's. All goods such as lamps  
and coal stoves sold at reduced prices.  
ODESSA.  
The township election took place on  
Monday, the following gentlemen being  
elected for 1902:—Reeve—J. F. Dawson.  
Councillors—L. L. Gallagher, T. Clyde,  
J. F. Aylsworth, J. F. Baker.  
Rumor says a wedding in the near future.  
B. Derbyshire has sold his property,  
known as the Day estate, to Wm. Gordon.  
Geo. Hicks has moved his family back  
here from St. Catharines.

**Children Cry for  
CASTORIA.**

**FLAVOR IN FOODS.**  
This Quality Is as Much a Necessity  
as Is Nutrition.  
Chemists tell us that cheese is one of  
the most nutritious and at the same  
time one of the cheapest of foods. Its  
nutritive value is greater than meat,  
while its cost is much less. But this  
chemical aspect of the matter does not  
express the real value of the cheese as  
a food. Cheese is eaten not because of  
its nutritive value as expressed by the  
amount of proteids, fats and carbohy-  
drates that it contains, but always be-  
cause of its flavor.  
Now, physiologists do not find that  
flavor has any food value. They teach  
over and over again that our foodstuffs  
are proteids, fats and carbohydrates and  
that as food flavor plays absolutely no  
part. But at the same time they tell us  
that the body would be unable to live  
upon these foodstuffs were it not for  
the flavors. If one were compelled to  
eat pure food without flavors, like the  
white of an egg, it is doubtful whether  
one could for a week at a time consume  
a sufficiency of food to supply his bodily  
needs. Flavor is as necessary as nu-  
triment. It gives a zest to the food and  
thus enables us to consume it properly,  
and, secondly, it stimulates the glands  
to secrete, so that the foods may be  
satisfactorily digested and assimilated.  
The whole art of cooking, the great  
development of flavoring products, the  
high prices paid for special foods like  
lobsters and oysters—these and numer-  
ous other factors connected with food  
supply and production are based solely  
upon this demand for flavor. Flavor is  
a necessity, but it is not particularly  
important what the flavor may be. This  
is shown by the fact that different peo-  
ples have such different tastes in this  
respect. The garlic of the Italian and  
the red pepper of the Mexican serve  
the same purpose as the vanilla which  
we put in our ice cream, and all play  
the part of giving a relish to the food  
and stimulating the digestive organs to  
proper activity.—Professor H. W. Corn  
in Popular Science Monthly.

Rules of grammar cannot give us a  
mastery of language, rules of rhetoric  
cannot make us eloquent. Rules of con-  
duct cannot make us good.—Aphorisms  
and Reflections.  
**THE POPULAR DRUG STORE.**  
Strict attention to every detail of the  
Drug business, low prices, and giving our  
people just the thing they ask for, have all  
contributed to make our establishment the  
popular drug store of the town. Phy-  
sicians prescriptions filled with accuracy  
and dispatch. We invite you to call and  
examine our large stock of Perfumes and  
new Toilet preparations.  
\*PAIN'S CLEARY COMPOUND  
At this time when thousands are suffer-  
ing from headache, nervousness, dyspepsia,  
impure blood, liver complaint and kidney  
troubles, we can strongly recommend  
Paine's Celery Compound. This wonder-  
ful medicine is the prescription of an  
eminent physician. Try one bottle; it  
will give you cheering results. Our stock  
of Paine's Celery Compound is always  
fresh.  
DETLOF & WALLACE, Druggists,  
Napanee, Ont.



# BIRDS ON THE WING.

POLKA RONDO.

BY EDUARD HOLST.

The main musical score is written for piano and features a polka rondo style. It consists of eight systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), and *cres.* (crescendo). There are also markings for *rit.* (ritardando) and *marcato il canto.* The piece concludes with a double bar line.

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This block contains the continuation of the musical score from the previous page. It includes systems 9 through 12. The notation continues with treble and bass staves, maintaining the same key signature and time signature. It includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *mf*, and *f*. The piece ends with a final cadence. At the bottom right, it says "Page in Stage.-2."

## HOUSEHOLD.

TESTED RECIPES.

Potatoes a la Parkerhouse.—Add one beaten egg to a pint of hot

ice. When it begins to thicken cover the bottom of a deep agate pan with one-half an inch thickness of the jelly; set it in a cool place, and when firm lay in the prunes and then add the remainder of the jelly. When firm dip an instant in hot water, or, better still, wrap the outside with a cloth wrung out of hot water; place a dish over the top, invert the mold and the jelly will slip out. This dish is prettier garnished with whipped cream, but it is

occasionally, or it will crust on top. To find out whether poultry is tender or otherwise, pinch the skin. If it adheres to the flesh the bird is tough; if it leaves the flesh, it is tender. Never parboil a turkey before roasting. It takes from the flavor of the meat. In preparing a salad, wash what ever green is used very carefully, and see to it that it is dried perfectly. A few wet lettuce leaves, or celery, not entirely dry, will let enough mois-

## DAWSON IS A MODERN (

A WOMAN'S VIEW OF MINING METROPOLIS.

One Might as Well Be Wit Pick and Shovel as a Dress Suit.

Mrs. H. M. Lockwood, who came from Dawson City, Yukon

# HOUSEHOLD.

## TESTED RECIPES.

**Potatoes a la Parkehouse.**—Add one beaten egg to a pint of hot mashed potatoes, season with one teaspoonful of salt and six dashes of pepper. Roll in a teaspoonful of flour, then form into balls; press these out rather thin, place a teaspoonful of finely minced and seasoned meat on the potato cake, covering only one-half, fold over and press the edges together; place in a buttered baking pan in the oven until a nice brown. Serve with brown sauce. Garnish with parsley. (A bit of green about the food in the dishes and a few flowers on the table are not pieces of foolishness; they are merely a touch of refinement which increases the pleasure of the diner.)

**Twentieth Century Waffles.**—Mix together just before time for baking the following ingredients: A pint of sweet milk, half a cup of melted butter, the well-beaten yolks of two eggs and the whites well beaten. Use just enough flour to make a soft batter (about a pint) sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a teaspoonful heaping of salt. Beat the batter hard and cook a few minutes and bake immediately. Serve hot with syrup or shaved maple sugar.

**Baked Macaroni and Tomato.**—Boil half a pound of macaroni until tender; drain and rinse quickly in cold water; place upon a board and with a sharp knife cut into inch lengths. Butter a bake dish and cover the bottom with macaroni; dot with bits of butter, a dash of paprika, two shakes of salt, a few drops of onion juice and scatter over it a spoonful of Parmesan cheese. Upon this lay a stratum of stewed, seasoned and strained tomatoes, and thus proceed until the dish is full. Cover with tomato sauce and sift fine crumbs over all with bits of butter on top. A cupful of the sauce is required. Bake, covered, half an hour, then brown.

**Sauce for the Above.**—Stew a cupful of canned tomatoes with a teaspoonful of grated onion and one-half teaspoonful of mixed cloves and mace (ground). Make a brown roux of a tablespoonful each of butter and flour; when smooth add the stewed tomatoes, cook one minute and rub through a colander. Invert the macaroni upon a deep dish, pour the sauce over it, set it in the oven a moment and serve. Send around grated cheese with it.

**Turnips and Carrots a la Parisienne.**—Cut both vegetables into small balls like marbles with a potato gouge. Boil the balls tender, the carrots in one saucepan, the turnips in another; drain and mix them in a deep dish. To a pint of the balls add a half-teaspoonful of salt, the same of butter and six shakes of pepper, or cover them with a white sauce.

**Jellied Prunes.**—Wash one pound of prunes in two waters and soak twenty-four hours in cold water to cover. Place them (in this water) in an agate saucepan and slice in a small lemon freed from seeds. Simmer slowly until tender. (Boiling spoils any evaporated fruit.) Cool and remove pits; soak one-half box of sparkling gelatin in one cup of cold water twenty minutes, then add one scant pint of boiling water, one cup of sugar; stir carefully, having the vessel set in a pan of cracked

ice. When it begins to thicken cover the bottom of a deep agate pan with one-half an inch thickness of the jelly; set it in a cool place, and when firm lay in the prunes and then add the remainder of the jelly. When firm dip an instant in hot water, or, better still, wrap the outside with a cloth wrung out of hot water; place a dish over the top, invert the mold and the jelly will slip out. This dish is prettier garnished with whipped cream, but it is omitted in this menu, owing to the prevailing high prices of butter and eggs. Prunes properly served and cooked are an addition to the table. They are highly appreciated when their value is known. They come now in specially prepared cartons, are large and clean, moderate in price and are a healthful and economical dessert.

## SUGGESTIONS AS TO EATING.

You should avoid eating immediately after a strong corporal or mental exertion. You may thereby interfere considerably with your digestive apparatus. Strong emotions, fear, excitement, sorrow and fright, prevent the secretion of gastric juice, and it is therefore advisable to abstain from eating immediately after any such occurrence.

After your meal you should avoid any strong corporal exertion, and also abstain from any mental strain.

It is very advisable to have a short after-dinner nap, if possible. A healthy person always has an inclination to close his eyes and sleep a little after his dinner, writes Dr. Weil, and if you observe the dumb animals, they do the same.

But this after-dinner nap should not be extended too long, never longer than an hour, otherwise, instead of being refreshed thereby, one will be tired and lazy.

To persons who suffer from stomach complaints and disorders, it is not advisable to take an afternoon nap. They generally, if they have indulged in an after-dinner nap, feel out of sorts, and are bad-tempered in consequence.

It is of almost importance not to retire to bed immediately after supper. At least two to three hours should elapse before going to bed. The more copious the last meal the longer time one should wait before retiring.

Never compel or force anyone to eat! There is no food in the whole world which is just as tasteful to everybody or that will agree equally well with everyone.

With children the following rule should be observed: Never force a child to fill its stomach or satisfy its hunger with any food which it dislikes, but only an attempt should be made to get the child gradually used to the food in question.

For this purpose it is not necessary that the child should eat large quantities of this food, but a little will do.

The old saying, "The child should eat that which comes upon the table," should be altered thus: Let the child taste of everything which comes upon the table, but let it satisfy its hunger with the food which it likes.

## HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

It is a good deal of trouble to "stew down" a pumpkin for pies, as it must be stirred almost constantly toward the last to keep it from sticking to the kettle and burning. One may simplify matters a little by putting the pumpkin into a buttered pan or pudding dish, or even into the spider, and finishing it in the oven, where it must cook slowly. Of course, it must be stirred here,

occasionally, or it will crust on top.

To find out whether poultry is tender or otherwise, pinch the skin. If it adheres to the flesh the bird is tough; if it leaves the flesh, it is tender. Never parboil a turkey before roasting. It takes from the flavor of the meat.

In preparing a salad, wash whatever green is used very carefully, and see to it that it is dried perfectly. A few wet lettuce leaves, or celery, not entirely dry, will let enough moisture gather in the bottom of the salad bowl to ruin the best dressing ever made.

## SCRAP BASKET.

Peach baskets painted inside and out with white enamelled paint make natty scrap baskets. These require bands of ribbon run in and out of the upright slats of the basket, fastened with a bow; but as ribbon is expensive and not always at hand with the average farmer's wife some bright strips of silk from the piece bag will do quite as well if nicely hemmed on the edges so no ravellings show. These bright bands running around the baskets fastened in two bows on the sides make an attractive basket, contrasting with the white enamelled paint, and look particularly well in a bedroom.

## SIMPLE HOME CURES.

This is the time when colds are the most troublesome. For a harsh, dry cough take two lemons, peel them and take all the white skin off; cut in thin slices and lay in a granite dish with half a cup of water and sugar enough to make a thick syrup, or, better yet, a jelly. Give a teaspoonful every hour or two for the first day, then give castor oil or castoria for physic.

For burns and scalds take one ounce of camphor gum and two ounces of lard and melt together. Set away in a bottle to cool. This is also good for chapped hands, lips, etc.

## THE JURYMAN WAS RIGHT.

A funny story is related of a jurymen, who outwitted a judge, and that without telling an untruth. He came breathlessly into the court:

"Oh, your lord, if you can excuse me, pray do. I don't know which will die first—my wife or my daughter."

"Fear me, that's sad," said the innocent judge. "Certainly; you are excused."

The next day the jurymen was met by a friend, who, in a sympathetic voice asked:

"How's your wife?"

"She's all right, thank you."

"And your daughter?"

"She's all right, too. Why do you ask?"

"Why, yesterday you said that you did not know which would die first."

"Nor do I. That is a problem that time alone can solve."

A father, fearing an earthquake in the region of his home, sent his two boys to a distant friend until the peril should be over. A few weeks after the father received this letter from his friend:—"Please take your boys home and send down the earthquake."

Witness—"He looked me straight in the eye and— Lawyer—"There sir, you flatly contradicted your former statement!" Witness—"How so?" Lawyer—"You said before that he bent his gaze on you, and now you'll please explain how he could look you straight in the eye with a bent gaze!"

# DAWSON IS A MODERN

## A WOMAN'S VIEW OF MINING METROPOLIS

One Might as Well Be V  
Pick and Shovel as a D  
Suit.

Mrs. H. M. Lockwood, who comes from Dawson City, Yukon territory, is a guest at the Hotel Lish, at Indianapolis, with her son, a lad of 9 years. Mrs. Lockwood spent nearly four years (and of the yellow metal) enthusiastic over its prospect is one of the few women who staked off claims in the Klondike. Mrs. Lockwood left her Ne land home in 1889 and went Northwest, taking up a resic Tacoma. When the gold fever out in Alaska she determined her fortune there. She started Klondike with her boy, a chi years. In January, 1898 started by steamer for Dye Alaskan coast city, taking the Canal route. The steamer was ed on the voyage and driven gale onto the rocks. For four hours the passengers w great peril. During that tim Lockwood, with her little sor arms, clung to the deck, ex every moment to be washed a the waves that were being high by a terrific wind. Th omometer was 24 degrees belo but the heroic little woman on and finally saved herse child. They managed to reac destination and two years ag themselves in Dawson, the famous mining city in the wor

"Dawson is a thoroughly date place," said Mrs. Lo "A man might as well go country without his pick and as without a dress suit.

AT ST. ANDREW'S BA the great social event of tl there, I had the honor of lead grand march with William who was then Governor of Territory. Some of the co were very elaborate, and it i that the gown worn by one women was made in Paris at \$1,500 laid down in Dawson. gown was worn by Mrs. Al McDonald, whose husband is as the Klondike king. McD on one of the early settlers in country and struck it rich speaking of poor people who been lucky in the Klondike, I minded of an incident th place on a lake Bennett stea 1899. I was on the steamer a woman and her husband w going out of the country w 500,000 in gold dust. Dur conversation she said to I went in there a washer-wom am coming out a millionaire. "What's the first thing y going to do to enjoy yourse asked.

"I'm going to Paris and maid," she replied seriously. "The decorations at that d drew's day ball," continued Lockwood, "were very cla They had fashioned incan lights into American and flags, and I was told the deca cost in the neighborhood of There are three theatres in I running every night. One of theatres has what is called night' one night in the we family-night women and child go with perfect safety and pr I have never attended any other theatres and can't sa they are like. There ar

# PERSONAL GOSSIP.

## Notes of Interest About Some Leading People.

Lady Halle is said to possess the most valuable violin in the world. It is a Stradivarius which formerly belonged to Ernst, and is valued at \$10,000.

The King of Italy is making use of a novel means of defence against assassination. When he drives he is surrounded by six or eight bicyclists. At reviews the King's carriage is so surrounded by mounted guards that he is quite invisible.

The German Empress has the finest pearl necklace in existence. It contains three world-famous necklaces. One of them formerly belonged to the ex-queen of Naples and another adorned the image of the virgin of Atakha. The entire necklace is said to be worth \$500,000.

Before entering the army Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood gained distinction in the navy. As a "middy" he served in the Crimean War being present at the bombardment of Odessa and the blockade of Sebastopol. Afterwards Mr. Wood, who was only sixteen, distinguished himself with the Royal Naval Brigade at Balaklava and was made an aide-de-camp to his commanding officer. Severely wounded in the storming of the Redan, the young hero was invalided home, and narrowly missed the V.C. he succeeded in gaining a few years later as a cavalry officer in the Indian Mutiny.

A story told to illustrate the character of Sir Redvers Buller is worth repeating. During the last Nile campaign, while on board a river steamer descending some dangerous water in one of the lighter channels Sir Redvers entered into a discussion with Lord Charles Bessford as to the proper channel that should be taken. Each obstinately defended his own course, but in the end that which Sir Redvers recommended was adopted, with the result that the steamer got through without accident. "You see I was right," said Sir Redvers, triumphantly. "No, no, was the proper channel," that was mine too," coolly replied Lord Charles. "I only recommended it the other because I knew you would go against whatever I said."

King Edward was eight years old when he saw his first play, and the event is recorded in a Royal diary of the time. "Ed and I, and 'Cox' and 'Cox' were chosen for first night," wrote the late Duchess of Teck. "The theatre was well arranged, and the decorations and maps quite wonderfully arranged. The elder children appeared at the play, and the two boys were their kills. The two girls were on white satin, with pink bows and sashes. Prince's Royal wears her hair in a very becoming manner, and twisted up into a large curl, which is tucked into a dark blue or grey silk net which keeps it all very tidy and neat." Of the four children who laughed that night at "Box and Cox" only one is living now, and he reigns over the British Empire.

A characteristic story of the Czar's love of simplicity has been going the rounds of St. Petersburg lately. A certain lieutenant, who was in a perpetual state of impudency was one day seen riding in a train. The other officers of the regiment were furious at what they called an insult to the uniform, and determined to the extent that he had the option of either sending his papers or being cashed, and the unhappy substitution of the former alternative. Being he had time to do so, however, the Czar heard of the affair, and without a moment's delay, denied his colonel's appointment, the regiment in question and, saving being out of his power, landed a train and, entering it, sat calmly



## SON IS A MODERN CITY

### DRAN'S VIEW OF THE RISING METROPOLIS

Fight as Well Be Without  
ick and Shovel as a Dress  
Sout.

H. M. Leeward who notes

churches in Devon and the Navy  
tion Army has quarters there.  
There are also two public  
There is a one block of  
the town, the majority of  
tures being of ages. There are  
more pretensions for than  
in the city. The most  
are crowded to the doors at  
cave and they are  
their. Between 1900 and 1901  
400 children attend sch of in

## RICH ENGLISH ESTATES.

Upon Wh. h Death Duties Were  
levied During This Year.

The London Daily Mail Year Book  
for 1902 gives the following as an  
example of the country estates from  
are crowded to the doors at  
cave and they are  
their. Between 1900 and 1901  
400 children attend sch of in



The post-office in India not only collects and delivers letters, parcels, and other articles, but acts to a certain extent as a banker to the general public, sells quinine and salt, pays military pensions, and collects the revenue accruing to the government from land and other sources. But to the fertile brain of one of the oldest officers in the department is due the latest development in the work of the post-office. The Punjab post-office has come forward as an elementary teacher. It not only collects letters and delivers them, but teaches boys in elementary schools how to write them and address the covers.

## In All Ages God Has Honored Good Motherhood.

The proper feeding of laying and other poultry should be conducted on the same lines as other farm animals. There are similar losses and wastes as are found in mammals, and there is the same necessity for replacing and replenishing the tissues, fluids, etc., of the body. We must of necessity know the composition of the body of the fowl at the time of the egg, but after that we have to make new laws or new principles, but have made and adapt the knowledge we have from the investigations made on other animals to the hen, modify the feeds and rations to suit the question. The scientific rescues needed for, and urgently, too, is in ascertaining the digestibility of different foods fed to the hen, the cow, sheep, horse and swine. We have the digestive coefficient of most any food consumed, with the hen we have very few data with which to work; but a view of the great value of the poultry industry it should have more scientific attention.



tures and the righting of their wrongs? Not a kennel in all the centuries, not a bird's nest, not a herd freezing in the poorly built cowpen, not a freight car in summer time bringing the bees to market worn-out horse on towpath, not a miles of agony, not a surgeon's room witnessing the struggles of fox or rabbit or pigeon or dog in the horrors of vivisection but has an interest in the fact that Christ was born in a stable surrounded by brutes.

Standing then, as I imagine now I do, in that Bethlehem night, with an infant Christ on the one side and the speechless creatures of God on the other, I cry: "Look out how you strike the rowl into that horse's side; take off that curbed bit from that bleeding mouth; remove that saddle from that raw back; shoot not for fun that bird that is too small for food; forget not to put water into the cage of that canary; throw out some crumbs to those birds caught too far north in the winter's inclemency; arrest that man who is making that one horse draw a load heavy enough for three; rush in upon that scene where boys are torturing a cat or transfixing butterfly and grasshopper; drive not off that old robin, for her nest is a mother's cradle, and under her wing there may be three or four muskies of the sky in training." In your families and in your schools teach the coming generation more mercy than the present generation has ever shown and in this marvelous Bible picture of the nativity, while you point out to them the angel, show them also the camel, and while they hear the celestial chant let them also hear

#### THE COW'S MOAN.

Behold, also, in this Bible scene how on that Christmas night God honored childhood. Childhood was to be honored by that advent. He must have a child's light limbs and a child's beaming eye and a child's flaxen hair, and babyhood was to be honored for all time to come, and a cradle was to mean more than a grave. Mighty God! May the reflection of that one child's face be seen in all infantile faces!

It was a child in Naaman's kitchen that told the great Syrian warrior where he might go and get cured of the leprosy which at his seventh plunge in the Jordan was left at the bottom of the river. It was to the cradle of leaves in which a child was laid, rocked by the Nile, that God called the attention of history. It was a sick child that evoked Christ's curative sympathies. It was a child that Christ set in the midst of the squabbling disciples to teach the lesson of humility. A child decided Waterloo, showing the army of Blucher how it could take a short cut through the fields when, if the old road had been followed, the Prussian general would have come up too late to save the destinies of Europe. It was a child that decided Gettysburg, he having overheard two Confederate generals in a conversation in which they decided to march for Gettysburg instead of Harrisburg, and this reported to Governor Curtin, the Federal forces started to meet their opponents at Gettysburg. And to-day the child is to decide all the great battles, make all the laws, settle all the destinies and usher in the world's salvation or destruction. Men, women, nations, all earth and all Heaven.

#### BEHOLD THE CHILD!

Notice also that in this Bible night scene God honored science. Who are the three wise men kneeling before the Divine Infant? Not bores, not ignoramuses, but Caspar, Balthasar and Melchior, men who knew all that was to be known. They were the Isaac Newtons and Herchels and Faradays of their time. Their al-

dressers, all orchardists, all husbandmen. Not only that Christmas night, but all up and down the world's history, God has been honoring the fields. Nearly all the masters of reform and literature and eloquence and law and benevolence have come from the fields. Washington from the fields, Jefferson from the fields. The presidential martyrs, Garfield and Lincoln and McKinley, from the fields. Henry Clay from the fields. Daniel Webster from the fields. Martin Luther from the fields. Before this world is right the overflowing populations of our crowded cities will have to take to the fields. Instead of ten merchants in the rivalry as to who shall sell that one apple we want at least eight of them to go out and raise apples. Instead of ten merchants desiring to sell that one bushel of wheat, we want at least eight of them to go out and raise wheat. The world wants more hard heads, more bronzed cheeks, more muscular arms. To the fields! God honored them when He woke up the shepherds by the midnight anthem, and He will, while the world lasts, continue to honor the fields. When the shepherd's crook was that famous night stood against the wall of the Bethlehem kham, it was a prophecy of the time when thresher's flail and farmer's plow and woodman's ax and ox's yoke and sheaf binder's rake shall surrender to the God who made the country, as man made the town.

#### THE FIRST WORD

a child utters is apt to be "Mother," and the old man in his dying dream calls: "Mother! Mother!" It matters not whether she was brought up in the surroundings of a city and in affluent home and was dressed appropriately with reference to the demands of modern life or whether she wore the old time cap and great round spectacles and apron of her own make and knit your socks with her own needles seated by the broad fireplace with great backlog ablaze, on a winter night. It matters not how many wrinkles crossed and recrossed her face or how much her shoulders stooped with the burdens of a long life. If you painted a Madonna, hers would be the face. What a gentle hand she had when we were sick and what a voice to soothe the pain, and was there any one who could so fill up a room with peace and purity and light? And what a sad day that was when we came home and she could greet us not, for her lips were forever still! Come back, mother, in these Christmas times and take your old place, and, as ten or twenty or fifty years ago, come and open the old Bible as you used to, read, and kneel in the same place where you used to pray and look upon us, as of old, when you wished us a merry Christmas or a happy new year! But no! That would not be fair to call you back. You had troubles enough and bereavements enough while you were here. Tarry by the throne, mother, till we join you there, your prayers all answered, and in the eternal homestead of our God we shall again keep Christmas jubilee together. But speak from your thrones, all you glorified mothers, and say to all these, your sons and daughters, words of love, words of warning, words of cheer. They need your voice, for they have travelled far and with many a heartbreak since you left them, and you will do well to call from the heights of Heaven to the valleys of earth. Hail, enthroned ancestry! We are coming! Keep a place right beside you at the banquet!

The King spent 17 weeks in India in 1876.

owners.

Of course good food and enough of it is necessary, but this is not all. The food should be varied in such proportions as to make what is called a balanced ration. Enough grain so mixed with the rough fodder as to keep the proportions of protein to carbohydrates at about one to five, but so much depends upon the breed, and more upon the animal and its condition, that there can be no exact amount. Any farmer can get from the experiment stations bulletins giving tables of the value of feeding stuffs, and figure out rations for his animals to suit himself, watching the results and varying them as he finds it necessary.

After food naturally comes water. This should be always pure and clean, and we would wish it could be always warm. There should be some cheap device for quickly warming the water in the trough. In fact we think there has been such patented, but have not seen them in use. We have seen

#### WATER WARMED BY STEAM.

at a low pressure conveyed to the trough in pipes, and were told that for a herd of twenty cows the milk product was increased enough to make it very profitable. After getting up in the morning and sitting by a warm fire to take one or two cups of hot coffee and warm breakfast, it seemed cruel to turn the cows out to drink ice-cold water.

A few more general rules may be added to these. Always feed at a regular hour. To stand watching and waiting for food that should have been ready before is conducive only to worry, and does not make milk or put on fat. Feed no more than can be eaten, and if any is left, clean the troughs or mangers as soon as they seem to have had enough. In the short days of winter two good feeds a day have been found better than three. Do not feed before daylight or after dark, and do not disturb them during the night unless the barn is on fire. When we say regular hours we do not mean by the clock, for the cows have no clock, and measure the day by the amount of daylight. They want the hours of darkness for sleep or rest. They will be the better for a carding and brushing every day, not only for cleanliness' sake, but it puts the blood in circulation and invigorates them. Always treat them kindly and gently because kindness is a good investment. Follow these rules, and there will be but little use for veterinarians or

adapt the knowledge we have gained from the investigations made for our animals to the hen, modifying es and rations to suit the question. The scientific research led for, and urgently, too, is the ascertaining the digestibility of different foods fed to the hen. the cow, sheep, horse and swine have the digestive coefficient for most any food consumed, while the hen we have very few records with which to work; a view of the great value of poultry industry it should receive more scientific attention than present allotted to it.

When feeding growing chicken main object is to supply sufficient nourishment to insure hardy growth. In the case of the mature hen it is somewhat more complicated problem. The feeder must bear in the fact that eggs are almost transformation or assimilable food eaten. The yolk and white contain water, protein, fat, and a percentage of mineral matter, the shell consists almost entirely of mineral matter of which carbonate lime constitutes 94 per cent. of entire weight of the egg. That one dozen good-sized eggs therefore fully 2.5 ounces of carbonate lime, familiar to all under the name of marble. We thus have proven the absolute necessity of a generous supply of lime in the diet of a hen. One of the best materials a poultryman can use for supplying the requisite lime is oyster shells. A experiment in this direction was made at the New York Experiment Station, and the result was such that the use of oyster shells during laying season, where they can be cheaply obtained, was strongly commended. It was found that pound of oyster shells contained sufficient lime for the shells of seven dozen eggs.

#### NUMBERED HORSES.

Every horse in the British is numbered, and has a little bit kept for it all to itself. The number is branded upon the animal's feet—the thousands on the near foot, and the units, tens, and hundreds on the off hind foot.

#### ONE OPINION.

"What a sour individual! Why he growling about, anyway?" "O! he complains that he is got what he deserved in this war." "I should think he'd have cause to rejoice on that account."



Visitor—"The poet said, 'Art is long.'"  
Cobalt Blew—"And should have added, 'Artists are short.'"



## COW DOCTORS.

Deep are less exacting than the in their demands upon the time attention of the farmer, they do not be neglected. Good food plenty of it every day is needed, if they are, as they should be, I out every pleasant day for se and fresh air, do not expect to get a living from the frost-grass that they may find, as le of it may not hurt them and to them some good, but it can be a very nourishing food. A ats, little bran, and if there is age of inferior quality a little meal every day will do them helping them to bring better and grow more wool. Plenty water which they can go to as please, for when on dry feed hey want it often and clean. A hey want it often and clean. A will go long without water rather than drink that which is not Give them bedding enough to their sheds dry and clean, and y of pure air. Cold does not them when they get on their r coats, but keep them dry, w eece free from rain or snow. If are any weakly ones separate and give better feed for a Allow no crowding through w gates or doors.

## THE STOCK SWINE

but little attention more than e that they are fed regularly, a day in winter being enough hem. A few raw roots, even being good for them, or a little r hay. We think it is of little to cook food for them, but they are given a mash of bran meal with a handful of beef s mix it well with hot water let it steam awhile to get well, ed. Give a little less than they eat instead of more. See that have a warm sleeping place, clean and well bedded, yet with y of fresh air. Do not crowd many in one pen. These may small things to write about it is the attention to details leads to success in all the walks e. at has been said of swine is al- equally adapted to poultry. lar feeding is important, and if pens are well bedded, and the e grain scattered among it so they have to scratch for it, the ise will do them good. They better in the house than out of s when the ground is covered snow, but if kept shut up they not be crowded. Give plenty of r, which will be the better if a, three or four times a day, plenty of grit with which to l their food.

## TO FEED POULTRY.

e proper feeding of laying hens other poultry should be con- on the same lines as that of farm animals. There are simi- oses and wastes as are found in nials, and there is the same ne- ty for replacing and replenishing issues, fluids, etc., of the body. nust of necessity know the con- ition of the body of the fowl and e egg, but after that we do not to make new laws or found principles, but have merely to t the knowledge we have gained the investigations made for oth- nimals to the hen, modifying rud- ration to suit the case in ion. The scientific research cal- or, and urgently, too, is that of taining the digestibility of the rent foods fed to the hen. For cow, sheep, horse and swine, we the digestive coefficient for any food consumed, while for hen we have very few reliable with which to work; and in ew of the great value of the try industry it should receive e scientific attention than is at

# THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
JAN. 12.

Text of Lesson, Acts ii., 1-21.  
Golden Text, Acts ii.,  
2-1.

1. "And when the day of Pentecost was fully come they were all with one accord in one place." This day, called Pentecost, or "fiftieth day," is mentioned again in chapter xx, 16, and I Cor. xvi, 8, as a day to be remembered and observed and whether the election of Matthias to in the new meal offering of first fruits fifty days after the sheaf of first fruits, the former representing the resurrection of Christ on the day after the Passover Sabbath and the latter, fifty days later, suggesting the event of our lesson in connection with the beginning of the gathering of the body of Christ from all nations. The leaven in the fiftieth day offering sets forth the sin even in the believer, for leaven is always a type of evil, but it is met by the blood of the sacrifice (Lev. xxiii, 17-21). Christ is the first fruits; we are a kind of first fruits (I Cor. xv, 23; Jas. i, 18). While the disciples of Christ waited for the promise of the Father they continued in prayer and supplication (Acts i, 4, 14), but whether the election of Matthias to fill the place of Judas was of the Lord or of Peter is a question. Some disciples still find it difficult to pray and wait without the transaction of some other business. We may possibly find Paul and not Matthias as the twelfth. See the one accord of the Lord's people in i, 14; ii, 1, 46; iv, 24; v, 12; viii, 6; xv, 25; just seven times; the one accord of Satan's followers in vii, 57; xii, 20; xviii, 12; xix, 29; just four times, the world-wide number, suggesting the whole world in the wicked one hating God (Rev. vii, 1; I John v, 19, R. V.; John xv, 18, 19). The word is only used once elsewhere (Rom. xv, 6), and teaches us with one mind and one mouth to glorify God.

2-4. "They were all filled with the Holy Ghost." When the Holy Spirit came upon Christ at His baptism, He came in the form of a dove, for there was no need of a purifying or consuming fire, but saved sinners need the Spirit as a fire. The saying in Isa. lxi, 2, "The fire causeth the waters to boil to make Thy name known," taken in connection with the water as the word (Eph. v, 26), and the Spirit as fire helps us to understand why some people who know much of the word of God seem to have no power or go in them. The water is not boiling; they need the fire of the Holy Spirit. The Spirit came as the Lord Jesus said He would and took possession of these redeemed ones, His temples, and at once they began to speak, or rather the Spirit who filled them began to speak through them. See in Acts iv, 31, how when they were filled on another occasion they spoke the word of God with boldness. While yet with them in His mortal body Jesus had told them, "It is not ye that speak, but the Spirit of your Father that speaketh in you" (Matt. x, 20). Neither the thoughts nor the words were theirs; but, as in the case of the sweet psalmist of Israel, the Spirit of the Lord spake by them, and His word was in their tongue (II Sam. xxiii, 27).

5-11. Jews from all nations were gathered at Jerusalem, and quickly they came together and heard these unlearned Galileans talking in the languages of all lands concerning the wonderful works of God. The Holy Spirit had taken full control of these men and was telling through them the things of God and of Christ as Jesus said He would (John xvi, 12-13).

# AMONG BOER PRISONERS

Scenes and Incidents at the  
Camp in the Island of Ceylon.

There are 4,785 Boer prisoners confined on the Island of Ceylon by the British authorities, and of these 4,500 are in the camp at Diyatalawa, so I considered myself fortunate when I received permission from Sir West Ridgeway, the governor, to visit that camp, writes H. S. Morrison, formerly a Chicago reporter. The rules regarding visitors are necessarily stringent, and I knew that it would not be possible for me to talk with the men without a permit from some person in authority. But with his excellency's permission the way was clear. I traveled out to Diyatalawa and found it to be situated in an isolated neighborhood, far away from any town, and connected with the railway station and civilization only by an aerial ropeway, which is used to transport fuel and provisions to the persons within the barriers.

The camp is inclosed by a wire entanglement which is ingeniously constructed to prevent the escape of any prisoner. There are two fences of wire netting about ten feet high, and constructed ten feet apart, and between them is a mass of barbed wire, stretched in a way to make it impossible for any person to climb across. Running along this barrier, within the camp, is an insulated wire, which, when stepped upon, rings an alarm in the guard hut. Hence it would not be possible for a prisoner to approach the entanglement without being discovered. It is not surprising, considering this elaborate arrangement, that no Boers have escaped from Diyatalawa.

## HOUSING OF THE BOERS.

The huts of the prisoners are encircled by six buildings, where are stationed the British Guards. There are also nine huts for native watchers, who are constantly on the lookout for Boers straying near the gates. The prisoners themselves are accommodated in large wooden buildings, where they both eat and sleep. When the camp was first established about fifty were assigned to each house, but for sanitary reasons this number has been slightly reduced. The beds are fairly comfortable, and during my visit I heard no complaints of the food with which the prisoners are served. It is indeed better than that enjoyed by the British Guard, for the prisoners' rations include butter and jam, two unknown luxuries to Tommy Atkins. The Boers are generally in good health though they found the climate of Ceylon trying at first, and the camp is large enough to allow them plenty of room for exercise and athletic sports.

Having never visited South Africa I hardly knew what to expect of the burghers. I think I was rather disappointed to find them so rough and uncouth in appearance, but of course they have little inducement to keep themselves tidy at Diyatalawa. They were for the most part pleasant to talk with, and had surprisingly few complaints to make of their treatment at the hands of the British. One old gentleman was frank enough to admit that they had been handled with greater consideration than any British prisoner receives in the Transvaal.

"This Governor of Ceylon," he added, "is a proper fine man, and he knows how to deal with people. If he had been down at the Cape in Milner's place the trouble might have been settled long ago."

ebony elephants that are purchased by the Boers as souvenirs of their exile, which is far from being without its entertaining side.

I was surprised to observe the serious occupation of some of the prisoners. One has accomplished some excellent work in painting and water-color drawing, another carves pipes, and a third whom I saw had constructed an organ with his own hands, and without getting any material from without the camp save a little rubber and some bamboo for a part of the pipes. The organ has a fairly good tone, and is now used in the religious services on Sundays. The man who constructed it was originally an organ builder in Johannesburg. He now works in an empty hut, which has been assigned to the prisoners who are industriously inclined, and with him there I saw a man who constructed a lathe for himself, and who now turns out dozens of souvenir napkin rings, which are sent to Colombo to be sold. After I had seen these two men doing so much with so little material I decided that the Boers do not lack energy and ingenuity.

There are various arrangements at Diyatalawa for the entertainment of the prisoners. One of the largest structures is known as the recreation hut, and it is accessible to the men at all times of the day and evening. It contains a few tables that are well stocked with books and magazines, which enable the prisoners to pass the time agreeably. At one end of the large room is a substantial stage, which is used for concerts and theatrical entertainments. There is a drop scene, painted by one of the captives, depicting the battle of Magersfontein from the Boer point of view. Boxing practice is going on within the hut at all times of the day, and on Sundays it is often used for church services.

## LIKE TO PLAY QUOITS.

One of the favorite out-of-door pastimes at the camp is quoits, and the clang of the rings is heard almost continually. As many as thirty games of quoits have been known to be in progress at the same time. Bowling is also popular.

All sorts of athletics are carried on by certain of the younger element in the camp, and there is always great interest in the boxing and running matches when they occur. One of the prisoners, named Jim Holloway, was once a well-known boxer, and several young fellows, known as "Jim Holloway's pets," have become under his direction very proficient in the manly art.

There are several notables among the prisoners at Diyatalawa. I was privileged to shake hands with a son of President Kruger, a brother of President Steyn and with three Boer generals. Young Mr. Kruger resembles his father in facial expression and is a man of the characteristic Doppe type. He held the rank of a field cornet in the Boer army. President Steyn's brother was a commandant, and is a man about 60 years old.

The officers are all accommodated in special huts and are treated with great respect by the rank and file of the prisoners. General Roux, otherwise known in South Africa as "the fighting parson," concerns himself greatly with the religious life of the camp, and there are frequent services in the recreation hut and sometimes in the open air. Rev. Mr.

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feeding growing chickens the object is to supply sufficient nutrient to insure hardy growth. The case of the mature hen it is a bit more complicated proposition. The feeder must bear in mind that eggs are almost the formation or assimilation of it. The yolk and white contain, protein, fat, and a small amount of mineral matter, while the shell consists almost entirely of calcium carbonate of the matter of which carbonate of constitutes 94 per cent. of the weight of the egg. That is, in an average good-sized egg there are 2.5 ounces of carbonate of calcium to all under the name of shell. We thus have proved the absolute necessity of a generous supply of lime in the diet of the hen. One of the best materials that a farmer can use for supplying this requisite lime is oyster shell, or any other variety of shells. An experiment in this direction was made at the New York Experiment Station and the result was such that the use of oyster shells during the winter season, where they can be obtained, was strongly recommended. It was found that one of oyster shells contained sufficient lime for the shells of about 100 eggs.

## NUMBERED HORSES.

A horse in the British Army is numbered, and has a little history of its own. The number is stamped upon the animal's hind leg, and the thousands on the near hind leg, and the units, tens, and hundreds on the off hind foot.

## ONE OPINION.

At a sour individual! What's he mulling about, anyway?" he complains that he hasn't what he deserved in this world. "I should think he'd have cause to be on that account."



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Jesus said to them, "It is not yet that speak, but the Spirit of your Father that speaketh in you" (Matt. x, 20). Neither the thoughts nor the words were theirs; but, as in the case of the sweet psalmist of Israel, the Spirit of the Lord spake by them, and His word was in their tongue (II Sam. xxiii, 27).

5-11. Jews from all nations were gathered at Jerusalem, and quickly they came together and heard these unlearned Galileans talking in the languages of all lands concerning the wonderful works of God. The Holy Spirit had taken full control of these men and was telling through them the things of God and of Christ as Jesus said in John xvi, 13-16). He who first gave different languages to people (Gen. xi, 7) can as easily cause others to speak these languages when He sees fit, and although we do not hear of missionaries in our day acquiring a foreign language in that way, yet I am acquainted with missionaries who, in reliance upon Job xxxvi, 4, were able to speak in a foreign tongue in a very short time. One whom I know passed an examination in six months that would ordinarily require a year of study. The Spirit does not talk of the works of man nor does He honor man, but He loves to honor God. Like the servant of Abraham when he went to obtain a wife for Isaac, He tells of the only Son and how the Father had given all things into His hand. The messenger of the Lord is not expected to think out his message and tell the people his thoughts, but he is expected to receive it from the Lord and deliver it as the Lord's message (Ex. iv, 12; Jer. i, 7; John xii, 49; I. Pet. iv, 11).

12-15. This supernatural occurrence was to these devout Jews wholly incomprehensible, and they tried to explain it by saying that these men were full of new wine, about as silly an explanation as is given by some of the wise and professedly devout men of our day of some of the wonderful works of God. The natural man, however educated or religious he may be, cannot receive the are foolishness unto Him (I. Cor. ii, 14), and these devout, religious Jews needed just what Nicodemus needed, a new birth, the gift of God, which many of them a little later received. That the wisdom of this world cannot comprehend or explain the things of God is repeatedly shown in the book of Daniel, a book which some of the wise men seem to wish out of the Bible, perhaps because therein is shown the utter inability of the wisdom of Egypt to explain the things of God. The wise of this world are drunken, but not with wine (Isa. xxix, 9). Consider also Eph. v, 18, and some similarity between a man filled with wine and one filled with the Spirit.

16-21. Peter does not say that this was the fulfillment of that part of Joel's prophecy which he quotes, but that it was a sample of it or, if you prefer, a fulfillment, for one has truly said that prophecy may have a germinating accomplishment while the complete fulfillment is yet in the future. That Joel's prophecy has not yet had its fulfillment (if you will suffer the word) or its final fulfillment is seen in the context, for Israel is still ashamed and humiliated among the nations, and Jerusalem is not holy, for strangers still possess her, and the Lord has not yet returned to dwell in Zion (Joel iii, 17, 21). The judgment of nations (Joel iii, 1, 2), of which our Lord spoke in Matt. xxv, 31-46, has not yet taken place, for He has not yet come in His glory. When He thus comes, we will come with Him to be associated with Him in judging the nations (Col. iii, 4; I. Cor. vi, 2; Rev. ii, 26-28). Let us be filled with the Spirit and be His faithful witnesses till He come.

unpunctured in appearance, but of course they have little inducement to keep themselves tidy at Diyatalawa. They were for the most part pleasant to talk with, and had surprisingly few complaints to make of their treatment at the hands of the British. One old gentleman was frank enough to admit that they had been handled with greater consideration than any British prisoner receives in the Transvaal.

"This Governor of Ceylon," he added, "is a proper fine man, and he knows how to deal with people. If he had been down at the Cape in Milner's place the trouble might have been settled long ago."

"I suppose you are in no hurry to obtain your liberty?" I asked. "No, indeed," replied the burgher, who must have been nearly 70. "I hope De Wet will keep on fighting. I'd rather remain a prisoner for the rest of my life than to see him surrender, and so would most all of us. Our only regret is that we're not down there to help him in his work."

The prisoners vary in age from 15 to 75 years, and are of all degrees of education and wealth. Some of them arrived at Diyatalawa with a considerable sum of money in their possession. This was taken from them, for no prisoner is allowed to have a larger sum than \$5 a week. Those who were penniless upon arrival are of course supplied with clothes by the British, and they are permitted to earn money in any way they can within the camp. Some assist in making repairs and doing chores for the British officers, and others have established unique stores, in which they sell small merchandise of every description. One enterprising fellow constructed an oven of mud and started a bakery. He makes a kind of Dutch cake which is liked by the prisoners, and his trade has grown so large that he now employs two assistants. The walls and roof of the bakery are covered with odd bits of canvas, and the exterior is very attractive in appearance. The cakes, like almost everything else within the camp, sell at the price of an English penny, and the baker is said to make quite a profit.

## NAMES RECALL BATTLES.

The prisoners of war are fond of indulging their fancy for street nomenclature, and have named the streets between their huts after various towns and battle grounds in the Transvaal. One of the busiest thoroughfares is called "Steynsdorp," and it is here that most of the principal shops are situated. There are the camp grocer, stationer, tobacconist and fruiterer, and, as the Boers are inveterate smokers, the tobacconist does the largest business of all. The grocery store, under the ownership of Herr Heitman, contains various delicacies for the table, and the prisoners are fond of buying good things to eat when they have a little money to spend. Outside the shop is a sign bearing the significant words "No Credit." Herr Heitman evidently knows his customers.

The camp shoemaker is located in a rickety, tentlike structure, and hither the Boers repair whenever their "understandings" require attention. The business is a profitable one, for the shoemaker, who rejoices in the aristocratic name of Du Plooy, is enabled to employ three assistants. I suggested that he would soon have to enlarge his premises, but he replied that he didn't expect to be in Ceylon much longer, meaning, of course, that the war is nearly over. The stationer's, which is a shanty constructed of bamboo and cocoanut leaves, is leased by J. Roussow & Co. This high-sounding name suggests the investment of capital, but as far as I could observe his stock consisted mainly of pencils and postal cards and small

President Steyn and with three Boer generals. Young Mr. Kruger resembles his father in facial expression and is a man of the characteristic Doppert type. He held the rank of a field coronet in the Boer army. President Steyn's brother was a commandant, and is a man about 60 years old.

The officers are all accommodated in special huts and are treated with great respect by the rank and file of the prisoners. General Roux, otherwise known in South Africa as "the fighting parson," concerns himself greatly with the religious life of the camp, and there are frequent services in the recreation hut and sometimes in the open air. Rev. Mr. Postma, a Dutch clergyman from Pretoria, does the preaching, and the majority of the captives are in attendance at the regular services.

## ALL HAVE BIBLES.

General Olivier is another officer much interested in Christian work. Nearly every prisoner has a Bible of his own, and I was impressed with the evidence of the earnestness of these fighting men. There is no doubt but they firmly believe that God is on their side, and with this knowledge they are likely to fight on as long as life lasts.

My short visit to Diyatalawa taught me more concerning the Boers than I had learned from the reading of many books, and I returned to Colombo feeling that the end of the war is still far off if there are many more at home like these men. They are patient, earnest, hard-working, and their peculiarities are more than offset by their many excellent qualities.

It is indeed fortunate that they are so well understood by Sir West Ridgeway, for otherwise their captivity in Ceylon might be less bearable. This English governor will be given great credit in the future for his treatment of the Boer prisoners at Diyatalawa, and who knows but his humane policy may serve to hasten the end of the war?

## HOW TO KILL CRIME.

Sir R. Anderson says:—Speaking seriously and deliberately, if not 70,000 but seventy known criminals were put out of the way, the whole organization of crime against property in England would be dislocated and we should, not ten years hence, but immediately, enjoy an amount of immunity from crimes of this kind that it might to-day seem Utopian to expect. My opinion is based on definite facts and a knowledge of the personnel of the criminal fraternity. And I say with confidence that new methods of dealing with these men—methods such as would command the approval of five-sixths of the community—would avail to put an end to organized crimes against property in England.

## PUBLIC-HOUSE "BOUNCER."

A novel invention is now used in the north of England. It is a sort of automatic "bouncer" for use in public-houses. Punctually at closing time the legend, "Time, please, gentlemen," appears on a glass face; and then an electric gong starts ringing with such amazing power that it becomes quite impossible for even the most enthusiastic toper to occupy the bar for another instant.

At a party one evening a lady was entertaining the assembled company with an account of their first quarrel, and how, after making it up with one another, her husband had planted a tree in remembrance of it. "If we had only done that," whispered the minister's wife to her husband, "what a splendid excuse we might have had!"



ONLY 8  
DAYS

more of our January stock-taking sale. The money saving opportunity it affords should interest every man and woman in these counties.

Saturday  
and Tuesday

we will offer our stock of Ladies' COATS at FROM ONE THIRD TO ONE HALF OFF regular prices. We put them in two lots.

**LOT ONE** will contain all our \$6.50, 6.75, 7.50, 8.50, 8.75, 9.00, 9.75, and 10.00 coats.

Your choice of the lot  
**\$5.00 Each.**

**LOT TWO** will have in it all our \$10.50, 11.50, 13.50, 14.50, 15.00 Coats.

Your pick of these at  
**\$7.75 Each.**

Don't pass these bargains, it is for Saturday and Tuesday only—no approval or exchange of this lot.

10 Per Cent.  
Off.

Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Table Linens, Napkins, Blankets, Comforters, and White Quilts.

20 Per Cent.  
Off.

Dress Goods and Silks for these eight days. Remember ours is a fresh stock, up-to-date in style, and reliable in quality.

10 Per Cent.  
Off.

Silk Waists, Flannel Waists, Dress Skirts, Underskirts, during the next

## Coughing

"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.

It's too risky, playing with your cough.

The first thing you know it will be down deep in your lungs and the play will be over. Begin early with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop the cough.

Three sizes: 25c., enough for an ordinary cold; 50c., just right for bronchitis, hoarseness, hard colds, etc.; \$1., most economical for chronic cases and to keep on hand.  
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

## The Napanee Express

### NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS TO THE NAPANEE STAR.

The following notice appeared in the Napanee Star of January 8th:—

"I beg to inform my subscribers and advertisers that I have this week amalgamated the Napanee Star newspaper with the NAPANEE EXPRESS, and therefore this will be the last issue. To my subscribers I will say that the NAPANEE EXPRESS will be mailed you until notified to discontinue same. Subscribers paid in advance not wishing to take the EXPRESS can have their subscription refunded by calling, or writing to the Star office. To my out of town advertisers, their advertisements will be continued in the NAPANEE EXPRESS until ordered discontinued. All bills up to this date are payable at the Star office."

Most respectfully yours,  
CHAS. STEVENS,  
Star Office, Napanee, Ont.  
Jan. 8th, 1902.

With reference to the above we have pleasure in announcing that we have arranged with Mr. Chas. Stevens to send the EXPRESS to all subscribers to the Star who are not now taking our paper. To those who are subscribers to both papers it is perhaps needless to say that an extra EXPRESS will not be mailed.

### VOTE FOR WARTMAN AND GOOD GOVERNMENT.

Addington is considered by Conservatives generally to be a safe constituency for that party. Nevertheless it has been won on several occasions by the Liberals, and we sincerely hope Mr. Wartman will be able to carry the constituency. If the Conservatives are no longer in power, their own misdeeds and quarreling among themselves are as much the cause as anything else. The country was at that time suffering from a great depression in business and even more so in farm products. With the advent of Laurier and a Liberal government times began to mend, and have been improving ever since. The farmer is doing

### EXPRESSIONS.

A man may be said to have reached a ripe old age when he begins to fall off.

Hon. W. F. MacLean didn't run for the mayoralty in Toronto. He walked. Mayor-elect Howland did all the running.

No one had their pockets picked at President Roosevelt's recent reception, though U. S. Congressmen and Senators were liberally sprinkled through the crowd.

In one ward in Cornwall the aldermanic candidates consisted of two teeth doctors, two horse doctors and one ordinary doctor. To complete the combination they should have run a patent medicine man and an undertaker.

"What brought you here?" asked the temperance advocate, who was visiting the prison. "I'm a wife beater," replied Convict No. 4144 gruffly. "Another case of lick'er," murmured the jailer, who, despite his occupation, was a man of no little humor.

### A SLIGHT MISTAKE.

#### Result of Becoming Interested in Reading a Newspaper.

The prospect of a dinner will generally keep a hungry man awake. But the victim of absentmindedness seems at times unable to distinguish between what to eat and what to leave. This was the case with the man who went into a London restaurant, called for a newspaper, and only when roused from his reading by a waiter ordered coffee and a ham sandwich. The waiter executed the order and deposited with the homely fare a large pasteboard check. The absentminded one went on reading his paper.

Some quarter of an hour after the waiter returned. "Anything more, sir?" he said. "Yes," snapped the man; "get me a fresh sandwich; the one you brought me was dry as a bone." The waiter looked down and gasped. "Lor!" he exclaimed, "here's the sandwich I brought! You've eaten the check!"

### But Not From Her.

"Well, what on earth did he marry her for?"  
"For sympathy."  
"And he didn't get even that?"  
"Oh, yes, from his friends!"—Philadelphia Press.

### On the Gridiron.

The men behind the football  
Again are to the front,  
And on the grid the pigskin  
They toss and push and punt.  
Again they're fiercely plunging  
And striving for the goal,  
And with the same abandon  
Again in mud they roll.

They're just as brave and brawny  
As they were in the past,  
And when comes to sprinting  
They prove they're just as fast.  
They care not for the weather,  
For, be it dry or wet,  
They're eagerly contesting  
For glory that's to get.

Again the football maidens  
The chosen colors don,  
And at the grid they rally  
To cheer their heroes on.  
Again the football rooters  
Let loose discordant yells,  
And every tin horn blower  
The noisy chorus swells.

Again the ambulances  
Are rushing to and fro,  
Each bearing hero wounded  
In battling with the foe.  
The surgeons and the nurses  
Are busy in each room,  
And druggists are reporting  
A ticking plaster boom.

## CENTRA

LOAN &

TORONTO

Senator GEO. A. COX.  
E. R. WOOD, - Vice-

4%

## INVESTMENT

This Company accepts therefor its 4% investment remitting the amount, upon

- I. The Company agrees to pay a dividend of one-half-yearly.
- II. The Company agrees to pay a date of receipt of interest.
- III. The Company agrees to pay remittances.
- IV. The Company agrees to pay a time upon receipt of party holding.

Executors and Trustees of this Company to invest in the chapter 132, section 5-6.

The Dominion and Ontario of this Company as security insurance companies d

Write for sample bond, information to

F. W. BAIL

### OUR MOTTO:

"Accuracy, Care and Attention"

Our continued success in business is the best proof that we enjoy the unshaken confidence of the public. We dispense drugs with the greatest possible accuracy and attention. Our stock of preparations is always up-to-date, and we perform the finest and cheapest.

### ALL RANKS AND CONDITIONS

of our people are now using Paine's Compound, the great health restorer, other medicine in the world has no record of cures to its credit. It new, fresh blood, corrects digestion energy to body, nerves and brain. feel unwell, give Paine's Celery Compound a trial.

T. A. HUFFMAN, Dr.  
Napanee, Ont.

## THE RUG DESIGN

PATTERNS DESCEND FROM PAST TO CHILD IN THE ORIENT

Reasons Why Animal Figure Rarely Seen on Persian Prayer Rugs of the Mohammedans and Their Use—The Rugs of the

The designs of eastern rugs are the spontaneous outcome of the of the weaver. Sometimes the handed down from one generation another. In some cases young girls



Smyna is only a mart for the of comparatively inferior rugs made in the interior from the hair of the Angora goat. The woven in irregular designs although not artistic, are largely

# THE CENTRAL CANADA

## LOAN & SAVINGS COY.

TORONTO, CANADA

Director GEO. A. COX. ———— President  
R. WOOD, — Vice-President and Managing Director

# 4%

Capital - - \$2,500,000  
Reserve Fund - 450,000

## VESTMENT BONDS.

This Company accepts sums of \$100 and upwards, issuing therefor its 4% investment bonds, payable to the order of party paying the amount, upon the following conditions:—

The Company agrees to pay 4% interest, payable half-yearly.

The Company agrees to pay interest from date of receiving money to date of repayment.

The Company agrees to pay exchange on all remittances.

The Company agrees to cash the bond at any time upon receiving 60 days' notice from party holding same.

Executors and Trustees are authorized by Ontario Government to invest in the bonds of this Company—R. S. O., 1807, Chapter 132, section 5-8.

The Dominion and Ontario Governments accept the Bonds of this Company as security to be deposited by life and fire insurance companies doing business in Canada.

Write for sample bond, copy of annual report and for further information to

F. W. BAILLIE, Assistant Manager, Toronto, Ont.

## OUR MOTTO:

### Accuracy, Care and Attention."

Continued success in business is the result of that we enjoy the unbounded confidence of the public. We dispense the greatest possible accuracy, attention. Our stock of Toilet Soap is always up-to-date, and our prices the finest and cheapest.

ALL RANGES AND CONDITIONS

People are now using Paine's Celery Compound, the great health restorer. No medicine in the world has such a record to its credit. It makes the blood, corrects digestion, gives body, nerves and brain. If you will, give Paine's Celery Compound

T. A. HUFFMAN, Druggist,  
Napanea, Ont.

## RUG DESIGNERS

THEY DESCEND FROM PARENT CHILD IN THE ORIENT.

Why Animal Figures Are Seen on Persian Rugs. Rugs of the Mohammedans never Use—The Rugs of Sivas.

signs of eastern rugs are often the outcome of the fancy weaver. Sometimes they are derived from one generation to another.

as coverings for the bare floors and to add warmth. The weaving of these rugs is crudely done by girls and women. Sometimes the loom is primitively constructed from the trunks of trees. The designs are very simple and have either been handed down from earlier generations or are supplied from the city.

Yuruk rugs are so called from a band of nomads who dwell among the mountains of Anatolia. They have large flocks of fine sheep and weave rugs of firm, even texture. The colors are very good, the field often of dark brown, ornamented with large designs.

About 200 years ago small embroidered rugs were largely made in Persia, chiefly at Ispahan. These were prayer rugs, and on each of them, near one end, was a small embroidered mark to show where the bit of sacred earth from Mecca was to be placed. In obedience to a law of the Koran that the head must be bowed to the ground in prayer this was touched by the forehead when the presentation was made, and so the letter of the law was carried out. The custom prevails. The Persian women who weave the finest prayer rugs seldom weave any other kind of rug.

His Error.

Consumer—I say, what kind of a cigar do you call this? It's the worst tobacco I ever tasted.

## THE MUNICIPAL CONTEST.

### SOME APPOINTED AND OTHERS DIS-APPOINTED.

Ruttan Elected For Mayor—Honest John Carson Leads the Poll for Councillors—Electric Light Waller a Good Second—Good Resolutions by the Council-Elect for 1902.

The municipal contest on Monday was one of the most closely contested elections run in years. The electric light question was, no doubt, the main issue and was responsible for the election and defeat of a few of the candidates. The liverymen were taxed to their utmost to supply the demand for rigs. There are three new members in the council this year who were not there in 1901, viz.:—Messrs. Ruttan, Lowry and Lapum; the retiring members being Meers, Symington, Leonard and Carscallen. The council for 1902 is made up as follows:—

Mayor—

G. F. RUTTAN, Barrister.

Councillors—

JOHN CARSON, Harnessmaker.

W. T. WALLER, Merchant.

M. S. MADOLE, Merchant.

E. S. LAPUM, Insurance Agent.

JOHN LOWRY, Blacksmith.

G. H. WILLIAMS, Liveryman.

## THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

	W. W.		C. W.		E. W.	Total.
	No 1	No 2	No 1	No 2	—	

Majority for Ruttan ..... 110

FOR COUNCILLORS—

CARSON.....	60	71	88	70	63	352
WALLER.....	61	84	67	64	52	328
MADOLE.....	50	74	67	79	53	323
LAPUM.....	50	60	75	73	58	316
LOWRY.....	57	67	76	53	53	306
WILLIAMS.....	29	56	50	67	76	278
Normie.....	26	60	45	62	75	268
Cliff.....	44	60	62	64	46	266
Alexander.....	34	60	41	55	59	249
Miller.....	27	52	35	47	32	193

The following is the total vote cast last January for Councillors: Leonard 381, Madole 371, Williams 322, Carson 304, Waller 301, Symington 296, Lapum 295, Alexander 293, Lowry 277, Ruttan 257, Cowan 199, Stacey 190.

Shortly after the polls closed the electors began to assemble at the town hall, where, about six o'clock, the returns began to come in. It was soon evident that Messrs. Ruttan, Waller, Carson and Madole were elected, the balance of the council being in doubt until the last returns were in. Chief Rankin then announced the total vote, after which the candidates delivered short speeches.

Mayor Ruttan was the first called upon and was pleased to state that political lines were broken in this contest. He put himself up as an independent candidate and had won. He would, as in the past, continue to know the workman, and was thankful to find his hearty support.

Then Symington said he was the defeated mayoralty candidate, and thought that he shouldn't have offered himself for the position. He thought the electric light issue was in a measure responsible for his defeat. He was a heavy taxpayer and intended to assist the town in any way he could to get cheap light.

Comm. Carson felt proud at the honor of

## Scrofula

What is commonly inherited is not scrofula but the scrofulous disposition.

This is generally and chiefly indicated by cutaneous eruptions; sometimes by paleness, nervousness and general debility.

The disease afflicted Mrs. K. T. Snyder, Union St., Troy, Ohio, when she was eighteen years old, manifesting itself by a bunch in her neck, which caused great pain, was lanced, and became a running sore.

It afflicted the daughter of Mrs. J. H. Jones, Parker City, Ind., when 13 years old, and developed so rapidly that when she was 18 she had eleven running sores on her neck and about her ears.

These sufferers were not benefited by professional treatment, but, as they voluntarily say, were completely cured by

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

This peculiar medicine positively corrects the scrofulous disposition and radically and permanently cures the disease.

TOWN OF DESEBONTO.

For Mayor—E. W. Rathbun (accl.)

For Councillors—Joseph Stainton, Robt. Geddes, Samuel Allen, E. A. Rixen, A. E. Gracey, James Dryden.

For School Trustee—West Ward—Geo. E. Deroche.

TOWNSHIP OF SOUTH FREDERICKSBURG.

For Reeve—John Creighton (accl.)

For Councillors—John Milling, Michael Wagar, Ephraim Fitchett, Thomas Hill (all by accl.)

VILLAGE OF NEWBURGH.

For Reeve—Wm. Sutton (accl.)

For Councillors—E. W. Stickney, G. B. Thomson, H. J. Wood, J. Dunn (all by accl.)

TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN.

For Reeve—J. E. Rombough (accl.)

For Councillors—Joseph Teskey, J. A. Freeman, Wm. M. Paul, Lewis Stover.

TOWNSHIP OF NORTH FREDERICKSBURG.

For Reeve—John C. Carscallen.

For Councillors—John A. Bell, Joseph Hicks, John W. Hamby, Allen Wagar.

TOWNSHIP OF ADOLPHUSTOWN.

For Reeve—Thos. C. Fraser.

For Councillors—Byron Roblin, James Hanlon, L. F. Bogart, John Ruttan.

TOWNSHIP OF AMHERST ISLAND.

For Reeve—H. Willard (accl.)

For Councillors—George Morrow, John Glenn, Stephen Tugwell and Robert Kilpatrick (all by accl.)

## THE CREATION OF EVE.

Little Agnes' Idea as to the Bone Connected With That Event.

Little Agnes had been a regular attendant at the Sunday school last winter. The other day the school opened again after the vacation, and the teacher decided to have a general review of all the ground covered by the primary department. She stated, very properly, at the beginning:

"Children," said she, "after Adam was created, how was Eve brought into the world?"

A half dozen hands went into the air. "Willie Smith may answer," said the teacher.

"Made outen a bone from Adam."

"Now, children, that is correct. And from what bone was woman created?"

There was an awful silence in the classroom. Finally little Agnes' hand went up like a shot.

"You may answer, Agnes."

Her decision came quickly.

"The jawbone," said she.

Hit by the Recoil.

Lawyer (examining accused pickpocket, testifying in his own behalf)—You deny this special charge and yet admit that you have committed similar offenses. Perhaps you'll be good enough to tell the court just how long you've been in this



# NS DESCEND FROM PARENT CHILD IN THE ORIENT.

## Why Animal Figures Are Seen on Persian Rugs. Rugs of the Mohammedans in Use—The Rugs of Sivas.

signs of eastern rugs are often taneous outcome of the fancy weaver. Sometimes they are down from one generation to In some cases young girls are he design by an adult, who in the sand. At other times a of the rug is made on paper, utor showing her pupils the nent of every thread and the be used. When all this has e, the pupils must make the out looking at the drawing. i rugs excel those of other in artistic design as well as ous coloring. The Persians have a natural intuition in the blending of different shades, he designs that contain these olors they achieve the happiest It is really wonderful what fabrics these people, born ed in ignorance and poverty,

signs in Persian rugs are gen- eral, and in some districts, es- Fars, the women weavers in- designs, varying them every ree years. The Mohammedan does not allow any direct rep- on of animal forms, conse- rugs woven under its influence al, geometric and vegetable The Shiah sect of Moslems, numbering about 15,000,000, 8,000,000 are Persians, do not representations of animals as . By the industry of this sect of infidels and of all who dis- be law of the Koran animal e seen on some Persian rugs.

ayer rug was evidently invent- he purpose of providing the rs with one absolutely clean hich to offer prayers. It is l for a Moslem to pray on any t perfectly clean, and unless has his own special rug he is in that the spot has not been

With regard to the purity of of prayer Mohammedans are careful when making their ges, the rugs which they take n having been preserved from y being rolled up until the is begun or until the hour for rives. It does not matter to llowers of Mohammed how a rug that is on the floor may se over it they place the pray- hen their devotions begin.

rkish rugs made at Sivas are roven of wool, and almost ev- let carries on the industry of in the homes. There are no e young girls and women e work here as in other parts y. Sivas rugs are in most all, measuring about eight by , but in these years larger and ractive rugs are being made. e poorest families have fine they regard them as valuable e to be sold only under the of great extremity. The weav- so frugal in their manner of at their daily earning of 15 to is sufficient to supply their Their food consists usually of crushed wheat, with occasi- all piece of mutton.

is only a mart for the sale ratively inferior rugs that are the interior from the coarse the Angora goat. These are n irregular designs and, al- ot artistic, are largely sought

head must be bowed to the ground in prayer this was touched by the fore- head when the presentation was made, and so the letter of the law was carried out. The custom prevails. The Persian women who weave the finest prayer rugs seldom weave any other kind of rug.

### His Error.

Consumer—I say, what kind of a cigar do you call this? It's the worst tobacco I ever tasted.

Dealer—Beg your pardon, but you are wholly in error. There isn't a particle of tobacco in that cigar. It is so easy to be mistaken, don't you see?

### Won.

He had gone to ask her father for her hand in marriage. "Well, sir, what is it?" snapped out the old man. "Remember, I am a man of few words." "I don't care if you're a man of only one word if it's the right one," replied the suitor. He got the girl.

### The Kind.

"Writing love letters requires a great mental effort," said Bunting.

"Yes sentimental," added Larkin.

### Lavishness.

The man who thinks he knows it all is a most generous elf. He shares advice with great and small And keeps none for himself.

### A Kind Assumption.

"Mabel Gilfeather looks pale this evening."

"Probably she put it on in a hurry."

## A Happy Deliverance From the Agonies of Rheumatism.

## PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Effects a Cure After Failures of Physicians, Patent Medicines and Medicinal Springs.

The Wonderful Victory Over a Ter- rible Disease Vouched for by One of Our Prominent Druggists.

If you are a sufferer from rheumatism in any of its terrible forms—muscular, inflam- matory or sciatic, be assured of the glorious truth that Paine's Celery Compound will work for you a permanent and happy cure. The thousands of letters received from people who have thrown off their burdens and agonies prove conclusively that Paine's Celery Compound is the one great specific for this awful disease. The fol- lowing letter from Mr. J. Leverington, of Virden, Man., and indorsed by Mr. J. W. Higginbotham, Druggist, of the same town, should convince all sufferers that the immediate use of Paine's Celery Compound is their only hope. Mr. Leverington says: "For more than a year I was suffering from the agonizing pains of sciatica, and after trying all that medical skill could devise, and using many remedies, patent and otherwise, I concluded to try the Hot Springs at Banff, under the superintend- ence of a medical man. I took the treat- ment thoroughly and carefully for six weeks, and came home at the end of that time racked with pain and weighing 43 pounds less. At this juncture, when hope had almost fled, I heard of Paine's Celery Compound. It seemed suited to my case, and I sent to my druggist, Mr. J. W. Hig- ginbotham, of this place and asked about it. He recommended it to me and I took a bottle. I soon began to feel better, and after taking the second bottle I was a cured man and threw away my crutches. I have always been a farmer, and am as able to do hard work now as ever I was."

were broken in this contest. He put him- self up as an independent candidate and had won. He would, as in the past, col- lectors know the workingman, and was thankful to win a hearty support.

Then, by mistake, he was the defeated majority candidate, and thought that he shouldn't have offered himself for the position. He thought the electric light issue was in a measure responsible for his defeat. He was a heavy taxpayer and intended to assist the town in any way he could to get cheap light.

Coun. Carson felt proud at the honor of leaving the post. This was the sixteenth time he had been elected, and would use his ability to further the interests of the town.

Coun. Waller received a hearty greeting. He ran his candidature on certain prin- ciples—the principles of right and justice—and had won, for which he was duly thankful to the electorate for their support.

Coun. Macle's thanked all who supported him and felt honored at the vote given him as he had not canvassed a single person. He would endeavor to study the best interests of the town and keep the taxes as low as possible.

Coun. Lynam said he was selected as councillor for 1902. He went in to get elected and canvassed the ladies in partic- ular, whose support he believed he received. He promised to be economical and serve the town faithfully.

Coun. Lowry was glad to get back in the fold once more and was back to stay—the year out. He said there would be no money squandered if he was allowed to handle it. He was much obliged to all who voted for him and hoped they wouldn't be sorry.

Coun. Williams thanked all who voted for him and would serve the town faith- fully.

W. J. Normile said he needn't tell those present that he was elected to stay at home as they all knew it. He was highly pleased at the large vote given him on his first attempt, and perhaps next year would ask for their support again.

G. A. Cliff was another of the unlucky ones. If he had got thirteen more votes he would have been elected. He said he would like to be in the council for one year and might try again.

A. Alexander was like Mr. Cliff, if he had got enough votes he would have been elected. He was informed that a report was circulated that he was in favor of a ten years' lease of the electric light plant, which was wholly unfounded, and believed it was in a measure responsible for his de- feat. He might try again and would like the support of those who voted for him this time and enough more to elect him.

S. R. Miller was absent.

### ELECTIONS ELSEWHERE.

#### TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND.

	Wiggins	Selby	Forest	Millis	Robin	Total
For Reeve—						
WM. PAUL.....	57	78	36	101	272	
Z. A. Grooms.....	95	62	53	25	235	

Majority for Paul ..... 37

For Councillors—						
MANLY JONES.....	128	82	30	23	263	
ALEX. HEWITT.....	63	52	70	65	250	
ROBT. BALLANCE.....	34	95	56	64	249	
A. McCUTCHEON.....	34	51	46	108	242	
T. V. Anderson.....	48	69	40	63	218	
E. U. Brown.....	57	70	40	22	189	

The names in capital letters are elected.

#### TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

For Reeve—GEO. WOODS (accl.)	
For Councillors—	
JOHN A. WAGAR.....	264
JAMES SAUL.....	251
B. J. LACY.....	234
BERNARD O'NEILL.....	232
Sampson King.....	222
Adam Matthews.....	193
G. H. Richardson.....	183

The names in capital letters are elected.

#### VILLAGE OF FATH.

For Reeve—Dr. H. S. Northmore (accl.)  
For Councillors—Silas F. Burley, R. R. Finkle, John Forrester, Geo. A. Wartman.  
For School Trustees—Rev. F. T. Dibb, Dr. H. S. Northmore, John Forrester.

room. Finally little Agnes' hand went up like a shot.

"You may answer, Agnes."  
Her decision came quickly.  
"The jawbone," said she.

### Hit by the Recoil.

Lawyer (examining accused pickpocket, testifying in his own behalf)—You deny this special charge and yet admit that you have committed similar offenses. Perhaps you'll be good enough to tell the court just how long you've been in this business?

Pickpocket (nonchalantly)—Oh, not more than two or three months!

Lawyer—Only two or three months, eh? How do you expect the court to be- lieve that statement in view of the fact that it has had police testimony to the effect that you are an expert?

Pickpocket (smiling)—Oh, well, you must remember that I had the benefit of a three years' previous practice in your profession.

### An Unpleasant Explanation.

"I met Slopay this morning. He was hurrying toward the railway station with his gipsack in his hand. Slopay is a good fellow. He owes me fifty, but I have never pressed him for it. And, say, the instant he laid eyes on me this morn- ing he said, 'I'll hand you that little amount the very day I get back.' Decent of him, wasn't it?"

"Yes; but I guess you didn't read your morning paper carefully. It says that Slopay starts today for a three years stay abroad."

### It Naturally Annoyed Her.

"But why do you wish a divorce, mad- am?" asked the lawyer. "You admit that your husband provides for you properly and is not at all cruel."

"Cruel!" she exclaimed. "I'd like to see him try to be cruel!"

"Then what cause for complaint have you?"

"Why, he is getting so deaf that I am deprived of the pleasure of scolding him."

—Chicago Post.

### Money In Sight.

Hattie—I wish I knew some way to make lots of money.

Uncle George—Easiest thing in the world, Hattie. Go upon the stage, and when you retire, after twenty-five or thirty years, you can write your reminis- cences for the next half century and get good money for them. I don't know why. I only know you would.—Boston Tran- script.

### Unpractical Man.

Cooke—It's surprising how unpractical some men are.

Brooke—Why, how's that?

Cooke—Well, there's Professor Lin- guist, for example. He spent the best part of his life acquiring fluency in nine or ten different languages and then went and married a wife who never gives him a chance to get a word in edgeways.

### In Danger.

"Hello! Where are you going with the gun?" inquired Gasaway.

"Gunning. Where'd you suppose?" re- plied Brightly.

"Huh! You couldn't hit a barn door." "Perhaps not, but I could hit a darn bore, and I might be tempted to do it any moment."

### A VERY SEVERE TEST.

When the constitution is neglect- ed, indigestion, sleeplessness and nervousness will surely follow. A tonic is then needed, and the pro- per medicine to take is "Climax" Iron Tonic Pills. They build up the system, improve the appetite and strengthen the nerves. Each box contains ten days' treatment. Price 25 cents, at all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. Address: The Dr. Hall Medicine Co., Kingston, Ont.



**900 DROPS**

**CASTORIA**

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

*Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER*

Pumpkin Seed -  
Alic. Senna -  
Rochelle Salt -  
Anise Seed -  
Pimento -  
Elix. Carbonate Soda -  
Warm Seed -  
Clarified Sugar -  
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
**NEW YORK.**

At 16 months old  
**35 Doses - 35 CENTS**

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE  
THAT THE  
FAC-SIMILE  
SIGNATURE  
—OF—  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
IS ON THE  
WRAPPER  
OF EVERY  
BOTTLE OF  
CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

## SPRING CLOTHING.

WE HAVE A NICE STOCK OF SPRING CLOTHES.

Tweeds, Suitings, Worsteds and Overcoatings, to select from, and respectfully solicit a call from intending purchasers, as we will sell you the above at from 10 per cent to 20 per cent less than they can be bought elsewhere in town.

Orders for Suits or Overcoats promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

**T. G. DAVIS & CO.**

44ly

**TO RENT**—THE CORNER STORE IN the Leonard Block, in the town of Napanee, formerly occupied by J. J. Kerr as a Dry Goods establishment. Apply to

ALFRED KNIGHT.

**FOR SALE**—TWO VERY DESIRABLE properties situated in the town of Napanee. Lot one is situated on the west side of Lincoln street and is suitable for market gardening. Lot 2 is situated on the north side of Mill street, and in the premises there is a large new green house, with perfect appliances for heating. Apply to J. O. Bland, office of this paper for full particulars and terms.

**HERRINGTON & WARNER**  
Barristers, etc.

**MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES**

Office—Warner Block, East St., Napanee. 57

**A. S. ASHLEY,**  
.....**DENTIST**.....  
**40 YEARS EXPERIENCE**  
—12 YEARS IN NAPANEE—  
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

### JINGLES AND JESTS.

**A Little Song of Seasons.**  
They say that fall is here, my dear;  
They say the summer's dead.  
I hear them say the days are drear,  
That timid joy has fled.

Oh, let them sigh and let them sing  
Their dirges solemnly!  
You smile and bring the joy of spring,  
The breath of May to me.

## A HISTORIC BORDER

WHY MASON AND DIXON'S LINE IS BEING RESURVEYED.

**Metal Posts Replace the Stones That Marked the Boundary Between Maryland, Delaware and Pennsylvania—Romance of Famous Line.**

The rapid progress that has been made in the resurvey of the famous Mason and Dixon's line brings into prominence once more that historic boundary which at the time of the civil war was supposed to separate slavery and freedom. The average American knows this line in a vague and general way as a result of its historical significance, but there are few who can tell how, when or why it came into being.

The answers to these questions have nothing whatever to do with the romance of civil war days. In fact Mason and Dixon's line dates from the eighteenth century and even, though indirectly, from the seventeenth.

In 1681 William Penn obtained from Charles II. a charter giving him a tract of land in America. When he and his fellow colonists came over to take possession, they found that the grant established them among impenetrable forests and gave them no coast line whatever.

Penn at once besieged royalty for a fresh grant, and not without success, for he was given more land at the expense of Cecil Calvert, Lord Baltimore. Naturally Calvert was highly incensed at this and immediately started to dispute Penn's rights. Negotiations for the determination of the boundary between the lands of Penn and Lord Baltimore were protracted and bitter, the partisans of each at times coming almost to open war.

The struggle lasted until 1732, when the heirs of the original disputants entered into an agreement for the final adjudication of the boundary. Work was commenced at once, but complications arose, and it was not until 1760 that things were given definite shape by the appointment of a commission to survey the boundary. This commission did its work in a very dilatory way, and the heads of the two colonies became impatient at the slow progress made. Both Penn and Calvert were in London at the time, and they engaged Charles Mason and James Dixon, the two men whose names have become so famous in connection with this line, to complete the work of the commission.

While Mason and Dixon are described as mathematicians and surveyors, or merely as surveyors, they were men of learning and much scientific attainment. Both were elected members of the American Philosophical society.

The two surveyors did their work on the line with the utmost care. They cut a "vista" eight feet wide through the forests and set up a stone at the end of each mile. Every fifth stone was larger than the others and had on the south side the arms of Frederick, Lord Baltimore, and

## THE USE OF STRONG SOAP NOT WASH OUT DIAMOND DYE COLORS.

Diamond Dye colors are absolute and unfading. Washing with strong or exposure in sunlight cannot start these imperishable colors. No other in the world have such a reputation for strength, brilliancy, purity and beauty. Diamond Dyes are the economical dyes; one package will do as much material as three packages of other dye.

If you have not yet seen the attractive Diamond Dye Mat or Patterns, send your address to The Richardson Co., Limited, 200 St. St., Montreal, P. Q., and you will be promptly supplied.

under the joint supervision of the states.

The phrase "Mason and Dixon" first became popular in 1820, when Randolph referred to it as the line separating freedom from slavery. The imagination of the politicians and statesmen had carried it to the of the Ohio river and beyond the ern boundary of Missouri.

## A PUMPKIN PIE SHORT

There is trouble in the country. There is trouble in the town, And 'tis just the sort of trouble That won't at our bidding down, For the grangers sadly tell us That the pumpkin crop is shy, And that means there'll be a shortage In the toothsome pumpkin pie.

Many autumns has this vland Been a feature of each feast, Ticking palates of all eaters, From the highest to the least. It has held a place of honor Next the famed Thanksgiving bird And on all occasions festal Everywhere its praise was heard.

We began to think about it Very early in the spring; Oft we talked about the pleasure That the autumn days would bring. Many times our mouths have watered As we conjured up the scene Of our teeth so slowly closing On the pumpkin pie between.

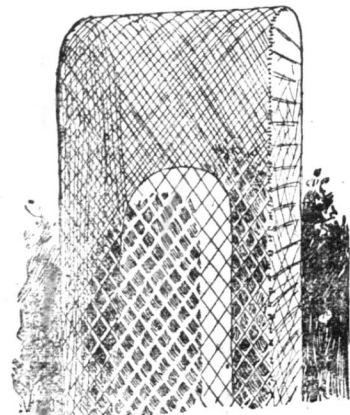
But, alas, for expectations Of what autumn had in store, And, alas, for plans of feasting Based on pumpkin pie galore, For the crop has badly fooled us, And our sorrow is profound As we face this pumpkin shortage, Not enough to go around.

Of the cause there's no use talking That is neither here nor there; We're confronted by conditions, And for theories don't care. We are troubled by this shortage, And we're thinking, as we sigh, Life is not so much worth living When one can't get pumpkin pie —Pittsburg Chronicle-Te

In the Jungle.



Mrs. Bear—Oh, Mrs. Snake, w



OLD STONE POST ON MASON AND DIXON'S

and ad to suitable for market gardening. Lot is situated on the north side of M. H. street, and in the premises there is a large new green house, with perfect appliances for heating. Apply to J. O. Pollard, office of this paper for full particulars and terms.

**HERRINGTON & WARNER**  
Barristers, etc.  
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES  
Office—Warner Block, East St., Napanee. 57

**DEROCHE & MADIEN**  
Barristers,  
Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Court referees, Notaries Public, etc.  
Office—C. H. Hage Block,  
Money to Loan at lower than the "owes" rate  
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 5117 J. H. MADDEN

**T. B. GERMAN,**  
Barrister and Solicitor,  
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.  
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street.  
21-6m Napanee.

**R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.**  
Physician Surgeon, etc.  
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.  
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 5-17

**H. E. PAUL, B. A., M. D., C. M., M. C. P. S.**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office: corner Bridge and East Streets; opposite residence of the late Dr. Grant.  
Telephone—

**THE - DOMINION - BANK**  
CAPITAL (Paid up) \$2,450,000  
RESERVE FUND \$2,450,000  
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS  
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT  
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS RECEIVED  
INTEREST CREDITED THEREON HALF-YEARLY.  
FARMERS' SALE NOTES COLLECTED AND ADVANCES MADE THEREON.  
**T. S. HILL, Manager.**  
Napanee Branch.

**ROBERT LIGHT**  
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN  
Lumber, Doors, Sash,  
Blinds and Mouldings.  
Bee Hives and Sections  
ALWAYS IN STOCK.  
Orders Solicited.  
Richard St.,  
**FACTORY.** Napanee.

## JINGLES AND JESTS.

**A Little Song of Seasons.**  
They say that fall is here, my dear;  
They say the summer's dead.  
I hear them say the days are drear,  
That timid joy has fled.

Oh, let them sigh and let them sing  
Their dirges solemnly!  
You smile and bring the joy of spring,  
The breath of May to me.

### Barnyard Repartee.

First Hen—I don't think much of that new hen. She seems so artificial in her ways.

Second Hen—No wonder. She was raised in an incubator.

### Uncle Eph'm.

"Dey's mo' dan one kind o' wisdom," said Uncle Eph'm. "A woid to de wise is s'ficient, but yo' don't git no chanst to say a woid to de wise guy. He knows it all."

### Matchless.

She is a matchless beauty,  
And that she can't forget.  
A match to make she's tried for years,  
But all in vain, so it appears  
That she is matchless yet.

### Deep Consideration.

"So you won't chop the wood?"  
"I'm afraid," replied Meandering Mike, "dat de exercise would start an appetite dat 'ud trespass on your hospitality."

### Says Henpeck.

Friends, here's a truth that is as clear  
As it is deep:  
"How can a fellow's wife be 'dear'  
While 'talk is cheap?'"

### Of Course He Did.

"What did your husband think of that twenty-five dollar hat you bought last week?"  
"Oh, he just raved over it."

### Nasty Stuff.

W'en my pop talks o' Standard Oil,  
It makes my heart beat faster,  
Fur fear I'll git some, 'cause I know  
The standard oil is castor.

### Beyond Doubt.

"I tell you," said Kwater, "there's nothing like adversity to bring a man out."  
"At the elbows, yes," replied Sannick.

### From the "Billouastine."

I sometimes—so immersed am I  
In problems of the race—  
Forget to take my glasses off  
Before I wash my face.

### Relief at Last.

Mother—You look better, dear, since your engagement was announced. How do you feel?  
Estelle—Rested.

### Redivivus.

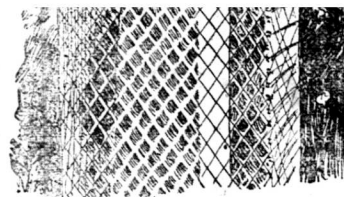
All hail the frosty autumn!  
You can scent her from afar,  
For her garments all are redolent  
Of camphor balls and tar.

### Friendly Interest.

Grace—Why do you persist in repeating that awful scandal about Lucy?  
May—I'm trying to find out if there is any truth in it.

### Craniology.

We're judged by what the head contains,  
And so we oft inquire with care,  
"Is it employed to carry brains  
Or just a place for growing hair?"



OLD STONE POST ON MASON AND DIXON'S LINE.  
[Showing the wire netting put around it to protect it from vandalism.]

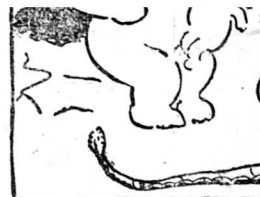
on the north the arms of Thomas and Richard Penn. The intermediate stones had the letter M on the south and the letter P on the north face.

The stones, oolitic limestone, came from England, and their capacity to resist the action of the weather is remarkable. One of the fifth milestones is now on a farm in Pennsylvania, and the coats of arms of the original proprietors are still traceable, though they have been exposed to the elements for over a century. Stones were set up by the two surveyors as far west as Sideling hill, about 132 miles from the northeast corner of Maryland. It was virtually impossible to transport them farther, and the continuation of the line was marked by piles of stone extending as far as the summit of the Alleghenies, beyond which the line was marked by posts surrounded by stones.

As time went on, thanks to carelessness and vandalism, many of the stones were removed from their original position, until at length doubt prevailed as to the exact location of the line in many places. In 1849 a desire was expressed for a resurvey, and commissioners were appointed by each of the states interested. The surveyors found the work of Mason and Dixon very reliable in the main, although the resurvey resulted in Maryland making a slight gain in territory.

The line was remarked by stones, but relic hunters made short work of these after the civil war had made Mason and Dixon's line famous. New stones were set in place surrounded by heavy wire nettings, but even these did not prove invulnerable to curio hunters. It was to give the line permanent markings and to settle an interstate controversy that the present survey was undertaken. Lovers of relics will now have to wield their chisels on metal posts instead of stone ones, for the old order of things has passed away.

The point in controversy between Maryland, Delaware and Pennsylvania concerns the true beginning of the east end of the famous boundary—i. e., the length of the "tangent line" which furnished the point of departure for Mason and Dixon. So much interest was awakened in the matter that in 1890 the Pennsylvania legislature appropriated \$7,000 to re-establish the boundary, and a year later the Maryland legislature followed suit with \$5,000. The work of remarking the line is now almost completed.



Mrs. Bear—Oh, Mrs. Snake, please shake your rattle? Babful I can't quiet him!

### The New Neighbor.

Mrs. Smith—Now, if I can assistance to you, Mrs. Jones, late to call on me.

Mrs. Jones—Well, seeing that been so kind as to offer, those need washing pretty bad, a some curtains to wash and pe boys could clean up this yard some carpets for me, and I thi to borrow some flour and su carving knife and a little bu

### Something That Did.

"What did you see in Chicag ticularly impressed you during there, Mr. Globetrotter?"

"Well, its parks, its bui crowds, and so on."

"That's the old story. Did any particular thing that made ment impression—that stuck, a  
"Oh, yes! At the stockyard man that stuck 500 pigs a

### Utterly Languid.

"Did you know," said the r always worrying, "that the c will be exhausted in a fe years?"

"Well," answered the frien world weary face, "can you You would be exhausted too i worked for a million years you? Why express surprise ple a phenomenon?"

### Their Strongest Poi.

"There's one good thing ab guments of people who want to you how the universe started, going and what is guiding it."

"What's that?"  
"When they get through, yo know as much as you did b way."—Chicago Record-Herald

### A Habit.

"Excuse me," said the old l would you mind telling me w 'yacht' 'yacht'?"

"Oh, ya-as! Been living dear boy. Never can tell where I'm going to drop an l know."

### In Desperate Strai.

Sue—Poor old maid! She getting desperate.  
Belle—What makes you thi Sue—Why, she actually allc pillar to crawl over her cheek feels like a man's mustache phia Record.

### Making It All Rig.

Her Husband—You have go sing that song! You have learned!  
Prima Donna—Then have i on the programme that it is "—New York Times.

### Key to Success.

"What is the key to success: "The ability to make people "Pay for what they get?"  
"No; pay for what you tel are getting."—Chicago Post.

### Good Cause.

Mrs. Towne—How in the v come to have such a profane Mrs. Field—Oh, you know, on the golf links is just ov there.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Sutures do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.

**EUREKA HARNESS OIL**

Sold everywhere in cans of all sizes. Made by Imperial Oil Company.



## USE OF STRONG SOAP WILL WASH OUT DIAMOND DYE COLORS.

and Dye colors are absolutely fast fading. Washing with strong soap sure in sunlight cannot start or fade imperishable colors. No other dyes would have such a reputation for brilliancy, purity and beauty of color. Diamond Dyes are the most ideal dyes; one package will color material as three packages of any dye.

You have not yet seen the new and improved Diamond Dye Mat and Rugs, send your address to The Wells & Sloan Co., Limited, 200 Mountain Street, P. Q., and you will be immediately supplied.

under the joint supervision of the two

phrase "Mason and Dixon's line" became popular in 1820, when John Lph referred to it as the line which tied freedom from slavery. The action of the politicians and the men had carried it to the mouth of Ohio river and beyond the south-Ohio of Missouri.

## PUMPKIN PIE SHORTAGE.

There is trouble in the country. There is trouble in the town. It's just the sort of trouble that won't at our bidding down, or the grangers sadly tell us that the pumpkin crop is shy, and that means there'll be a shortage in the toothsome pumpkin pie.

any autumns has this vian been a feature of each feast, chilling palates of all estates. From the highest to the least, has held a place of honor. Next the famed Thanksgiving bird, and on all occasions festive. Everywhere its praise was heard.

As began to think about it very early in the spring; we talked about the pleasure that the autumn days would bring, any times our mouths have watered. As we conjured up the scene of our teeth so slowly closing on the pumpkin pie between.

at, alas, for expectations. Of what autumn had in store, and, alas, for plans of feasting. Based on pumpkin pie galore, or the crop has badly fooled us, and our sorrow is profound as we face this pumpkin shortage, Not enough to go around.

the cause there's no use talking; That is neither here nor there; e're confronted by conditions, And for theories don't care. e are troubled by this shortage, And we're thinking, as we sigh, if life is not so much worth living When one can't get pumpkin pie.

—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

## In the Jungle.



Bear—Oh, Mrs. Snake, won't you shake your rattle? Baby's so fret.

## NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

To Correspondents.—Persons sending in items from the surrounding district must sign their names to correspondence as a sign of good faith, not for publication. Any correspondence received without the name attached will not be published.

### STELLA.

Once more we have a bridge across to the mainland. Our mail carrier went across on Tuesday with a horse and rig.

The concert and tree given by the Anglicans on New Year's eve was a good success. The performers were greeted by a full house.

On New Year's night the C. O. F. held their annual ball.

Rev. Orser spent a few days in Toronto last week.

Mr. F. W. Girven is attending Queen's this winter.

Miss Emily Montray is teaching in No. 5. All the other teachers are re-engaged.

Mr. Cooper has returned from Chatham.

Mr. Goodbury of Kingston, spent a few days the guest of Mrs. Strain.

Mr. Aylesworth has returned to Moscow, after spending his holidays at Mrs. Jas. Patterson's.

Mr. Will Neilson spent his holidays at Port Hope.

No election here this year. Old council were all elected by acclamation.

—MIDGET.

The Iceman's Troubles.—"My business," says John Gray, ice dealer, of Wingham, Ont., "is one of the most fertile fields under the sun for sowing the seeds for rheumatic suffering. For five years I was a great invalid, words cannot convey the faintest idea of my intense suffering and constant pain I endured. Bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure permanently cured me." Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—146

### BELL ROCK.

At the annual school meeting Sidney Grant was elected trustee for the coming term.

The Christmas entertainment under the auspices of the Methodist Sunday School held on the evening of Dec. 24th, was well attended, the proceeds amounting to nearly \$16. The little ones were almost disappointed because Santa Claus did not put in an appearance as in former years.

Miss Wood, of Sydenham, has been engaged as teacher for the present year.

Byron Ruttan, Moscow, spent Sunday at Isaac B. Wheeler's.

Miss Edith York, Verona, has returned home, after spending the holidays here.

Mrs. C. Carter, of Tamworth, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. York.

Mrs. E. Foster, Wilkison, visited here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Daulton, Sydenham, spent a few days with friends here recently.

Roy Moir is convalescing after a severe attack of typhoid.

Got a Constant Headache?—Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure. 50 cents. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—145

### TAMWORTH.

The holiday season being over again our village has resumed its usual quietude.

# BISHOP HANDY SAYS

"I take great pleasure in acknowledging the curative effects of Peruna. At the solicitation of a friend I used your remedy and cheerfully recommend your Peruna to all who want a good tonic and a safe cure for catarrh."—JAMES A. HANDY.

Prominent members of the clergy are giving Peruna their unqualified endorsement. These men find Peruna especially adapted to preserve them from catarrh of the vocal organs which has always been the bane of public speakers, and general catarrhal debility incident to the sedentary life of the clergyman. Among the recent utterances of noted clergymen on the curative virtues of Peruna is the above one from Bishop James A. Handy, D. D., of Baltimore.

## OTHER NOTABLE CURES.

### A Husband Escaped the Pangs of Catarrh of the Lungs.

Most Cases of Incipient Consumption are Catarrh.



Edward Stevens.

Mrs. Edward Stevens of Carthage, N. Y., writes as follows:

"I now take pleasure in notifying you that my husband has entirely recovered from catarrh. He is a well man today, thanks to you and Peruna. He took six bottles of your medicine as directed, and it proved to be just the thing for him. His appetite is good and every thing he eats seems to agree with him. His cough has left him and he is gaining in flesh, and seems to be well every way."—MRS. EDWARD STEVENS.

An internal remedy that will cure catarrh in one location will cure it in

Peruna can be obtained for \$1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada.

"The Pills of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores, and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

diploma from K. B. C. before the holidays, will remain at home the rest of the winter.

Miss Florence Shewell, nurse-in-training at the general hospital, Belleville, spent New Year's at home.

Pleasant events took place last week at the respective residences of J. Valentine and C. Wiseman, it being a reunion of the Wiseman family, the first in many years. Those from other places were: J. Wiseman, Havebeck; R. Wiseman, Winnipeg; Man; Mrs. C. Smeaton, Kingston; Mrs. E. Wilson, Napanee; Mrs. H. Palmateer, Tweed;

any other location. This is why Peruna has become so justly famous in the cure of catarrhal diseases. It cures catarrh wherever located. Its cures remain. Peruna does not palliate; it cures.

Mrs. Frederick Williams, President of the South Side Ladies' Aid Society of Chicago, Ill., writes the following words of praise for Peruna from 573 Ogden avenue, Chicago, Ill.:

"My home is never without Peruna, for I have found during the past six years that there is no remedy that will at once alleviate suffering and actually cure, as Peruna does. Four bottles completely cured me of catarrh of the head of several years' standing, and if my husband feels badly, or either of us catch cold, we at once take Peruna, and in a day or two it has thrown the sickness out of the system."—Mrs. Frederick Williams.

Mrs. W. A. Allison, of 759 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill., is the Matron of the People's Hospital. She has the following to say about Peruna:

"I have had frequent opportunities to observe the wonderful curative effects of Peruna especially on persons suffering with a congested condition of the head, lungs, and stomach, generally called catarrh. It alleviates pain and soreness, increases the appetite and so tones up the entire system that the patient quickly regains strength and health."—Mrs. W. A. Allison.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

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## JOTS Culled from Exchanges.

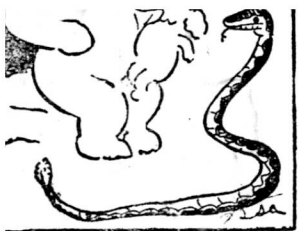
The municipal debt of Smith's Falls is \$500,000.

Dominion parliament will meet on February 6th.

The census returns show that Deseronto has a population of 3,527, Napanee 3,143 and Picton 3,698.

The voting machine used in Kingston on Monday did not give the general satisfaction that was expected.





Bear—Oh, Mrs. Snake, won't you shake your rattle? Baby's so fretful—can't quiet him!

### The New Neighbor.

Smith—Now, if I can be of any use to you, Mrs. Jones, don't hesitate to call on me.  
Jones—Well, seeing that you have a kind as to offer, those windows washing pretty bad and there's a mains to wash and perhaps you could clean up this yard and beat carpets for me, and I think I'd like row some flour and sugar and a knife and a little butter.

### Something That Did.

at did you see in Chicago that partly impressed you during your visit Mr. Globetrotter?  
ll, its parks, its buildings, its , and so on."  
it's the old story. Didn't you see ictular thing that made a permanent impression—that stuck, as it were?  
yes! At the stockyards I saw a hat stuck 500 pigs a day."

### Utterly Languid.

I you know," said the coal who is worrying, "that the coal supply be exhausted in a few million ll," answered the friend with the weary face, "can you blame it? could be exhausted too if you were d for a million years, wouldn't Why express surprise at so simple phenomenon?"

### Their Strongest Point.

ere's one good thing about the arts of people who want to explain to ow the universe started, where it's and what is guiding it."  
at's that?"  
en they get through, you generally as much as you did before, any—Chicago Record-Herald.

### A Habit.

cuse me," said the old friend, "but you mind telling me why you spell 'fact'?"  
," ya-a-s! Been living in London, boy. Never can tell any more I'm going to drop an h, don't you."

### In Desperate Straits.

—Poor old maid! She certainly is g desperate.  
e—What makes you think so?  
—Why, she actually allows a cater to crawl over her cheek because it like a man's mustache.—Philadelphia Record.

### Making It All Right.

Husband—You have got a nerve to that song! You haven't it half d!  
na Donna—Then have it announced e programme that it is "by request." York Times.

### Key to Success.

hat is the key to success?"  
e ability to make people pay."  
y for what they get?"  
y pay for what you tell them they etting.—Chicago Post.

### Good Cause.

h. Towne—How in the world do you to have such a profane parrot?  
t. Field—Oh, you know, the bunker e golf links is just over the way

chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure. 50 cents. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—145

### TAMWORTH.

The holiday seas in Tamworth again our village has resumed its usual quietude.

Our school opened again on Monday last with Mr. Bell as principal, and Miss Chant, of Newburgh, as assistant teacher.

Miss Lucy Wheeler has gone to Belleville for the winter to visit her sister, Mrs. W. Chow.

Rev. Mr. Jones and family have again taken up their residence in the rectory, which is now completed and is one of the finest houses in the diocese.

Rev. Mr. Ballantyne and family, of St. Andrews, are visiting among their old friends in this vicinity. They are heartily welcomed by all.

The election for our township came off very quietly. Our reeve, Mr. Woods, was elected by acclamation. The following are the councillors—J. Wagar, B. J. Lacy, B. O'Neill, James Saul. Mr. Saul is our new man, in place of Mr. Adam Matthews.

Mr. Editor, your correspondent of last week made a slight error in saying there was no correspondent for the EXPRESS. Owing to stress of business and other matters I could not get time to note a few of last week's doings, but am glad that Liberal took up the quill. I do hope, though, that Ontario will not sink too far.

**Discouraged Stomachs.**—Could you wonder at the delicate organs of digestion refusing to be helped and comforted when day after day they are literally "drowned out" by strong tonics, butters and hurtful nostrums. Common sense came into Medical Science when it evolved the tasty tablet dose and discovered a God-send to humanity in Dr. Von Stan's pineapple tablets formula. 35 cents. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—144

### VIOLET.

Mrs. F. E. Vanliven and two daughters, Napanee, have returned after spending the holidays with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Stover, Kingston, have been renewing old acquaintances here.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Sharp entertained a few of their friends New Year's eve, to witness the baptism of their infant son, Earl.

The election of officers of the E. I. of C. E. took place last week.

Misses E. A. Shewell, Albert college, Belleville, and A. N. Sharp, Kingston business college, rusticating at home during the holidays, have again resumed their studies.

H. E. Sharp, having received his

## If You Could Look

into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

# Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. Wells & Co., Toronto, Can., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

the winter.

Miss Florence Shewell, nurse-in-training at the general hospital, Belleville, spent New Year's at home.

Pleasant events took place last week at the respective residences of J. Valentine and C. Wisman, it being a reunion of the Wisman family, the first in many years. Those from other places were: J. Wiseman, Havelock; R. Wisman, Wainipig, Man; Mrs. C. Smeaton, Kingston; Mrs. E. Wilson, Napanee; Mrs. H. Palmateer, Tweed; Mrs. J. Close, Grenna.

Miss L. Cameron, former teacher, has resumed her duties for another year.

**Couldn't Estimate Its Value!**—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart never fails. It relieves in 30 minutes, it cures. It is a beacon-light to lead you back to health. W. H. Musselman, of G. A. R., Weissport, Pa., says: "Two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart entirely cured me of palpitation and smothering spells. Its value cannot be estimated." Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—139

### Hadn't Been Idle.

"Ha!" exclaimed the first flea. "Been on a vacation, eh?"  
"Well," returned the second flea, "I've been on a tramp for a month."—Philadelphia Record.

### A Pointed Affair.

"Is there any point to my poem?" asked the new contributor.  
"There is," replied the editor, "but it is an exclamation point."—Atlanta Constitution.

### Here is a Pointer.

Because you haven't used Catarrhozone is the best reason why you should use it right away. It will cure the Catarrh that makes your breath so heavy and your hearing so poor. Catarrhozone is a scientific cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and Asthma, recommended by doctors and druggists as a certain cure. Mr. Henry A. Taylor, the oldest druggist in Halifax, says "Catarrhozone gives satisfaction wherever it goes, it is simple and convenient to use, and enjoys fully three times the sale of any other Catarrh remedy sold in the city." Catarrhozone is guaranteed to cure, and if it fails you can have your money returned. Price \$1.00 for two months' treatment. Small size 25c. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

### An Unbeliever's Opinion.

"Pa, who was it first said 'Delays are dangerous?'"  
"Oh, I dunno. Some fellow that was engaged to his wife a long, long time, I suppose."

### Encouraging Him.

"I have a very short memory," said Willie Washington self accusingly.  
"One would never think it from the stories you tell," answered Miss Cayenne sweetly.—Washington Star.

### The Arms and the Man.

"I hear, Mrs. Jones, that your husband has two revolvers and a Winchester rifle for any burglars who may call."  
"He had, but they came the other night and stole them."

### Pimples and Blotches

how unsightly, sometimes disgusting, mortifying to the sufferer and unpleasant to all. An evidence of poor blood and lowered vitality of the eliminating organs. They need toning up—the whole system does. You can quickly bring about the improved condition by using Ferrozone. Poisons are driven out of the blood, organs grow stronger, the blood richer, the nerves stronger. Pimples and blotches disappear, color becomes good. Glad! just try and see how much joy can be gotten out of a box of Ferrozone.

## JOTS Exchanges.

The municipal debt of Smith's Falls is \$500,000.

Dominion parliament will meet on February 6th.

The census returns show that Deseronto has a population of 3,527, Napanee 3,148 and Picton 3,698.

The voting machine used in Kingston on Monday did not give the general satisfaction that was expected.

**Piles—Itching, Blind and Bleeding—** Cured in three to six nights. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is peerless in curing. One application gives instant relief. It cures all itching and irritating diseases, Chafing, Eczema, etc. 35 cents. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—143

In the year 1901 Andrew Carnegie succeeded in giving away \$40,000,000 of his immense fortune. He still has \$210,000,000 left.

Mr. James Metcalfe, ex M. P., has been nominated for the Commons by Kingston Conservatives. The election takes place next Wednesday.

Carleton Place's financial statement showed a surplus of cash on hand of \$670.84, after paying all matured claims at the end of the year.

**40 Gems, 10 cents.**—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills cure all troubles arising from torpor of the liver. Easy and quick, banish Sick Headache, purify the blood and eradicate all impurities from the system. The demand is big. The pills are little, easy to take, pleasant results, no pain. 40 in a vial, 10 cents. Or 100 pills 25 cts. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—141

The Daughters of the Empire have adopted a resolution requesting all women to wear violets on Jan. 22nd, in commemoration of the death of Queen Victoria, that being the desire of King Edward.

As a proof that Deseronto's financial affairs are in safe hands, the report of the last meeting of the town council there shows that the town made a clear profit of nine cents by the sale of the band stand.—Picton Times.

**South American Nerve** makes the whole system radiant in perfect health, it accelerates circulation, enriches the blood, penetrates to the very centres of nerve force, builds tissue, makes and keeps people well. This wonderful remedy has had a charmed experience and has done its greatest work in cases that the medical fraternity has pronounced hopeless. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—140

Miss Eva Roch, of Montreal, has for the fourth year in succession had a gift of cataleptic sleep. Last year she slept for a little over two days, beginning Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 24th, 1901, and awakening on Thursday. Three years ago she was in a trance for twenty-four hours, the following for twelve, and the year before for ten. The curious thing is that it has been at the same time every week before Christmas and has never refused to be aroused.

## A Siege

The matrons of the Edison Orphanage at Lowell, Mass., U.S.A., wrote they had a siege of whooping-cough in their institution. They said that every case was promptly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene. Its value in coughs and colds was so great they always kept it ready for use. You know how it's used, don't you? 'Tis heated by a vaporizer and you inhale it. Write us for a book that tells all about it. 2

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A. Recommended and sold by A. W. Grange & Bro. Druggists, Napanee.



# The Red Witch

Or  
The  
Wooring  
Of  
Constantia.

## CHAPTER XXVII.

When the silence had grown positively awful, Norah broke it.

"Well, I never!" she said, simply, but largely.

Neither did anyone else, evidently. There was no dissentient voice. One could see that they were somewhat embarrassed with each other, by the way in which they avoided each other's eyes. Constantia tried to make a remark, but failed; so did Stronge, and then all at once they became aware that something was the matter with Barry.

He was purple. He was writhing, wriggling, in the most extraordinary way, and then the crisis came. He burst into a roar of laughter.

Long and loud he laughed, with a most indecent disregard for public opinion. He was past caring for that. He flung himself indeed upon the mossy sward as though he could no longer support his limbs, and abandoned himself ecstatically to the mirth that had been consuming him for the last five minutes.

Stronge regarded him with extreme severity for a little while, and then, overcome no doubt by his evil example, gave in, and broke into exuberant laughter likewise. Even the fear of Constantia's wrath was powerless to control him. Norah was not long in following suit. Delighted with a chance of cackling at all times, she saw now a splendid opportunity not to be neglected, and gave her mirth full swing without a thought for the morrow, and a sister's displeasure.

As for Constantia she stood stern and uncompromising, gazing at her companions with careful contempt. But after a bit her strength, she found was insufficient for her. Had this revelation come a month ago, before the disclosures on the night of that fatal masked ball, all would have been different; believing Featherston still true, she would have felt crushed, humiliated, heart-broken. But now!

Now they were all laughing; and she was young, she was Irish, she was pretty. It was but a flesh-wound after all. She had received in her first encounter. In spite of a keen struggle with her severer self, the stern lines about her soft lips relaxed, the gravity died from her eyes, and was replaced by a sparkling light that told its own tale. She made one last fight for composure, and then, vanquished, yet without regret for her defeat, she joined in the general merriment, and laughed until the tears ran down her cheeks.

"That's right," said Stronge, with a quick sense of relief as he watched her. Was there a glimmer of hope in that relief?

"Oh, but—" she said, looking up at him. "It is dreadful, is it not? Oh, we should not be laughing—"

"After all, why not?" said Stronge. "There is an element of comicality somewhere around, and we are all infected by it. There is surely no harm in that."

"Garrett, he is calling you names," said Nora suddenly. "He says you are a comical element. It was you who made us laugh, wasn't it?"

"Well, I don't fancy I was the first cause," said Barry. "I was only the vessel but insignificant match. Better be laughing than crying any day. Featherston ought to do the crying naughty boy! By Jove, what a eximio!" Here he went off again.

Constantia shrank back involuntarily, as if frightened, and laid her hand on Norah's arm. That little heroine, however, was not to be daunted. She went straight up to the dark figure and peered into its face.

"Why, it's Kitty!" she said then, in a tone of distinct disappointment; a tone that bordered on disgust; to be so near to the finding of a real bogey, and to have it turn out nothing after all! "What are you doing here, Kitty?" she demanded, with an air of asperity.

A face had emerged from the long black cloak that Irish married women always wear: a face young and pretty. One could see that the cloak had been borrowed. The girl looked past Norah at Constantia, in a timid, uncertain fashion.

"Miss Connie," she said, "could I spake to ye for a moment, if ye please?"

The cloak had fallen back altogether now, and betrayed the dove-colored cachemire gown and muslin apron that formed the female livery at Araglin. Constantia saw that it was Kitty Brian, the under-house-maid there, a girl to whom Lady Varley had been specially kind, taking her out of a poverty-stricken cabin to train as a servant. The girl had returned this kindness by a passionate attachment, that grew with every gentle word from her gentle mistress. "Lady Varley!" exclaimed Constantia anxiously.

"She is not ill? Has anything happened?"

"There is nothing, miss," said the girl, "nothing at all," with a rather forced smile. Her nervousness seemed to grow upon her. "It was only a little thrifle of my own I wanted to— to consult ye about. An I thought if I met ye here in private," with an expressive glance at Norah (who read her, however, like a book) "you might listen to me."

"Certainly," said Constantia, gravely. "Norah, run on to the house, and if Aunt Bridget asks for me, say—I am coming, and that I shall be in presently."

She darted away like a swallow, leaving Constantia alone with the maid.

"Well," said the former, smiling kindly, "what is it? You have something to say to me?"

"There is bad news, Miss Connie," she said, and then again paused, with a swift glance around her into the thickening gloom. "Oh, if I should be overheard!" she said.

"No one can hear you in this out-of-the-way spot," returned Constantia calmly, though her heart was beginning to beat with the expectation of some unknown but surely coming evil. "What is it, Kitty! Speak at once. Something has happened."

"No, no, miss; not yet. But—but what I'm afraid of is that it will happen unless there is some one to prevent it. Miss Connie," in a low, urgent tone, "swear to me you'll not betray that I was the one to spake of what I'm now goin' to tell ye."

"I swear it," said Constantia, without hesitation. And then quickly, "Lady Varley is in danger—trouble!"

"Ay, miss. 'Twill be sad trouble for her if no one can help. But you, Miss McGillicuddy, you can do something. That's why I came to ye. For two long days and nights," cried the girl, in low but excited tones, "this secret has lain upon my heart,

surely of my lady! Such a shame to her, an' before all the world, too! Oh, miss, if you can do anything, do it!"

She drew her breath hard with a kind of sob, as she again turned to the anxious girl.

"And you," she said, looking down on her, "how did you learn all this?"

Kitty fidgeted.

"Why, there's Dinny Murphy up at Ballymore," she said at last.

"I see. I understand. He is your sweetheart—your lover?"

"Why, we do be keepin' company sometimes," said the girl, plucking shyly at her apron. "But faix, I don't think, miss, that there's much in it."

She cast a glance at Constantia out of her eloquent Irish eyes, as she said this, that belied her assertion, and compelled Constantia to believe that there was all the world in it so far as she was concerned.

"May be ye think I should have held my tongue in spite of what I know. May be 'tis blamin' me ye are for spakin' at all," she said presently, puzzled by Constantia's pained silence. "But fegs, miss, dear, I couldn't see the mistress worsted without sayin' a word to somebody who might give her a hand. An' by luck, miss, it struck me that you were the very one to do her a good turn. Miss Connie," she came closer and took Constantia's hand, and lifted it respectfully, and pressed it to her lips, "do something. Do now! I'm a poor, ignorant girl, an' no one would listen to me, or I'd stand up before Father Jerry himself, an' cry it through the parish as a sin an' a shame, if I thought it would do any good to my lady. Oh, miss! to see the face of her, so sad, an' so lonely, as if all the world was astray wid her! If even the baby had been left her—"

"Do not think of that, do not go back to it," cried Constantia hurriedly, a pang at her heart. "I will try what I can do. I promise you; and I am glad, Kitty, that you came to me—me only. No one!"—she leaned forward impressively, and laid her hand on the girl's shoulder—"no one, remember, must know of this but you and I. Think of Lady Varley!"

"I think of nothing else, miss," replied the girl sadly.

To be Continued.)

## TO STEER BY ELECTRICITY.

### Englishman Invents a System of Great Naval Value.

Some interesting experiments in regard to the utility of electricity for steering vessels have been conducted aboard the Earl of Crawford's steam yacht *Valhalla* in Cowes Roads, in the presence of the inventor—the Hon. R. Brougham—the Earl of Crawford, the Earl of Dunraven, and representatives of the British Admiralty and Japanese navy, says the *London Mail*.

An important part of the system is a contrivance for steering from any part of the ship. By leading three wires throughout the length of the vessel it is possible to have any number of steering positions either above or below the water line, with simple electrical connections to the three wires.

This feature, it is believed, will prove a great boon to warships, as the necessary duplication or ordinary steel shafting and gear wheels is subject to risk of disarrangement while in action.

## DIDN'T GET ANY DAMAGES.

"A little strategy and resource will often win an apparently hopeless case," says a well-known barrister. "Take, for instance, a compensation action which I was de-

## ON THE FARM.

### SAVING ICE.

Ice will keep, be the house at the ground or below, if the construction and management are right. There are three points, says a writer, that everyone must absolutely pay attention to. They are ventilation above the ice, drainage below and a body of sawdust or some other non-conductor, about one thick, on top, bottom and sides. Ventilation can be obtained by sized openings in each gable small building, or on all four sides a larger one. The openings may be covered with wire cloth, to keep birds. Blinds may be used large slats turned down so as to keep out the most of the rain, letting the air through freely. In a large building the side openings be right under the eaves, which keep the rain out pretty well. Drainage under the ice may be obtained in various ways. The method mentioned is all right, provided it is fixed so water can readily get to the well, and is pumped up soaked away, before it becomes ice. If the well is on one side, tiled should be laid to bring the water to the house if large. A foot of small stones, covered with twigs of gravel, will also make a drain and a proper foundation. Water may be taken away from this by tile drains that run out to some point that is low enough. Bear in mind that the water must not stand under the ice; you must get it so it can get away out of the foundation as fast as it comes, is all. A correspondent writes using straw around the ice.

Do not know anything about this do know that sawdust will keep ice and is used entirely here. I have used over and over, but course, wastes slowly. I would two feet thick on top of ice. With these precautions, it does matter particularly what the material is, whether of bricks, slabs or lumber; cheap or costly. Just pack your ice on the saw leaving a space a foot wide around, and from time to time that solidly with sawdust as you go, and you are right. There is need of sawdust in the roof, walls of building. A single board is as good as one or inches for sides, or at least is enough. The sawdust, with its spaces, keeps the ice. The building is mostly a shelter to the saw. Of course, it is important that ice be not opened any oftener necessary in warm weather. Out enough for two or three days, practicable, when you go to it take out properly, leaving the thickness of sawdust over all the surface. Icehouses are about a built on level ground in the Then the ice is drawn up with horse and pulley until level with face inside, when it is swung in drawn to its place by hand; tiled in small houses. I think a roof better than one covered slates or painted metal, as it will absorb less heat, and so a white building painted white would be somewhat better than a storied brick one. But these are not particulars. Now you will find ice built in all sorts of ways, but ice keeps well if the important particulars given above have not been neglected when building and storing.

## BARLEY AS STOCK FEE

If fed in moderate quantities



who, we should not be laughing—"

"After H., why not?" said Stronge. "There is an element of comicality somewhere around, and we are all infected by it. There is surely no harm in that."

"Garrett, he is calling you names!" said Nora saucily. "He says you are a comical element. It was you who made us laugh, wasn't it?"

"Well, I don't fancy I was the first cause," said Barry. "I was only the useful but insignificant match. Better be laughing than crying any day. Featherston ought to do the cynical naughty boy! By Jove, what a swindle! Here he went off again."

"I wish we hadn't gone up there to-day," said Constantia nervously. "You must confess we behaved meanly, shamefully, to spy upon him through his open windows, to detect him—"

"Breaking whiskey, with that blue ribbon pinned upon his coat! That's what I call mean and shameful," interrupted Nora, with a little sniff.

"Oh, I hope he didn't see us," said Constantia miserably. She looked so pale and terrified that once again Stronge's heart was contracted by a bitter pang of jealousy.

"To do him justice he doesn't squint, and it would have been impossible otherwise to see us and the bottle at the same time," said Barry, who was determined not to take it seriously. "He gave the preference to the bottle."

"It never occurred to me," said Stronge slowly.

"I did to me," said Barry. "I'm a dull fellow enough, but some instinct stood to me, and told me to mistrust him. This craze for total abstinence was all a plant to get himself into the good graces of Lord Kilbrens, who can give him a push in the parliamentary direction next election. Bah! it makes one sick to think of it."

"Come home!" said Constantia suddenly. She looked distressed, and her hands were trembling. A thought had come to her. "If he should happen to walk this way—to meet us. It might happen." She did not say how often of late he had come through the wood this way to call at The Cottage, and how often she had rushed by the back door into the tiny orchard behind the house to give some color to the servant's answer, "Not at home." "Oh, hurry!" she cried, looking appealingly at Stronge. "If I met him now I could not speak to him—I couldn't indeed, and he might guess—"

Her very lips grew pale at the dreadful thought. Barry sprang to his feet, and they all followed Connie's eager footsteps back towards The Cottage. Just where the wood terminated and the open fields began that belonged to her home, she dismissed her companions.

"Don't take things so much to heart," said Stronge, in a low voice, as he took her hand in parting. "Nothing is worth much grief!"

Yet, how he grieved! How he would grieve forever for the love denied him! He put aside his own feelings for the moment, and spoke this worldly sentiment to try to heal her wound. He was considerably perplexed by the strange look with which she answered him.

"Is that your creed?" she said slowly.

"At least it is a good one," he returned evasively.

He and Barry, having kissed good-night to Nora, turned into a path that led sharply to the right and were soon out of sight. Constantia, with a quick sigh, went on through the wood, hardly heeding the lively Nora's chatter that never for a moment ceased. Towards the end of the path a thick bit of shrubbery grew, and as they entered it, both started as a tall, dark figure stepped out of the rhododendrons, right in front of them.

what I'm afraid of is that it will happen unless there is some one to prevent it. Miss Connie," in a low, urgent tone, "swear to me you'll not betray that I was the one to spake of what I'm now goin' to tell ye."

"I swear it," said Constantia, without hesitation. And then quickly, "Lady Varley is in danger—trouble!"

"Ay, miss. 'Twill be sad trouble for her if no one can help. But you, Miss McGillicuddy, you can do something. That's why I came to ye. For two long days and nights," cried the girl, in low but excited tones, "this secret has lain upon my heart, until I told myself I should spake of it or die."

"Speak, then," said Constantia, with a touch of impatience; "what is this terrible thing that threatens your mistress?"

"My lord—" began the girl, and then stopped abruptly as if frightened.

Constantia drew back. She flushed crimson.

"It is impossible that I should listen to complaints of Lord Varley," she said haughtily. "I thought you too respectable a girl for this sort of thing. Do you think your mistress would like to have the petty unpleasantnesses of her household publicly canvassed?"

She moved as though to pass the girl by; but Kitty Brian laid her hand upon her arm and held her firmly.

"Miss Constance, don't go like that. Hear me," she cried, dropping on her knees and catching Constantia's skirts. "You know—don't ye, no, miss?—that I would sell my heart's blood for the mistress. 'Tis for my lady that I beg, here on my knees. I thought you loved her, so I came to you. Oh, miss, if you will not listen who will? What friend has she upon earth when—her own man is false to her?"

The voice was so tragical, so passionately in earnest, the girl's face so white with honest emotion, that Constantia felt her nerve fail her. Oh, if any real misfortune threatened Lady Varley, what should she do? She entertained for her so warm an affection that she stood now almost paralyzed by this sudden baleful light that had been thrown across her brain. That Lord Varley had been wild, foolish, culpable, she knew; but that word "false," and the girl's impassioned manner—

"Do you know what you are saying?" she murmured faintly.

"Ay, miss; ye heard, maybe, that Mister Dundas went to London about a week ago?"

"Yes."

"Maybe, though ye haven't heard that ever since his goin', my lord has been mornin', noon, an' night up there at Ballymore wid Mrs. Dundas?"

"If you have only to tell me of Lord Varley's visits to Mrs. Dundas, who is a very old friend of his," began Constantia coldly, "I—"

"Ah! but that isn't all, miss," said the girl sadly. "This is Tuesday, an' for Thursday they have it all settled to run away." She threw her arms wide, and then suddenly brought her hands together with a loud clap and burst into tears. "Oh, wirra, wirra! an' what will become of my lady then?" she sobbed frantically.

Constantia was too horrified to have much patience with her wild grief.

"Stop crying," she said imperiously, "and listen to me. Have you proofs? Is there no doubt about all this—disgraceful story?"

"Sorra doubt, miss." The girl was still sobbing, but some indignation came into her tone. "It's all arranged, I tell ya. By starting on Thursday, they'll have a good run before Mr. Dundas has learned the truth. Oh, it will be the ruin en-

above or below the water line, with simple electrical connections to the three wires.

This feature, it is believed, will prove a great boon to warships, as the necessary duplication or ordinary steel shafting and gear wheels is subject to risk of disarrangement while in action.

#### DIDN'T GET ANY DAMAGES.

"A little strategy and resource will often win an apparently hopeless case," says a well-known barrister. "Take, for instance, a compensation action which I was defending on behalf of a certain railway company. At first sight the evidence seemed dead against my clients. The plaintiff came into the court looking weak and feeble, and holding his right arm in a stiff, cramped fashion. He declared that he had not been able to lift it for more than a year; that it was utterly impossible for him to raise it as high as his chin, and all on account of the injury inflicted upon him."

"The jury was against me, so far as I could see. I made up my mind that the alleged victim of the accident was shamming, and that he could lift his arm if he wished to do so. I therefore commenced by saying to him, very sympathetically:—

"Your arm is extremely painful, is it not?"

"Yes, sir, it is."

"You have talked about it to your physician, your family, and friends, haven't you?"

"Yes, sir."

"They all know that you cannot lift it, yes?"

"Oh, yes."

"Were you able to lift it before the accident?"

"Yes, certainly."

"How high could you lift it?" was my next question.

"Without thinking of the consequences, up went the injured arm, with the answer, 'As high as that,' right above the man's head."

"Of course, the roars of laughter that followed this performance utterly dumfounded the shammer, and he didn't get any damages."

#### EMPIRE SOLD BY AUCTION.

This occurred in the case of the Roman Empire. On the death of Pertinax in 193, the Praetorian Guard put up the empire for sale by public auction, and, after an animated competition between Sulpician and Julian, it was knocked down to the latter for 6,250 drachmas. The Romans held auctions of various kinds, the proceedings being much the same in all cases. The auction sub hasta, which was a sale of plunder, was held under a spear stuck in the ground. The magistrate, auctioneer, or auctioneer, was chosen from among the argentarii, or money changers, and his assistants were the cashiers.

#### BESIEGED BY PIGS.

In front of the town of Monastir, a little port near Tunis, is the island of Kuriate, upon the rocky foundation of which a lighthouse has been erected. The keeper, however, has had to barricade his door against the attacks of a number of swine which have been allowed to multiply unchecked on the island, where they have accounted for every scrap of vegetation and every head of game. They were particularly fond of rabbits, which once abounded on the island. The food supply failing, they developed a ferocity which has made them dangerous to the lighthouse keeper, and their extermination has been resolved upon.

Green peas contain 22 per cent. of nourishing feed, potatoes 1 per cent. less, and cucumbers only 4 per cent.

drawn to its place by hand; in small houses. I think a roof better than one covered slates or painted metal, as it sorbs less heat, and so a building painted white would be somewhat better than a stone brick one. But these are not tials. Now you will find ice built in all sorts of ways, but ice keeps well if the important tials given above have not been neglected when building and sto-

#### BARLEY AS STOCK FEED.

If fed in moderate quantities meal is very valuable, writes Lewis O. Folio. For horses found it better than corn. summer being short of oats count of the unusually small of the previous season, I fed to my working horses one peck of ground barley meal three times with very satisfactory result. ever, if barley meal is fed in large quantities it is too heat horses. For dairy cows or cattle I have always found valuable. It gives about the result as a mixture of equal meal and oats. While barley is not as highly concentrated builder as corn meal, it forms firm and solid muscles. It is satisfactory feed for horses, and sheep than corn meal, as ver causes the feverish condition observed when corn meal is large quantities.

As a food for hogs it has given good results if finely ground. It also makes a better grade of than when hogs are fattened solely on corn, as is common case in the states of the middle. Although the flesh of hogs fed does not contain quite as proportion of fat as when fed solely on corn, it still contains considerable percentage, is it has a sweet, delicious taste, absent in corn-fed pork. How do not wish to be understood vocating the exclusive use of as a feed, for any kind of fat meats, as a mixed ration is always desirable.

To obtain the best result from it should always be ground fine, and for hogs it is best to use it at least a few hours before. In localities where corn can be grown to advantage barley can be grown to advantage. In large degree he made to place as a feed for all farm except horses, whose grain should mostly consist of oats. secure a good crop of it should be sown as early as possible in spring, after all danger of frost is over, and on very rich with a firm and mellow soil to a good crop. Poor land is valueless for barley.

#### THE COW'S FOOD.

The quantity of manure made in one year is very large, especially if all the liquids are saved. With the use of little claimed that a cow will make of manure a month, but this includes the absorbent matter of the litter, which serve to prevent rather than to add anything to the manure. It is not to be looked, however, that even value of the litter is eliminated proportion of liquids and solid so large. The value of cattle depends largely upon their digestibility. There is more protein in than in corn fodder, but the latter is more digestible. Some coarse are valuable, however, in assisting digest the concentrated foods. ing bulk to the mess and separating the materials, especially the coarse foods are reduced to condition. Even if but a por-

# ON THE FARM.

## SAVING ICE.

will keep, be the house above round or below, if the construction and management are right. There are three points, says a writer, that everyone must absolutely attend to. They are ventilation above the ice, drainage below it, body of sawdust or some similar non-conductor, about one foot on top, bottom and sides. The attention can be obtained by good openings in each gable of a building, or on all four sides of the ice. The openings may be covered with wire cloth, to keep out Blinds may be used with slats turned down so as to let out the most of the rain, while letting the air through freely. In a building the side openings may be under the eaves, which will let the rain out pretty well. The space under the ice may be obtained in various ways. The well or cistern mentioned is all right, provided fixed so water can readily get to the well, and is pumped out or run away, before it becomes full. A well is on one side, tile drains are laid to bring the water to the house is large. A foot deep wall stones, covered with two inches of gravel, will also make a fair and a proper foundation. The water may be taken away from below by tile drains that run outside the point that is low enough. In mind that the water must stand under the ice; you must fix it can get away out of the foundation as fast as it comes, that is all.

A correspondent writes of straw around the ice. I do not know anything about this, but now that sawdust will keep the ice and is used entirely here. It can be used over and over, but, of course, it wastes slowly. I would put feet thick on top of ice. Now, these precautions, it doesn't matter particularly what the building is, whether of bricks, stones, or lumber; cheap or costly. Pack your ice on the sawdust, leaving a space a foot wide all around, and from time to time fill solidly with sawdust as you go and you are right. There is no sawdust in the roof, or in the walls of the building. A single inch of straw is as good as one or more inches of sawdust, or at least is good enough. The sawdust, with its air spaces, keeps the ice. The building is mostly a shelter to the sawdust. Of course, it is important that the ice not be opened any oftener than necessary in warm weather. Take care enough for two or three days, if possible, when you go to it, and cut it properly, leaving the fullness of sawdust over all the top of the ice. Icehouses are about always on level ground in the west. The ice is drawn up with a pulley until level with the inside, when it is swung in and set in its place by hand; that is all houses. I think a shingle better than one covered with painted metal, as it will absorb less heat, and so a wooden lining painted white would be a better thing than a stone or one. But these are not essential. Now you will find ice houses in all sorts of ways, but the principles given above have not been needed when building and storing.

## BARLEY AS STOCK FEED.

the straw foods are digested, they are prepared for the manure heap by the animals, and are thus increased in value compared with wasteful use.

## FARM NOTES.

Shrubs growing in a poor soil seldom produce bright, high-colored flowers. Iron filings and scales collected about a blacksmith's anvil have a tendency to intensify the color of many plants, if dug into the soil about their roots.

When the dairyman mixes knowledge with skim milk, he can usually get 25 cents per 100 by feeding it. Out when the skim milk is used with ignorance he does well if he realizes 10 per 100.

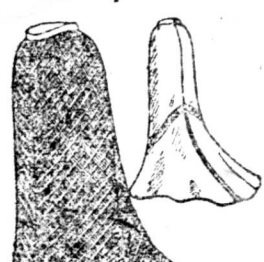
The preservation of tools and machinery on a farm is an important matter, as one of the principal sources of expense is repairs. Tools are costly when not kept in some place where they will be protected against the weather. In the spring when the hurry of work comes, the implement most required is unfit for service, and a new one may be necessary, or repairs, which should have been procured before, must be purchased. It is not unusual for farmers who change locations to find themselves loaded with tools they did not suppose they possessed, the clearing up for removal bringing to light some that had been stored away where they could not be found. Other farmers leave their plows, harrows and other implements in the fields to rust.

## CATCHING FISH.

The natives of Tutuila, one of the Islands of Oceania, have a peculiar method of catching fish. At a given signal all the inhabitants of the village assemble on the seashore, to the number of about 200 persons, each one carrying a branch of the cocoa palm. With these in their hands they plunge into the water and swim a certain distance from the shore, when they turn, forming a compact semicircle, each one holding his palm perpendicular in the water, thus making a sort of sieve. The leader of the party then gives a signal and the fishers all approach the seashore gradually in perfect order, driving before them a multitude of fishes that are cast on the sands and killed with sticks.

## GLASS MADE BY LIGHTNING.

Tubes of glass made by lightning are often found in sand. The electricity passes into the ground and melts the silicious material, forming little pipes, the inside diameter of which represents the "bore" of the "thunderbolt." Such tubes measuring as much as 27 inches in length have been discovered. No doubt exists as to the method of their manufacture, inasmuch as people have sought for them and dug them up still hot from places freshly struck by lightning. Attempts have been made to reproduce them artificially by passing a powerful current of electricity through finely powdered glass. In this way pipes nearly an inch long and as big as a darning needle have been obtained. From the comparative size one gets a notion of the enormous energy of lightning.



# The Doubleton Wealth.

Mr. Towle had no faith in the Doubleton wealth. "My wife's a good, savin' little woman," he'd say, "but she's got to worship some image, an' this time 'tain't a gold calf, but a washed one."

Mrs. Towle had met Mrs. Doubleton at some social function. Mrs. Doubleton had been very friendly, not a bit stuck up, and had invited Mrs. Towle so cordially to call on her.

Mrs. Towle and Sarah had made the first call. Amy didn't want to go, and Mrs. Towle decided that it wouldn't look well for so many to go the first time.

The call was a success. Mrs. Doubleton took her guests through the house, showed them the new extension, containing a reception room, a music hall, a den for Mr. Doubleton, and a conservatory. Mrs. Towle went into ecstasies over the mammoth begonias, rubber plants, tropical ferns and gigantic palms, compared with which her healthy geraniums and double petunias dwindled into insignificance.

The Towles were quite taken with the Doubletons and talked incessantly of the generosity of Mr. Doubleton to his family and of the beautiful things the Doubletons had.

"Whew!" exclaimed Mr. Towle, coming into the sitting room one evening. "Cleaning house all over again?"

"'Tain't artistic to have things arranged in that old stiff way," said Sarah.

Mrs. Towle wouldn't admit that the Doubletons were in any way associated with these innovations. "I meant to have shifted things a bit," she explained, "but hadn't had time."

"These things had to be fixed. Things won't last forever," she said, as she pulled the newly upholstered sofa farther out into the sitting room. "We might as well do them now as any time. They said they'd return our call soon."

"This is Doubleton style, eh, Amy?"

"Yes, dad, double tons of it," said Amy, who hinted that Mrs. Doubleton's drawl and Miss Doubleton's lisp made her tired.

"Well, you see, I ain't used to it, and the things kind o' look as if they was a-playin' puss in the corner with themselves. I see mother got a run o' Doubleton fever on her back. I know the symptoms. 'Twon't kill if the constitution's strong enough to wear out the disease. I guess she'll pull through this time. They say in the village Doubleton's got more on his back than he can carry. They say Blinks—"

"They're always saying something, they're so envious. The Doubletons have nice things, and you can't get nice things without money—we can't, anyway."

"No, sirc, we can't, an' we don't want to, what's more, mother."

The Doubletons took right hold of the chapel work, sold the old organ, and got up entertainments on a new pipe organ, which was taken back by the manufacturer the next year. "They're stirring things up and land knows it's time; we'd got into a rut."

"Pears to me, mother, 'twasn't bad slippin' in the old rut—a sight easier a it's a-goin' to be in the one they're a-takin' out."

"That stingy Mrs. Grimby's got a new bonnet, and the Joneses have painted the front of their house—"

share, \$500 apiece, I could do it, an' if I didn't have the money right handy, I could give him collateral on the farm. He said there was just this one share left an' a doctor in the city stood ready to grab it up, but he gave me the option first 'cause his people thought a sight o' my people. He said he couldn't live as he did an' make the money he made out o' farmin' (anyone with half an eye could see that, the way he lived an' the way he farmed it), but out o' speculations like this on a big scale, above petty competition. He said they'd want more capital by an' by, but they could water the stock a little. He didn't want me to say a word about this to anyone—mum was the motto. I was the only one he'd let into the concern in our town, 'cause his wife an' daughter'd teased him to. He said I needn't be afraid; there'd be no risk, for he'd guarantee me my \$500 or \$1,000—he'd rather I'd take the \$1,000 share so as to keep it close—back at a month's notice. He'd give me a written guarantee signed by himself an' a friend in town, a man of large property. Doubleton, he's a slick talker, an' he had it all pat at his finger's or tongue's end.

"He was in somewhat of a hurry to close the deal before the season got too advanced. Well, sir, he talked me right into it. If I'd had the \$500 or \$1,000 with me, I'd have given it right to him. As 'twas, I'd a-give him that collateral there an' then, but you see, the women folks was a-waitin' an' 'twas late, so I said I'd think 'bout it. 'Twasn't news to my wife when I told her, an' she was all of an end to have me go in, an' so was Sarah, our eldest girl. Amy didn't say anything. Doubleton's wife had got 'em all ready before he set his net for me. Well, that was on Thursday, an' Saturday I was to let Doubleton know what I'd do. I see Doubleton in the village Friday, an' he put himself in my way at every turn, but I didn't say a word. I came home with a check for \$75 in my pocket for my wool—'ve got 26 cents that year. I'd sold my lambs well, too, an' this check (it was gilt edged, with a good, sound name onto it), with what I had in the bank an' a note Brill was to pay me the next week, 'ud make about \$800 I'd have in the bank. He wouldn't have to use it, neither, an' yet my wife was always grumblin' an' sayin' farmin' didn't pay.

"Well, as I was sayin', I come home feelin' kind o' good. I see the parlor blinds open. The folks have company, I sez. My wife met me at the door. 'Hush,' she sez; 'don't talk so loud. Mrs. Doubleton an' her daughter are in the parlor; they've come over to spend the afternoon.' An' Sarah, she was a-makin' a salad or something. 'Pa,' she sez, 'you must put on a clean shirt.'

"Mrs. Doubleton was awful gracious an' nice, an' talked about my sheep, an' said I had such a nice family an' such bright girls. She said farmin' was slow, she knew that—she was a farmer's daughter an' Mr. Doubleton was a farmer's son.

"I didn't say a word till they'd gone, then I told 'em I'd heard in the village. It seems Downs had gone up there to levy on the carriage team for his meat bill, an' Doubleton's girl come out an' forbid him 'cause the horses was hers. Downs said they owed him about \$150, an' 'twasn't worth a snap, for the place belongs to Mrs. Doubleton's brother an' is mortgaged for all its worth an' the personal property's all the girl's. I didn't see Doubleton Saturday nor Sunday to church. I guess he's never been seen round here since. The next week his family, as Amy said, 'folded their tents like the Arabs an' silently stole away,' an' left the big house with its new extension."



to its place by hand; that is, I think a shingle better than one covered with or painted metal, as it will absorb heat, and so a wooden painted white would be at better than a stone or one. But these are not essential. Now you will find ice houses of all sorts of ways, but the well if the important essential above have not been when building and storing.

**RLEY AS STOCK FEED.**

in moderate quantities barley is very valuable. writes Mr. O. Folio. For horses I have better than corn. Last being short of oats on account of the unusually small yield of vious season, I fed to each of king horses one peck of finely-barley meal three times a day every satisfactory result. How-

barley meal is fed in very quantities it is too heating for dairy cows or young I have always found it very e. It gives about the same as a mixture of equal parts of id oats. While barley meal is highly concentrated a fat as corn meal, it forms more d solid muscles. It is a more tory feed for horses, cows ep than corn meal, as it ceases the feverish condition of- served when corn meal is fed in quantities.

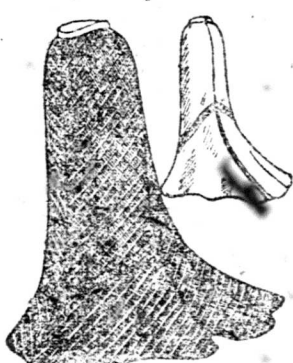
food for hogs it has always good results if finely ground. makes a better grade of meat en hogs are fattened. exclu- on corn, as is commonly the the states of the middle west, gh the flesh of hogs fed barley it contain quite as large a ion of fat as when fed exclu- on corn. It still contains a rable percentage, is firm and sweet, delicious taste, entirely in corn-fed pork. However I wish to be understood as ad- ing the exclusive use of barley ed, for any kind of farm ani- is a mixed ration is always de-

tain the best result from bar- should always be ground very id for hogs it is best to soak ast a few hours before feeding. dities where corn cannot be to advantage barley can to a degree be made to take its s a feed for all farm animals, horses, whose grain ration mostly consist of oats. To a good crop of barley it be sown as early as possible g, after all danger of a heavy over, and on very rich land, firm and mellow soil to insure crop. Poor land is almost s for barley.

**THE COW'S FOOD.**

quantity of manure made by a one year is very large. es all the liquids and solids are. With the use of litter it is that a cow will make a ton re a month, but this estimate e the absorbent materials of er, which serve to prevent loss than to add anything of value manure. It is not to be over- however, that even if the f the litter is eliminated the ion of liquids and solids is al- e. The value of cattle food largely upon their digestibil- here is more protein in straw corn fodder, but the latter is igestible. Some coarse foods able, however, in assisting to the concentrated foods by giv- k to the mess and separating aterials, especially when the foods are reduced to a fine on. Even if but a portion of

enormous energy of lightning.



**CIRCULAR SKIRT.**  
22 to 30 Waist.

Skirts that fit snugly at the upper portion but flare freely at the feet are essential to correct style. No model combines the two features more perfectly than the circular one, and none is so well adapted to wide materials. The smart design shown combines the circular upper portion with the circular flounce, and so gains additional flare at the lower portion. As illustrated, it is made of striped cheviot, cut bias, and both skirt and flounce are seamed at the centre with V effect, but the seam can be omitted when preferred, and all dress materials of the wider sorts are appropriate.

The skirt is fitted by means of short hip darts, the fulness at the back being laid in inverted plaits, that meet over and conceal the seam in centre back. The flounce also is circular, and flares with fashionable fulness at sides and back. The original is finished with a band of satin faced cloth, stitched, but the edge of the skirt can be laid over the flounce and stitched into place when a simpler finish is desired.

To cut this skirt for a woman of medium size 3 1/2 yards of material 44, or 3 yards 54 inches wide will be required when skirt and flounce are cut without seam at the front; 5 1/2 yards in either width when cut bias and with seam, but in the latter instance the pieces will be found ample for a waist.

Teaspoon-Why are you so angry with the doctor? Mrs. Teaspoon-When I told him I had a terrible tired feeling he told me to show him my tongue.



Book Agent-I suppose you don't get much exercise. Adam Upp-Well, I'm running up and down columns of figures all day, if that counts for anything.

"No, sirree, we can't, an' we don't want to, what's more, mother."

The Doublictions took right hold of the chapel work, sold the old organ, and got up entertainments on a new pipe organ, which was taken back by the manufacturer the next year. "They're stirring things up and land knows it's time; we'd got into a rut."

"Tears to me, mother, 'twasn't bad slippin' in the old rut—a sight easier'n it's a-goin' to be in the one they're a-stakin' out."

"That stingy Mrs. Grimby's got a new bonnet, and the Joneses have painted the front of their house; the back needed it a sight worse."

"Yes, ma, Laura's got a silk cape and Mrs. Doubleton had the cutest little red rose in her bonnet."

"I might have a rose in my bonnet. I guess I'm as young as Mrs. Doubleton."

"We'd been spendin' the day over to Jake Sybrandt's," said Mr. Towle to a friend, afterward.

"Jake's a cousin o' my wife's. We was comin' home through the village just about dark, when Doubleton come runnin' out o' the hotel an' hailed me. He wanted the women folks to come in, too, an' have something warm to drink, but my wife wouldn't get out."

"Well, sir, I thought I'd never get away from him. He had just the chance of my life to offer me. He was getting up a stock company, with a capital of \$10,000, to drop a pound net across the St. Lawrence river. He said if 'twas necessary he could get a grant from the government to build some shanties along the shore, 'cause he had a pull with some of the members of their parliament. We could pack the fish, an' ship 'em to markets, an' sell the little ones an' refuse for manure. He said there was a company a-doin' it in Great South Bay, makin' themselves rich hand over fist, he knew, because one of the stockholders was a connection of his. He said he visited the place an' it was a sight. That one of the pounds was 500 feet long and 300 feet broad, made of steel wire nettin' held in place by a double row of heavy spiles drove into the sand. The nets, he said, was fine, an' one of 'em, he said, was just cram full o' fish, from three to five pounds, an' there was a lot o' bluefish an' skates an' mackerel. He said they made just a solid wall, an' they told him there was over 30,000 fish in one of them pens."

"He said if I wanted to get some other feller to go halves on a \$1,000

village. It seems Downs had gone up there to levy on the carriage team for his meat bill, an' Doubleton's girl come out an' forbid him 'cause the horses was hers. Downs said they owed him about \$150, an' 'twasn't worth a snap, for the place belongs to Mrs. Doubleton's brother, an' is mortgaged for all it's worth, an' the personal property's all the girl's. I didn't see Doubleton Saturday nor Sunday to church. I guess he's never been seen round here since. The next week his family, as Amy said, 'folded their tents like the Arabs, an' silently stole away,' an' left the big house with its new extension an' modern improvements, just like a milestone without a figger."

"It came out later that Doubleton 'd buzzed that fish story into half a dozen pairs o' ears in the place, an' 'et'ally got \$500 out o' 'Lias Brill, the wool buyer."

"I guess them little weak fishes an' skates an' bluefishes an' bonitees is a swimmin' round the St. Lawrence, where no meshes disturbs their dreams nor sports, an' we're a-farmin' it kind o' slow, just as we used to."

**RED TAPE IN RUSSIA.**

**Badly Injured Man Could Not Leave His Post Until Ordered by the Czar.**

Through the explosion of a powder magazine several persons were recently injured in Batoum, in Russia. Among them was the soldier who was on guard at the gate leading to the magazine. One of his arms was shattered and there was also an ugly wound in his chest. Still, though on the verge of fainting, he remained steadfastly at his post.

There his colonel saw him and said: "What are you doing here? Don't you see that the magazine has been blown up and that there is nothing for you to guard? You look half dead and I order you to go at once to the hospital."

"Colonel," was the reply, "I cannot do it. My sergeant instructed me to stay here."

"But your sergeant has been killed," remonstrated the colonel.

"That does not concern me," said the soldier. "There are only two persons who can relieve me from my duty, my sergeant and my Emperor."

Seeing that the man was determined to remain on duty until relieved, the colonel telegraphed the fact to the Minister of War, and the latter at once laid the matter before the Czar, with the result that the latter sent a despatch relieving the soldier of duty and at the same time announcing his intention of conferring upon him a gold medal and a decoration. Not until this despatch was handed to the soldier did he consent to go to the hospital. He had then been fourteen hours on duty.

**GENIUS AND GOUT.**

Mr. Havellock Ellis, in the course of his researches into the causes of death of great men, and into the ailments to which they are subject, finds that gout is a preponderating ailment of genius. The list given of the victims of gout is a long and interesting one. It includes Jey Milton, William Harvey, Isaac Newton, Samuel Johnson, Savage Lander, W. R. Hamilton, and last, though by no means least, Darwin himself. Epilepsy has long been known also as an ailment associated with a high order of brain. Napoleon, Mohammed, Lord Herbert of Cherbury, and Hamilton are cited as examples of the epileptic tendency. Julius Caesar might probably have been added to the list, while Swedenborg is claimed by alienists as also belonging to the epileptic division.

# LEADING MARKETS.

## The Ruling Prices in Live Stock and Breadstuffs.

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Wheat—The market is firm at 76c to 77c middle freights. Good wheat is steady at 66½c for No 2 east middle freights. Spring wheat is steady at 75c for No 1 east. Manitoba wheat is steady at 88c to 89c for No 1 hard, 81c to 85c for No 1 northern and 80c to 81c for No 2 northern, all rail, via Barnia, grinding in transit. December shipment, and 1c less via North Bay.

Flour—The market is steady at \$2.90 to \$2.95 for 90 per cent. patents in buyers' bags, middle freights. Choice brands are held 15c to 20c higher. Manitoba flour is steady at \$4.20 for cars of Hungarian patents and \$3.90 for strong bakers' in car lots, sacks included, on the track Toronto.

Millfeed—is steady at \$20.50 for cars of shorts and \$18.50 for bran middle west. Manitoba millfeed is firm at \$22 for cars of shorts and \$21 for bran, sacks included, Toronto freights.

Barley—is steady at 57½c for No 1 55c for No 2, 54c for No 3 extra middle freights, and No. 3 51c to 53c outside according to location.

Buckwheat—is steady at 55½c to 56c middle freights.

Rye—is steady at 58c middle freights.

Corr—is steady at 60c to 61c for Canada mixed and yellow west.

Oats—Are easier at 42c to 42½c for No. 2 white middle freights.

Oatmeal—is steady at \$5.35 for cars of bags and \$5.50 for barrels on the track Toronto, and 25c more for broken lots.

Peas—Are firm at 84c to 85c middle freights.

### PROVISIONS.

There is a fair movement in hog products and the market is steady to firm for most lines. The offerings of dressed hogs are not very liberal, and holders are fairly firm in their views since the weather turned colder, as they can stack the hogs when the temperature is frosty. Local dealers are offering \$8 for cars of dressed hogs on the track here.

Pork—Canada short cut, \$22; heavy mess, \$21.50.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats.—Long clear bacon, tons 10½c, cases 10½c; breakfast bacon, 14c; hams, 13c to 13½c; rolls 11c; shoulders, 10½c; backs, 14c; green meats out of pickle are quoted at 1c less than smoked.

Lard—Tierces 11c, tubs 11½c and pails 11½c to 11½c.

### DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter—The offerings of choice butter are not very heavy, there is a good demand for the gilt-edged goods, and all coming forward seem to meet with a ready sale. The best dairy pound rolls, choice large rolls and choice dairy tubs are steady to firm. The low grade and medium stuff is slow at 10c to 12½c. There is a good demand for creamery and prices are steady:

Creamery, prints, 20c to 22c do solids, 19c to 20c Dairy pound rolls, 11½c to 18c do large rolls, 16c to 17c do tubs, 16c to 20c do medium and low, 10c to 12½c

Cheese—There is a fair demand and the market is firmer at 10c to 10½c for job lots here.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

5s 3½d; May, 5s 3½d; flour, 19s 3d to 20s 6d.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—There were only 20 loads offered for sale at the Toronto Cattle Market this morning. The demand was not very strong, and so the trading was at unchanged prices for all classes of cattle. The offerings included 332 cattle, 209 sheep and lambs, 223 hogs and 2 calves.

Export Cattle—Were in good demand, but the offerings did not include any choice cattle of this kind. Prices were steady at \$4.50 to \$5.25 per cwt. for the choicest offerings, this being merely a nominal price. Medium cattle sold at \$3.50 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Butchers' Cattle—Were the largest offerings to-day, and they sold at steady prices. Very choice cattle would have sold at \$4.45 per cwt if offered, but there were none on the market. The range for the best offerings was \$4 to \$4.35 per cwt; common to choice ones sold at \$3 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Feeders and Stockers—Were not offering. They are selling at \$3.50 to \$3.75 for short-keep feeders and \$3 to \$3.50 for heavy feeders.

Sheep—Were steady, selling at \$3 to \$3.40 per cwt for export ewes. The run was light and the prospects are for a good demand to-morrow.

Lambs—Also were in good demand and sold steadily at \$3.75 to \$4.50 per cwt. A good demand is expected also for lambs to-morrow.

Hogs were steady, selling at \$6.75 for choice, \$6.37½ for fats and \$6.12½ for lights.

We quote:

Export cattle, choice, cwt.....	\$4.50	\$5.25
do medium.....	3.50	4.50
do cows, per cwt.....	2.50	3.50
Butchers' cattle, picked, do choice.....	4.00	4.45
do fair.....	3.00	4.00
do cows.....	3.50	3.60
do bulls.....	2.25	2.75
do hogs.....	2.50	3.25
Feeders, short-keep.....	3.50	3.75
do medium.....	3.00	3.35
Stockers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs.....	3.00	3.50
do light.....	2.50	3.00
Milk cows, each.....	35.00	50.00
Sheep, export ewes, cwt.....	3.00	3.40
Lambs, per cwt.....	3.75	4.50
Hogs, choice, per cwt.....	6.70	0.00
Hogs, fat, per cwt.....	6.37½	0.00
Hogs, light, per cwt.....	6.12½	0.00

### BOERS CAPTURE CONVOY.

#### Stiff Fight in Which the Enemy Lost Heavily.

A despatch from Bloemfontein says:—Four hundred men of Driscoll's Scouts left Springfontein on December 20 with the object of clearing the country in the Philipopolis district of armed Boers. On Christmas Day the Scouts sighted a number of Boers attached to Herzog's commando. When the Boers saw the Scouts they took flight. Col. Driscoll, with the greater part of his command, gave chase. The rest of the Scouts were left to guard the wagons. These were soon after attacked by another body of burghers from the rear and a stiff fight ensued. Before Col. Driscoll's main body could return to assist the escort, the Boers captured and burned the wagons and their contents, saving only the liquids. When Driscoll's main force returned the Boers scattered. The Boers had five killed and many wounded. Eight prisoners were taken.

A commando of 400 men under Chas. Nieuwoudt, Munik Hertzog, Pretorius and Thammussen, is now hovering in the Fauresmith district. This force is being looked after by Weston's, Hamilton's, and Driscoll's columns. While a fight was proceed-

# NAPOLEON'S ORDER.

## THE LEGION OF HONOR AND HOW IT WAS FOUNDED.

Despite the Ridicule the Project at First Invited Its Inauguration Proved That Napoleon Knew French Human Nature.

France owes the Legion of Honor to Napoleon. All orders of chivalry had been abolished by the revolution and had left a gap which it was not easy to fill. "They are mere geegaws," said Monge, the chemist, who had taught the revolutionists how to make gunpowder out of plaster of paris. "Geegaws, if you will," the first consul answered, "but people like them. Let us approach the question frankly. All men are enamored of decorations—the French more than any. They positively hunger for them, and they have always done so."

This was at Malmaison in 1802. In May the conseil d'etat was invited to consider the project of the institution of the Legion of Honor. It was ridiculed by many, notably by Moreau, who as victor of Hohenlinden was bitterly jealous of the victor of Marengo. At a dinner party he sent for his cook and said to him in the presence of his guests: "Michel, I am pleased with your dinner. You have indeed distinguished yourself. I will award you a saucen of honor." Mme. de Stael was also satirical upon the subject. "Ah, one of the decorated?" she used to ask each guest who was shown into her salon.

But Napoleon had gauged human nature correctly. His Legion of Honor did meet a felt want, and it was definitely inaugurated on July 14, 1804. Among the eminent men of science and men of letters on whom it was then bestowed were included Laplace, the mathematician; Lalande, the astronomer; Cuvier, the naturalist, and Legouve, the poet. The most notable name omitted was that of Bernardin de St. Pierre, just then in disgrace for championing Mme. de Stael, whom Napoleon had banished, but he got the decoration later on the entreaty of Queen Hortense.

After Jena Goethe was decorated. A little later high promotion in the order was given to General Lamarque, to whom Sir Hudson Lowe had surrendered at Capri. "What did you do with him?" asked Napoleon. "The king of Naples had him exchanged for a Neapolitan general who was a prisoner in Sicily." "Very well; there is no harm in letting this English colonel go. He is not dangerous." It seems not unlikely that Sir Hudson Lowe remembered this sarcasm when he was Napoleon's jailer a few years afterward.

After Napoleon's downfall the question of suppressing the Legion of Honor arose. Chateaubriand, whom Napoleon had not decorated, strongly urged its abolition. So did Puzzo di Borgo, Marshals Victor, Marmont and MacDonald opposed. After debate it was decided to recognize and retain the order, not on any high moral or patriotic grounds, but because Louis XVIII. could not afford to make himself more unpopular than he was already by stripping people of their decorations. Chateaubriand and Lamartine consented to accept the red ribbon, but it was also conferred upon a great number of worthless personages and so brought into contempt.

There have been many Legion of Honor scandals since those days, but one of them surpasses all the others in magnitude. This is, of course, the Wil-

# DISAPPEARING WRITING.

The Way a Big Swindle Was Successfully Worked in Paris.

A number of Parisian financiers recently defrauded of a very considerable sum of money by a swindle relied for the success of his scheme entirely upon the peculiar properties of iodide of starch. Posing as a considerable wealth, whose money had been lost in such a manner that he could not realize without heavy loss, he pretended to have the option of valuable concessions in China, and obtained various large amounts of money in exchange for bills dated for three months.

No one for a moment suspected there was anything in the least shady about the man or his transactions, and when he made it public he had been successful in selling Chinese concession at a large price creditors felt absolutely certain he would meet his bills.

To their immense surprise, when they came to look through papers to find the bills they only bills with blank spaces in the where the swindler's name should have been and had actually been, clamored round him for an explanation of the strange affair, but he denied them to sue him for repayment of the loans, and the fact that they were devoid of the swindler's signature rendered them absolutely less.

The matter was put into the hands of the police, who were able to find that in signing the bills the man used a solution of iodide of starch, which, when first used for writing, appears much the same as ordinary ink, but completely disappears in the course of a few weeks, and, although the chemical may subsequently be discovered, nothing can make the ink show up again. Finding the victims had discovered his method, the swindler decamped, despite the fact that the chances of the police finding a conviction against him were remote indeed.

### WAVES OF WATER.

Slow rivers flow at the rate of seven miles an hour.

The amount of water flowing in the Nile is sixteen times that of the Thames.

The English channel is now less than 900 feet deep. The Irish 2,120 feet deep.

The largest gulf in the world is the Gulf of Mexico—800,000 square miles almost twice as big as the Bay of Bengal.

The Paraná of Brazil and the Amazon is the largest river in America.

The shallowest of all seas is the Baltic and the Adriatic, which only forty-three and forty-five feet respectively.

Askaniya, in Tibet, is the highest place on earth, which lies at a greater height than any other in the world. Its level is 29,000 feet. The lowest is the Dead Sea, 1,290 feet below sea level.

### A Judicial Retort.

Sir William Meredith, chief justice of Ontario, Canada, was formerly a prominent politician as well as a famous lawyer. He was especially for his success as prosecutor in the case of the fugitive, and few criminals escape conviction when he addressed the jury.

During one of his political meetings he was speaking at a meeting



steady to firm. The low grade and medium stuff is slow at 16c to 12½c. There is a good demand for creamery and prices are steady:

Creamery, prints.....20c to 22c  
do solids.....19c to 20c  
Dairy pound rolls.....17c to 18c  
do large rolls.....16c to 17c  
do tubs.....16c to 19c  
do medium and low.....10c to 12½c

Cheese—There is a fair demand and the market is firmer at 10c to 10½c for job lots here.

#### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—The receipts are fairly liberal, but the supply of strictly fresh new-laid and fresh gathered is comparatively light, and the quality of the so-called fresh gathered is so poor in many cases that dealers are inclined to recommend their customers to give the preference to the best quality of lined. There is a limit to the period which fresh can be held which does not enable them to compete as held stock with lined goods prepared to withstand the ravages of time. It is expected that the hens will begin to lay early next month, and then the offerings of strictly new-laid stock should become more liberal. Prices are steady at 25c for case lots of new laid, 18c to 20c for fresh gathered, 17c to 18c for No. 1 lined and 15c to 16c for No. 2 lined.

Potatoes—The offerings are moderate, there is a fair demand and the market is steady; cars on the track here are quoted at 70c; potatoes out of store sell at 80c to 85c.

Poultry—The receipts of choice fresh killed stock are not large, there was a good demand to-day for the best class of poultry and the market was steady at 9c to 10c for turkeys, 8c to 9c for geese, 60c to 90c for ducks and 20c to 65c for chickens.

Hops—The market is quiet. Prices are unchanged, at 13c for Canada 1901 and 8c for yearlings.

Honey—The market is unchanged at 9c to 10c for bulk and \$1.50 to \$2.50 for frames.

Dried Apples—Are steady at 5c to 6c for job lots here, and evaporated are quoted at 9c to 10c in a jobbing way.

Beans—Are steady at \$1.61 to \$1.65 for choice hand-picked here, and unpicked are quoted at \$1.40 to \$1.50 for job lots.

Baled Hay—There is a fair demand and the market is steady. Cars on the track here are quoted at \$9.50 for No. 1 timothy and No. 2 at \$8 to \$8.25.

Baled Straw—Is steady. Cars on the track here are quoted at \$5 to \$5.50.

#### BUFFALO GRAIN MARKETS.

Buffalo, Jan. 7.—Flour steady. Wheat, spring, dull; No. 1 northern, 85c; winter, no demand; No. 2 red, 92c. Corn dull, No. 2 yellow, 70c; No. 3 70c; No. 2 corn, 69c; No. 2 do, 68c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 51c; No. 2 do, 50c; No. 2 mixed, 49c; No. 3 do, 48c. Barley, 65c to 70c. Rye, No. 1 70c.

#### EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS.

London, Jan. 7.—Close—Wheat, on passage, quiet and steady; cargoes about No. 1 Calit., iron, passage, 30s 6d sellers; Australian, iron, January and February, 30s 6d sellers. Maize, on passage, more offering. Wheat, English country markets of yesterday quiet; French country markets of yesterday quiet.

Liverpool, Jan. 7.—Close—Spot wheat quiet; No. 1 standard California, 5s 5d; Walls, no stock; No. 2 red winter, no stock; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1½d to 6s 3½d; futures quiet; March, 6s 3d; May, 6s 3½d; spot corn quiet; old, 5s 8d to 5s 8½d; new, 5s 6½d to 5s 6½d; futures quiet, January, 5s 4½d; March

sued. Before Col. Driscoll's main body could return to assist the escort, the Boers captured and burned the wagons and their contents, saving only the liquids. When Driscoll's main force returned the Boers scattered. The Boers had five killed and many wounded. Eight prisoners were taken.

A commando of 400 men under Chas. Nieuwoudt, Munik Hertzog, Pretorius and Thammuisen, is now hovering in the Fauresmith district. This force is being looked after by Weston's, Hamilton's, and Driscoll's columns. While a fight was proceeding on Christmas day between the British, under Driscoll, and a Boer force, under Hertzog, Commandant Nieuwoudt, with 250 men, watched the operations from the top of Hennenwer's kop, near Fauresmith. His men shared in the capture of some liquor.

Col. Dumoulin recently captured twenty-eight prisoners near Elenburg. Of this number twenty-four, including Field Cornet Dutoit, arrived here on New Year's Eve.

Major Bolton, of the Wiltshires, has been appointed provost marshal of Bloemfontein to succeed Capt. Salmon, who left for Cape Town on Wednesday.

A force of Boers attempted to cross the railway line between Springfontein and Kuitfontein Monday night, but were repulsed by the blockhouse garrison. The Boers came from the direction of Bethulle.

#### TRANSVAAL PROSPERITY.

Former Burghers are Participating In It.

A despatch from Pretoria says:—In spite of the severe reverses to the British Imperial Yeomanry reported last week, the New Year finds the general situation here vastly more serene than it was a year ago. For instance, last January the Boer Commandants Kemp and Beyers maintained a vigorous bombardment of Kaalfontein. To-day that place and the entire district between Pretoria and Johannesburg, and for miles around is almost as safe as Piccadilly in London, or Broadway in New York. The markets here are booming. Large property sales are of daily occurrence. Land seven miles from Johannesburg is selling at £50 an acre, in anticipation of the growth of a great city, with electric tramways radiating wide into the suburbs. New industrial and commercial enterprises are being promoted. Work at the mines is now maintained unbroken, and the supply of native labor is satisfactory.

It is understood that 10,000 natives are coming almost immediately from Mozambique to meet the growing labor requirements of the Rand. Foodstuffs and the necessities and even luxuries of life are plentiful. Merchants are not giving the wares for nothing, as is the case with the heavier classes of goods. Even former burghers recognize the change. Some of the wealthier among them are actively participating in the beginning of the great development which they now plainly see and welcome.

There is a confident spirit in all classes, born of the general feeling that the war is nearing an end. The tale of reductions in the Boer forces keeps up its average. For the month of December it was about 1,600, and as this is in the face of diminished aggregate, it is held to point to the inevitable approach of numerical exhaustion.

Servant—"Please, ma'am, I'd like to give you a week's notice." Mistress—"Why, Mary, this is a surprise! Do you hope to better yourself?" Servant (blushing)—"Well, not exactly that, ma'am. I'm going to get married."

der, not on any high moral or patriotic grounds, but because Louis XVIII. could not afford to make himself more unpopular than he was already by stripping people of their decorations. Chateaubriand and Lamartine consented to accept the red ribbon, but it was also conferred upon a great number of worthless personages and so brought into contempt.

There have been many Legion of Honor scandals since those days, but one of them surpasses all the others in magnitude. This is, of course, the Wilson scandal, the history of which, though intricate, is worth recalling.

The trouble may be said to have begun on the day on which Mlle. Allee Grevy fell in love with an opera singer who need not be mentioned here. He wanted to marry her, and she wanted to marry him, and the papers were beginning to couple the two names in a manner most embarrassing to the president of the republic. The president, however, sent the opera singer about his business and found his daughter another husband, not a very good husband, but the best husband he could procure on the spur of the moment. His choice fell upon M. Daniel Wilson, who had long been one of M. Grevy's political supporters and was a financier of some mark.

No sooner was M. Wilson established at the Elysee than he proceeded to enrich himself by various means. Among other things, he founded a paper called *Le Moniteur de l'Exposition Universelle*, which really covered a traffic in decorations. The whole story came out in a state trial toward the end of 1887. It was proved that Wilson had made a regular practice of selling the Legion of Honor, or, rather, of inviting people who wanted it to bribe him to use his influence to obtain it for them. His overtures were presented through his jackals, Generals d'Audlan and Caffarel and Mmes. Limousin and Ratazzi, and the whole party had to stand in the dock together.

Wilson was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, a fine of 3,000 francs and five years' deprivation of civil rights. He appealed, and the court of cassation annulled the judgment. The accused, said the judges, was obviously guilty of everything that he was charged with, but as his offenses were not anticipated by any punitive law he could not be punished. So he retired to the country and tried to live down his bad name. As he ultimately got himself elected conseiller general, one must suppose that he succeeded in this object.

#### His Mission.

A lawyer was passing along the street carrying under his arm a law-book, when he was accosted by a self righteous individual: "Ha, Mr. Blank! And where are you going to preach to-day?"

"I don't preach, I practice," replied the lawyer.

#### BOUGHT BRITISH FAILS.

Sixty Thousand Tons Ordered for Mexico.

A despatch from London says:—It was stated in the city on Thursday afternoon that despite American competition an order for 60,000 tons of steel rails for Mexican railways has been placed with British manufacturers.

The banana is 44 times more productive than the potato, and 131 times more so than wheat.

Lady—"How dirty your face is, little boy." Boy—"Yes'm; we hain't had no company for more'n a week."

which lies at a greater height than other in the world. Its level is feet. The lowest is the Dead Sea, 1,200 feet below sea level.

#### A Judicial Retort.

Sir William Meredith, chief justice of Ontario, Canada, was formerly prominent politician as well as a lawyer. He was especially, for his success as prosecuting attorney, and few criminals escaped conviction when he addressed the jury.

During one of his political campaigns he was speaking at a meeting in a city of London, his native town, audience was turbulent and frequently interrupted. Finally from the gallery cut into one finer flights with a sarcastic "and get your hair cut!"

Sir William, who wore his somewhat longer than is usual, stopped by a burst of laughter as soon as he was able to make self heard he turned the laugh at the audience by this reply: "My if I'm not mistaken, I've had my hair cut before this!"

#### Fainting.

The direct cause of fainting is diminished circulation of blood to the brain. To revive a person who has fainted it is necessary, therefore, to stimulate as quickly as possible. In order to do this the head should be laid quite flat, the head level with the body, so that the acting heart will not have to pump blood upward. The neck and should be exposed, fresh air at freely, water sprinkled on the face stimulating vapors, such as ammonia held at intervals to the nostrils. There is difficulty in restoring circulation, friction over the region heart with the hand or a rough should be applied vigorously.

#### Exemplifying an Adage.

"Yes," said the old condemned who had followed the railroad all my life. I wasn't exactly bored, but I was married on the rate of forty-five miles an hour. "That was a good deal like me in haste."

"It was. And we got tired, other while we were making the trip on a freight train."

"That was a good deal like me at leisure."

#### Grow Handsome.

Would you like to be truly handsome? Thoreau says: "We are all tors and painters, and our nature is our own flesh and blood and Any nobleness begins at once to a man's features and any near sensuality to imbrute them." So now, you sour visaged, plain people, go along about your faces and grow handsome.—National Era.

#### NEW BRITISH WARSHIP.

Will Have Greater Gun Than Any Now in Navy.

A despatch from Glasgow says: The British Admiralty has the Clyde shipyards to tender for the construction of two ships, each of 16,500 tons; improved first-class cruisers, a protected cruisers. The official for promptitude. Work on 20 ships now in course of construction may be expedited. The new ships will have greater gun than any vessels now in the navy.

He who sows brambles must go barefoot.

## DISAPPEARING WRITING.

say a Big Swindle Was Successfully Worked in Paris.

Member of Parisian financiers were defrauded of a very considerable sum of money by a swindler who for the success of his scheme upon the peculiar properties of starch. Posing as a man of considerable wealth, whose money was in such a manner that he could utilize without heavy losses and being to have the option of some considerable concessions in China, he obtained large amounts of money for bills dated to stand for months.

He for a moment suspected that was anything in the least degree about the man or his transactions and when he made it public that he had been successful in selling his concession at a large profit his friends felt absolutely certain that he had met his bills.

At their immense surprise, however, they came to look through their bills to find the bills they only found with blank spaces in the places where the swindler's name should have been and had actually been. They turned round him for an explanation of this strange affair, but he denied that he had ever given any of them bills and then to sue him for repayment of loans, and the fact that the bills were devoid of the swindler's signature rendered them absolutely worthless.

The matter was put into the hands of the police, who were able to discover a signing the bills the man had a solution of iodide of starch, when first used for writing, appears much the same as ordinary ink, but completely disappears in the course of a few weeks, and, although traces of the chemical may subsequently be detected, nothing can make the writing show up again. Finding that his scheme had discovered his method, the swindler decamped, despite the fact he had the chances of the police obtaining conviction against him were very small indeed.

## WAVES OF WATER.

Rivers flow at the rate of three miles an hour.

The amount of water flowing out of the Nile is sixteen times that of the Rhine.

The English channel is nowhere more than 300 feet deep. The Irish sea is 1,000 feet deep.

The largest gulf in the world is the Gulf of Mexico—800,000 square miles—twice as big as the bay of Bengal.

The Paraná of Brazil and Argentina 30 miles in length and after the Amazon is the largest river in South America.

The shallowest of all seas are the Adriatic, which averages forty-three and forty-five yards' depth respectively.

Mount Chén, in Tibet, is the lake which lies at a greater height than any in the world. Its level is 16,000 feet. The lowest is the Dead sea—1,300 feet below sea level.

## A Judicial Retort.

William Meredith, chief justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, was formerly a very prominent politician as well as a lawyer. He was especially noted for his success as prosecuting attorney in several criminal cases, when he addressed the jury.

During one of his political campaigns he was speaking at a meeting in the

## HE SAVED THE SCOW

A CLEVER BIT OF STRATEGY IN AN ENGINEERING JOB.

How a Young American Engineer Brought His Spirit of Invention to Aid in Solving a Wreck Problem in South America.

"It is easy enough for an engineer to show ability in New York or in other big towns where he can get about all the tools and conveniences ever devised. It is when an engineer finds himself in the wilds of a jungle or up in the mountains, hundreds of miles from civilization, that his own natural ingenuity and invention count," said a veteran engineer to a youngster who had been admitted to the ranks of the Engineers' club.

"Down in Surinam, Dutch Guiana, where the arrival of a sailing schooner causes a sensation, where a mail steamer enters the muddy harbor once in two weeks to tarry two hours to get rid of its mail and to take on a few passengers, there was once a young American engineer who showed that he had the proper spirit of invention to advance him to the front ranks of the profession. Like all the best inventions, his was the simplest one, and it was one that was widely talked about among the profession to the credit of the inventor.

"To understand the story properly you need a trifling insight into Surinam and its habits. Here Indians may be seen on the streets wearing only a breechcloth. The white population is so scarce that all are thrown together as if in one large family. Englishmen, Americans, Germans, Dutchmen and Frenchmen all combining together and forming clubs and society to keep themselves from dying of sheer loneliness.

"In this primitive town there was a man who held the splendid monopoly of owning a large scow. That, up there, seems a remarkably small thing to be proud of, but the value of even a scow depends entirely upon where the scow is and what it will cost to replace it. This particular scow had been built by American ship carpenters sent especially from the United States at great expense. There was not another scow in the entire harbor, and about all of the heavy river work to be done for the city and plantations and mining companies was done by this one vessel. Its loss, therefore, would have been not only a severe one for the owner, who had a monopoly of the business in those days, but it would have been little short of a national calamity.

"One day, while the scow was anchored in midstream, one of those smashing black squalls for which the tropics are famous broke over the river, and for twenty minutes you could not see ten feet away or hear a man shouting at your elbow. When the storm finally abated, the scow was not to be seen, and it was found she had gone down, deck load and all. To most of us there seemed about as much chance of raising the vessel as there would be to raise an ocean steamer sunk in the middle of the Atlantic.

"It was about this time that the young engineer took a hand in the problem. He asked the dimensions of the scow and was told that it was 12 by 60 feet, and then he announced that if the owner would provide him with four men he would raise the scow for a certain sum of money. The bargain was made, though the contractor refused to say how he would go about

## CANADIAN TOBACCO.

An Expert's Opinion of That Grown in Essex and Kent.

The Detroit Journal quotes Mr. Ernest Bailey, the English tobacco expert, who has spent four years in Essex and Kent Counties, purchasing Canadian tobacco for the English and Canadian markets, as saying:—"Canada green is becoming a popular smoking tobacco all over the Dominion and in England, and will soon take the place of the southern weed in the hearts of Canadian and English smokers. When I came to Canada in 1897," said Mr. Bailey, "the tobacco grown in Essex county was a glut on the market. The farmers had their barns full of the weed, and they could not dispose of it at the low price of two and a half cents per pound. Altogether the farmers had on their hands 8,000,000 pounds. Now, from last year's crop, which amounted to almost 50,000,000 pounds, there is not a pound left in the barns. The producers found a ready market for the weed at seven and nine cents per pound.

"The farmers of Essex and Kent Counties made more money out of their few acres of tobacco this year than the farmers of eastern Canada did out of their hundreds of acres of wheat. The soil of these two counties is peculiarly adapted to the growth of tobacco, and I feel certain that the product will increase in richness as the seasons roll by. The price of the weed will also increase, and it seems certain that the farmers of this district will never be able to raise more than enough tobacco for the demand."

## POPPING THE QUESTION.

St. Louis Minister Thinks Women Should Propose.

A St. Louis despatch says:—Dr. Charles L. Kloss, pastor of the First Congregational Church at Webster Grove, has caused a sensation by suggesting, in an interview, that women should propose marriage.

There are nearly 300 members of the congregation, and last year there were only about a dozen marriages among the members. Dr. Kloss is dissatisfied to blame the women. He says they are too timid, and that there is no reason why they should not do the proposing themselves.

"The idea seems to have always been that women are dependent upon the men," Dr. Kloss says. "There is no reason why this opinion should not be removed. Let them become men's economic equals, and then they can do the proposing themselves, instead of waiting for the men to come along and ask them to become their wives. Right now women do not let men propose to them until they are ready, and there is no reason why they should not have and exercise the same right of proposing as men."

## HALF DISQUALIFIED.

Montreal's Voting Strength for Mayoralty Only 16,670.

A despatch from Montreal says:—The Mayoralty contest that will now shortly be in progress will be affected materially by the number of voters who are disqualified through the non-payment of taxes and water rates. Out of a total normal qualified voting strength of 38,000, no less than 21,330 will be unable to cast their ballots.

The significance of such a condition of affairs will be at once seen when it is pointed out that at the election of two years ago only 20,233 votes were cast in all, while this year, supposing every vote to be recorded, the aggregate will only reach 16,670.

## NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Very Latest Items From All Parts of the Globe.

### DOMINION.

The city assessors place the population of Vancouver at 28,000.

Mrs. H. A. McKeown of Halifax, a bride of two months, is dead of smallpox.

The British Columbia Government has stopped the export of cedar to the United States.

A peculiar disease has carried off a number of the Island Lake half-breeds north of Edmonton.

An Alleghany, Pa., citizen is erecting a \$25,000 residence near Beaumaris, in the Muskoka lake region.

Montreal's Customs collections for last year total \$9,465,643, an increase of \$411,057 over the previous year.

The loss by fire which destroyed the Grand Central hotel and adjoining buildings at Portage la Prairie will reach \$75,000.

There has been a suspension of the trading stamp business at Kingston and Woodstock pending a decision on the legality of local by-laws.

Winnipeg clergymen and educationists have asked the Manitoba Government to introduce the Public School system among the Galicians and other foreigners.

B. B. W. Rorison, of Windsor, who has been in the Dominion postal service 45 years, has been superannuated. He was mail clerk on the first G. T. R. train between Toronto and Montreal.

Arrostock County, N. B., produced last year between 10,000,000 and 15,000,000 bushels of potatoes. Prices have ranged from \$2.25 to \$1.65 per bbl. for the merchantable roots. Those sold to the starch manufacturers have brought from 20 to 50 cents.

### FOREIGN.

Last year 1,233 vessels were launched in Great Britain.

A Catholic College is to be built at Lake Forest, near Chicago.

A Royal Commission will examine the coal resources of Great Britain.

An employee of the Credito Predial Bank of Lisbon has embezzled \$125,000.

It is rumored that Yale University will get \$1,000,000 from Andrew Carnegie.

Last year the San Francisco mint converted \$81,072,590 from bullion to coin.

Pu-Twing-Nin, a prominent Chinese reformer, has been arrested and will be beheaded.

The oil pumping station boiler at Rhodens, Pa., blew up scalding to death four men.

The annual sparrow hunt near Panama, Ill., has resulted in the bagging of 24,000 sparrows.

A new submarine cable has been laid between Horta, Island of Fayal, Azores, and Waterville, Ireland.

Immediately after Easter the work will begin of preparing Westminster Abbey for the coronation in June.

A. F. Baehr committed suicide near Florence, Arizona, after an accident that would have maimed him for life.

The German Government has decided to attach agricultural experts to the more important German consulates.

Fireman Henry Schopper leaned from the cab of his engine while



...in 11 feet, is the lake  
les at a greater height than any  
in the world. Its level is 16,000  
The lowest is the Dead sea—  
set below sea level.

**A Judicial Retort.**  
William Meredith, chief justice of  
Canada, was formerly a very  
out politician as well as a law-  
yer. He was especially noted  
success as prosecuting attor-  
d few criminals escaped convic-  
he addressed the jury.  
g one of his political campaigns  
speaking at a meeting in the  
London, his native town. The  
e was turbulent and he was  
tly interrupted. Finally a voice  
the gallery cut into one of his  
ights with a sarcastic "Oh, go  
your hair cut!"  
William, who wore his hair  
at longer than is usual, was  
l as he was able to make him-  
ard he turned the laugh and won  
lence by this reply: "My friend,  
not mistaken, I've had your  
t before this!"

**Fainting.**  
Direct cause of fainting is a di-  
ed circulation of blood through  
in. To revive a person who has  
it is necessary, therefore, to al-  
s condition as quickly as possi-  
in order to do this the individual  
be laid quite flat, the head on a  
ith the body, so that the feebly  
heart will not have to propel the  
upward. The neck and chest  
be exposed, fresh air admitted  
water sprinkled on the face and  
iting vapors, such as ammonia,  
intervals to the nostrils. When  
s difficulty in restoring anima-  
riation over the region of the  
with the hand or a rough cloth  
be applied vigorously.

**Exemplifying an Adage.**  
"I said the old conductor, "I  
ollowed the railroad about all  
e. I wasn't exactly born on a  
but I was married on one at  
e of forty-five miles an hour."  
t was a good deal like marrying  
e."  
vas. And we got tired of each  
while we were making the return  
a freight train.  
t was a good deal like repenting  
ure."

**Grow Handsome.**  
ld you like to be truly beauti-  
l-horeau says: "We are all sculp-  
d painters, and our material is  
v flesh and blood and bones.  
obleness begins at once to refine  
s features and any meanness or  
lity to imbrute them." So there,  
you sour visaged, plain faced  
go along about your business  
row handsome.—National Maga-

**W BRITISH WARSHIPS.**

**Have Greater Gun Power  
han Any Now in Navy.**  
spatch from Glasgow says:—  
ritish Admiralty has invited  
yde shipyards to tender bids  
e construction of two battle-  
each of 16,500 tons; five ar-  
first-class cruisers, and two  
ed cruisers. The officials ask  
mptitude. Work on 20 war-  
ow in course of construction  
e expedited. The new battle-  
will have greater gun power  
ny vessels now in the navy.

who sows brambles must not  
refoot.

...gone down, deck load and all. To most  
of us there seemed about as much  
chance of raising the vessel as there  
would be to raise an ocean steamer  
sunk in the middle of the Atlantic.

"It was about this time that the  
young engineer took a hand in the  
problem. He asked the dimensions of  
the scow and was told that it was 12  
by 60 feet, and then he announced that  
if the owner would provide him with  
four men he would raise the scow for  
a certain sum of money. The bargain  
was made, though the contractor re-  
fused to say how he would go about  
the job.

"Now, you must know that aside  
from the ebb and flood tide, which al-  
ternate every six hours, there is also  
what is known as a spring tide. This  
comes with the full of the moon, and it  
has the effect of making a higher flood  
tide than any during the month. The  
opposite to the spring tide is the neap  
tide, and that happens at the dark of  
the moon, with the effect that at no  
other tide during the month is the ebb  
tide so low as it is at that time. The  
difference in the height of water be-  
tween the ebb and flood tide, and the  
flood at spring tide is considerable.

"The engineer waited until neap tide.  
On that day he towed a number of logs  
down the river. These he anchored  
over the scow and sent men below to  
fasten chains to one side of the scow,  
and these he fastened to the logs on  
the surface. Then he waited patiently.  
As the spring tide approached he towed  
other logs down the river until he  
had enough to make quite a raft, and  
on the day of the highest tide all the  
logs were tied together and fastened.  
The tide rose steadily, and the more it  
rose the more the raft went down un-  
der the strain of the pull on the chains.  
At last, just as it seemed that the raft  
was unequal to the occasion, it was  
seen to bob up violently, and a moment  
later there was a commotion in the  
water, and the scow appeared. What  
had happened, of course, was this: The  
chains pulling upward on one side of  
the scow tilted it more and more until  
the deck load began to slide off, and  
finally, when all the stones had slid in-  
to the river, the scow came up under  
its own buoyancy. The remainder was  
simple. The vessel was towed to the  
shore, where it was hauled up on the  
sand, and when the water receded the  
holes bored into the hull caused the  
scow to empty. Later the holes were  
plugged up again, and the old ship was  
as fine as silk."

**George Was Slow.**  
She—If you could have one wish.  
George, what would it be?  
He—It would be that—that—that—oh,  
if I only dared tell you what it would  
be!  
She—Oh, please go on! Do tell me!  
He—I dare not. But, oh, if only I  
could!  
She—Well, why don't you? What do  
you suppose I brought the wishing sub-  
ject up for?

**SMALLPOX IN MONTREAL.**

**The Epidemic Gradually Diminish-  
ing.**

The amount of smallpox in Mont-  
real is gradually diminishing. There  
are now only 45 patients in the hos-  
pital, the smallest number in over a  
month, and only 19 houses are un-  
der quarantine. Altogether the  
smallpox situation is assumed to be  
very encouraging, and no further  
spread of the disease from within  
the city is feared. The utmost vigi-  
lance will still be exercised on all  
railroads to prevent further incur-  
sion from without.

A despatch from Montreal says:—  
The Majority contest that will now  
shortly be in progress will be affect-  
ed materially by the number of vot-  
ers who are disqualified through the  
non-payment of taxes and water  
rates. Out of a total normal qual-  
ified voting strength of 38,000, no  
less than 21,330 will be unable to  
cast their ballots.

"The significance of such a condi-  
tion of affairs will be at once seen  
when it is pointed out that at the  
election of two years ago only 20,  
133 votes were cast in all, while  
this year, supposing every vote to  
be recorded, the aggregate will only  
reach 16,670.

The total vote in the city is, ap-  
proximately, divided between 25,  
000 French-Canadians and 13,000  
English-speaking citizens of all na-  
tionalities. Of the 21,330 disquali-  
fied on the present occasion, 14,700  
are French-Canadians and 6,640  
English-speaking.

**FRUIT MARKS ACT.**

**Several Convictions Reported in  
Eastern Ontario.**

Mr. W. A. MacKinnon, officer in  
charge of the fruit branch of the De-  
partment of Agriculture, at Ottawa,  
reports that the first convictions un-  
der the Fruit Marks Act have just  
taken place in Eastern Ontario. The  
goods examined consisted of apples  
destined for England. They had  
been "irregularly faced," and were  
apt to mislead the buyer.

Messrs. McNeil and Scriver, depart-  
ment inspectors, are busy in Toronto  
calling upon dealers and informing  
them of their rights under the act,  
in order that they may not be im-  
posed upon. Mr. Vroom, inspector  
in Nova Scotia, is engaged in the  
newer fruit-growing sections of the  
country, and is doing good work  
even to the extent of showing im-  
proved methods of packing.

**BITTER FEELING.**

**Jealousy and Distrust Among the  
Powers.**

The Vienna correspondent of the  
London Times says there are signs  
that people in the Austrian capital  
are coming round to a more reason-  
able view of the South African War.  
At the present moment, he says,  
there are scarcely two Continental  
peoples that love one another more  
than they love the British. At no  
time during the past quarter of a  
century has there been more jealousy  
and distrust among the European  
powers.

A peep behind the scenes, says the  
correspondent, would show English-  
men who fear an anti-British Con-  
tinental League that such a danger is  
more remote than ever. Some pow-  
ers would esteem themselves fortu-  
nate if they could induce Great Brit-  
ain to be their ally.

**AUSTRALIA ANGERED INDIA.**

**Protest Against the Effort to Bar  
Asiatic Labor.**

A despatch from London says:—  
A despatch to the Times from Cal-  
cutta says the Bengal Chamber of  
Commerce has addressed the Gov-  
ernment of India regarding the Aus-  
tralian bill prohibiting postal con-  
tracts unless only white labor is  
employed on the mail steamships.

The Chamber points out that 70-  
600 La car seamen and firemen are  
employed on mail steamships, and  
that these men are likely to be  
gravely injured by the bill. The  
Viceroy is urged to protest against  
the effort of the Commonwealth to  
interfere with Asiatic labor beyond  
its own jurisdiction.

It is intimated that it is pos-  
sible that the British Government  
may intervene to secure the modifi-  
cation of the bill.

A new submarine cable has been  
laid between Horta, Island of Fayal,  
Azores, and Waterville, Ireland.

Immediately after Easter the  
work will begin of preparing West-  
minster Abbey for the coronation in  
June.

A. F. Baehr committed suicide near  
Florence, Arizona, after an accident  
that would have maimed him for  
life.

The German Government has de-  
cided to attach agricultural experts  
to the more important German con-  
sulates.

Fireman Henry Schopper leaned  
from the cab of his engine while  
crossing a bridge west of Albuquer-  
que, N.M., and a girder severed his  
head from his body.

The leading business men of Erin,  
Tenn., raided the only saloon in the  
place, and, after destroying the  
stock and fixtures, warned the prop-  
rietor to leave.

Serious trouble between the United  
States and Germany is said to be  
possible because of the movement  
Germany is making to coerce Vene-  
zuela into paying a debt.

Mme. Justine Mas of Marsville,  
France, who swooned in a cataleptic  
fit and was declared dead by the  
doctors, came to life just as her cof-  
fin lid was being fastened down.

Thomas Burke of Leesville, N. J.,  
has a three-inch perforation through  
his left side, made by a gunshot  
charge, but is, nevertheless, recover-  
ing. The wound was made on De-  
cember 7th.

Because his mother refused to allow  
him to go out and play in the rain,  
Arthur Bartel, a 15-year-old boy,  
committed suicide in a barn at his  
home in New York by hanging him-  
self with a clothes line.

The Liverpool Journal of Com-  
merce, which has been investigating  
the story of the sale of the Clyde  
ships to Americans, states that  
there is no need for apprehension,  
but that negotiations are in pro-  
gress.

The University of Chicago has ac-  
cepted \$1,000,000 from Robert Le-  
baudy, a multi-millionaire of Paris,  
for the establishment of a college in  
connection with the university for  
the instruction of young Frenchmen  
in American commercial methods.

**FLOODS IN ENGLAND.**

**Rivers Overflow in Derbyshire  
From Melting Snows.**

A London despatch says:—Melting  
snow has caused the Rivers Wye and  
Derwent, in Derbyshire, to overflow,  
and the whole valley of the Derwent  
this morning presents a scene of de-  
solation unprecedented for 20 years.  
Hundreds of business premises, hotels  
and residences are flooded, and the  
occupants of several had narrow es-  
capes, so rapidly rose the waters.  
Ten feet of water covers the Matlock  
football ground.

**RIOTING IN WALES.**

**Military Called Out to Keep Order  
in Strike.**

A despatch from London says:—  
Bangor, North Wales, and its dis-  
trict, are again under control of the  
military, owing to further serious  
rioting between strikers and workers  
at Lord Penrhyn's Bethesda quar-  
ries. There was so much wrecking of  
houses on Wednesday night that a  
detachment of cavalry was hastily  
summoned at midnight from Alder-  
shot, and the militia was drafted in  
from Lichfield.

Shopkeeper—"Come here, Fido!  
Fine animal, that. Your dog, sir?"  
Customer—"My dog? I hope not.  
Would not be followed about by such  
a cur as that." Shopkeeper—"Get  
out, you brute! I hate dogs."

# 15 to 25 per cent. Discount

on Men's Ready-to  
Wear Suits & Boy's  
Overcoats.

As we are getting ready  
for stock taking now is  
your time to buy Cloth-  
ing at slaughter prices.

J. L. BOYES.



## COAL—Quality Counts.

The best is the cheapest. No dust, no linkers. These are the qualities required to make your coal cheap, and J. R. Dafoe offers you all together with prompt delivery and the present season, while your yards are dry, is the best time to have your bins filled.

I also continue in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain and beg to remind all my customers and the public generally that I am still manufacturing the celebrated family flour, Nonesuch, also Manitoba Patent and Strong Bakers, and respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

**J. R. DAFOE,**  
AT THE BIG MILL.

## Fairbairn's Restaurant

Fresh Oysters always on  
hand.

Confectionery of the best  
quality, Fruits, Cakes, Etc.

Oysters, Meals, and Lunches  
served at all times.

# COAL!

Sole dealer in the Celebrated

## SCRANTON COAL,

The best Coal on the market.  
Orders promptly attended to.

**MRS. E. M. BARTLETT.**

Telephone No. 27.

39tf

**CARLETON WOODS,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
14  
Roblin, Ont.

**JOHN POLLARD,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICEN. SES.  
Express Office, Napanee  
Strictly Private and Confidential.

**JOHN ALLEN,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Commissioner in H. C. J.  
Conveyancer, etc.  
14tf  
MARLBANK.

## The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 10, 1902

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

## A Bunch of Clothing

(Manufactured from our  
own goods) just received.  
Suits, Vests, Pants, Pea  
Coats and Overcoats. To  
clean them out quickly we  
will sell at actual cost.

**Lonsdale Woollen Mills.**

**Rikley's Restaurant.**

Fresh oysters received every few days.  
Hot lunches and oysters served at all  
hours; best of confectionery; Ganong  
Bros. celebrated chocolates in boxes or  
bulk.

**The Spirit of Winter.**

The Spirit of Winter is with us, making its presence known in many different ways—sometimes by cheery sunshine and glistening snows, and sometimes by driving winds and blinding storms. To many people it seems to take a delight in making bad things worse, for rheumatism twists harder, twinges sharper, catarrh becomes more annoying, and the many symptoms of scrofula are developed and aggravated. There is not much poetry in this, but there is truth, and it is a wonder that more people don't get rid of these ailments. The medicine that cures them—Hood's Sarsaparilla—is easily obtained and there is abundant proof that its cures are radical and permanent.

**A Whole Year!**

"Mamma, how can you ask me to marry him when he has no social position?"  
"But, my dear, he tells me he has made a million."  
"But even with that it will take him a year to get into society."—Life.

**Signs of His Calling.**

"I think," said the old man, "I'll wuz out for an election manager."  
"Why so?"  
"Well, I can't see at once his head."

**SEE  
DETLOF & WALLACE,  
—THE DRUGGISTS—  
For Perfumes,  
Pocket Books,  
Card Cases,  
Hair Brushes, Etc.**

## CREAMERIES, 50 Cents.

**T. H. WALLER.**

The Napanee Express,  
The Weekly Sun, Toronto \$1.75.

**Cheese Meeting.**

The annual meeting of the patrons of Union cheese factory will be held at the factory on Monday, Jan. 13th, 1902, at 1 o'clock p.m. Election of officers and general business. G. W. SHEPHERD, 3bp Prop.

**Rose Hair Grower.**

Grows hair on bald heads, stops hair from falling out. Every bottle guaranteed. Restores hair to natural color. Price \$1.50 per bottle. Sole agents at 50cm CENTRAL BARBER SHOP.

**Napanee Races.**

The annual winter races of the Napanee Driving Park Association track will take place on Wednesday and Thursday, January 22nd and 23rd, 1902, when the sum of \$575 will be given in purses. The races are a 2-50, 2-29, 2-21, and free for all classes. These will be the best races ever held here.

**Look! Look! Look!**

J. H. Fitzpatrick has started a new store with new goods and new prices. We will give good Oranges for 12c. per doz. and Lemons 20c. per doz. and all groceries under the usual price. We make a specialty of flour and feed. The Hungarian patent flour, \$2.40 per cwt. for \$2.25, Royal Gem, \$2.00.

**The Salvation Army.**

A series of revival meetings have been in progress this week at the Salvation Army barracks by the Harmonic Band. Large crowds have been in attendance nightly. The programme for to-night is "Revival Memories." Saturday night—"Klondike"—Admission, 10c. Sunday—11 a.m., 3 p.m. and 7.30 p.m., "The Murderer's Confession." Monday night—Closing services. The services are led by Ensign Bloss and wife assisted by Captain Bloss and Captain Gross. All are cordially invited.

A. Kimmerly is continually finding new customers for Keewatin Flour that always makes good bread. Candies, Candies, Candies, by the ton for Xmas week at lowest prices. Sugars have taken a drop in prices. Fresh hops for sale, Fish of all kinds. Try our Tea, 2 lbs. for 25c.

**The World Talking About It.**

"The Man from Glengarry," by Ralph Connor, is the strongest book of the present times, a book that people are simply scrambling to get, and what do you think has happened? The serial rights to this story, which is creating a sensation throughout Great Britain and the United States, have been sold to the publishers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star, Montreal. Wonders will never cease. The price must have been enormous, and on this continent it is only a paper like the Family Herald and Weekly Star that could afford to buy such a story. We feel bound to say that the readers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star have interest in them.

**The People Say**  
after testing Vanliven's Coal, it is A1.

**East End Barber Shop.**  
Next to Jamieson's Bakery, former the Tishborne House.  
J. N. OSBORNE, Prop. 1

**For Sale.**  
One Clyde Boiler, about 6 horse power, steel, nearly new. Apply to 31f ROSE. LIGN

**CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine T. All druggists refund the money if it does not cure. 25 cents. R. W. GROVE'S. There is on each box.

**At Home.**  
The ladies of St. Mary Magdalene will hold an "at home" in the town hall, Thursday, January 16th, at 8 o'clock. Everybody welcome. Admission Good programme and refreshments.

**Annual Meeting.**  
The annual meeting of the members of the Public Library will be held on Monday evening, Jan. 13th, at 8 o'clock. Election of officers and transaction of general business.

**The Fox Bit Him.**  
Mr. S. J. Vrooman met with a painful accident on Monday, while out hunting. He shot a fox and while trying to kill the dog from worrying it he fell, one finger going in the dying fox's mouth. The fox closed his teeth together, inflicting a painful wound.

**\$1.00 AND \$1.25 CORSETS FOR 75c.**

This Stock-taking gives you a rare bargain. 5 dozen finest goods. Low prices are discontinuing with \$1.00 and \$1.25 for 75c.

**The Hardy Dry Goods**  
4a Napanee

**Ice Boat Races.**

The Bay of Quinte Ice Yacht league its first race in Picton bay on Wednesday. The wind was blowing from the north about 20 miles an hour. The race place over a triangular course about miles to the leg. The starting boats Snowbird, D. Cole, of the Reach; T. Tierney, of the Reach; Tornad Getty, Falcon—Myron Mills, and M—Capt. Baird, Napanee. The started with a reach to windward Snowbird leading followed by Mi Falcon and Rover. The Mischievous around the second buoy and reach home buoy in 18 minutes, follow Tornado, Snowbird, Falcon and Rover in the order named. In the second race Mischievous again won in 19 minutes. Mischievous lifted the cup from the Snowbird which had held it for three years. boats will race again next week in bay.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-ene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists. Recommended and sold by A. W. GROVE, Druggists, Napanee.

**INSTALLATION OF OFFICE**

On Tuesday evening last at the room of Napanee Lodge, No. 86, I.O.G.T. the officers of both lodges were installed. Mr. T. J. Naylor, D.D.G.M., of Deser, was very pleasant evening was spent present. Following are the officers of the ensuing term:—

NAPANEE LODGE, No. 86.  
D. A. Valteau—G.P.G.  
E. J. Pollard—N.G.  
Fred J. Vanalstine—V.G.  
F. H. Stevens—R.S.  
E. McLaughlin—P.S.  
G. B. Joy—Treasurer  
S. Vanalstine—R.S.N.G.  
Jas. Willis—L.S.N.G.  
W. Mayhew—Warden



## Fairbairn's Restaurant

Fresh Oysters always on hand.

Confectionery of the best quality, Fruits, Cakes, Etc.

Oysters, Meals, and Lunches served at all times.

Everything new and fresh at

**Fairbairn's Restaurant,**

Next door to Pollard's Book Store, 7-ly

## A JOB LOT OF CUSHION TOPS JUST ARRIVED.

Prices from 25c. up. Regular 75c. cushions for 40c.

These are bargains. No old goods, but the newest designs.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE THEM.

Our English Calendars have arrived. Can now show you a splendid assortment in them, at

**PERRY'S**  
Fancy Goods Department,  
DUNDAS STREET.

For Sale.

Two Cows, one grade Durham, one grade Ayrshire; two Yorkshire Sows. Apply to Mrs. L. M. GORDANIER, York Road. 3

## CENTRAL BARBER SHOP.

All the latest conveniences, Everything new and up-to-date, Experienced workmen. Give me a call.

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

## Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Lennox Agricultural Society will be held in the town hall, Napanee, on Wednesday, January 15th, 1902, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

3b

E. MING, Sec'y.

Different.



"My dear children, don't you know it's wicked to play ball on the Sabbath?"  
"Who's er playing ball? We's going ter golf, we is."

## A Despairing Effort.

"Look here," said the prime minister, "don't you think you are carrying matters with a rather high hand?"

"No," answered the sultan, with a stealthy wink. "This is only a bluff. I am trying to make them think my hand is high."—Washington Star.

and permanent.

## A Whole Year!

"Mamma, how can you ask me to marry him when he has no social position?"

"But, my dear, he tells me he has made a million."

"But even with that it will take him a year to get into society."—Life.

## Signs of His Calling.

"I think," said the old man, "I'll wuz out for an election manager."

"Why so?"

"Well, I can't get it outa his head that twice one ain't ten."—Atlanta Constitution.

## Happy Man.

Mrs. Hook—Pears to me that our new neighbor, Mr. Sawney, is pretty indolent.

Farmer Hook—Yes. He is so blamed lazy that he actually doesn't worry about anything.—Harper's Bazar.

## Wonders of Time.

Hook—Time works wonders.

Nye—You bet. I know women who ten years ago were thirty, but now they're only twenty-five.—Philadelphia Record.

## Detecting a Fraud.

Mrs. Bricey—Do you call that a round steak that you sent up this morning?

Butcher—Yes'm.

Mrs. Bridger—Well, I have tried it with a pair of compasses, and I wish to tell you, sir, that it is very far from being correct in shape. I shall favor some other stand with my trade hereafter.—Baltimore American.

## One View of It.

"Oh, if woman could only propose!" cried the girl who was receiving attentions from a timid and bashful young man.

"If she could and did," replied her practical friend, "more than half the pleasurable excitement of feminine life would be lost to her."—Chicago Post.

## The Struggle For Bread.

"Well, that's the best I can do for you," said the theatrical manager. "You've been idle so far this season; now will you remain idle all the rest of the season or take this small part?"

"I'll take it," said Lowe Comedy. "In this case a small role is better than a whole loaf."

## The World at Her Feet.

"I have been a housekeeper for twelve years," remarked one of the fair guests at the chafing dish supper, "and the only thing I can do is to mash potatoes."

Obviously there was only one reply for the polite host to make. "Madam," he said, "you would mash anything."—Chicago Tribune.

## Greatness.

Footie Light—She used to be on the stage, you know.

Sue Brette—Indeed! And isn't she now?

"Oh, no; she got too fat."

"Oh, couldn't they widen the stage?"—Yonkers Statesman.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

## A ONE-SIDED BATTLE.

If attacked by a wild beast a man would try and defend himself. If afflicted with rheumatism fight the disease. With Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure the battle is all one-sided. Thomas Todd, Lockmaster at Brewer's Mills, Ont., suffered for twelve years with rheumatism in his shoulder and at times could not work or dress himself. Eight bottles of Dr. Hall's with Climax Iron Tonic Pills, affected a permanent cure. This great blood purifier is put up in bottles containing ten days treatment. Price 50 cents at all drug stores or The Dr. Hall Medicine Co., Kingston, Ont.

"The Man from Glangarry," by Ralph Connor, is the strongest book of the present times, a book that people are simply scrambling to get, and what do you think has happened? The serial rights to this story, which is creating a sensation throughout Great Britain and the United States, have been sold to the publishers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star, Montreal. Wonders will never cease. The price must have been enormous, and on this continent it is only a paper like the Family Herald and Weekly Star that could afford to buy such a story. We feel bound to say that the readers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star have in store for them a treat beyond their imagination. We understand this superb—we should say marvellously interesting—story, "The Man from Glangarry," will be commenced in the Family Herald and Weekly Star almost immediately.

## Wedding Bells.

An interesting event took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Penny, Empey Hill, on Wednesday, the 8th inst., when their youngest daughter, Emma, was united in marriage to Mr. John Dickson, of Hayburn. Promptly at twelve o'clock, noon, the bridal party took their places in the drawing room, where the Rev. D. Balfour tied the nuptial knot, in the presence of about thirty-five invited guests. The bride was very tastefully dressed in a blue lady's cloth trimmed with white taffeta silk and applique trimming. Miss Allie Dickson, who was very becomingly attired in a blue cashmere, acted as bridesmaid, and Mr. William Gonyou, of Deseronto, assisted the groom. Mendelssohn's wedding march was very gracefully played by Miss Laura Gonyou, of Deseronto. After the ceremony was performed the usual congratulations took place, after which they all sat down to an elaborate wedding breakfast. The bride will be much missed in the community in which she lived, she having taken an active part in Sunday School and church work in the Methodist church at Empey Hill, and a member of the choir since was organized. A large number of beautiful and useful presents were presented which showed the high esteem in which she was held. Congratulations. Following is a list of the presents:

Mr. and Mrs. J. Penny, a pair of Russian Seal gauntlets.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Tripp, silver fruit dish.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Penny, silver pickle cruet.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Barnes, toilet set.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Dickson, one dozen damask linen table napkins.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gonyou and family, parlor lamp.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Gonyou, table scarf and \$5.00.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Penny, oak rocking chair.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Penny, sr., silver fruit dish.

Rev. and Mrs. A. Martin, post office order.

Miss Alice Penny, silver butter dish.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Diamond, damask linen table cloth.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Marsh, china tea set.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Beatty, silver butter knife and gold lined berry spoon.

Miss A. Dickson, glass vinegar jug.

No. 22 TINNED STEEL

30 Gal. Milk Cans

\$5.00.

T. H. WALLER

It Pays To Buy The Best

Howard's Emulsion

Is The Best Emulsion,  
25, 50, and 75c. per bottle.

FROM  
DETLOF & WALLACE,

room of Napanee Lodge, No. 86, the officers of both lodges were in Mr. T. J. Naylor, D.D.G.M., of I. A very pleasant evening was spent present. Following are the officers ensuing term:—

NAPANEE LODGE, No. 86.

D. A. Vallesau—G.P.G.  
E. J. Pollard—N.G.  
Fred J. Vanalstine—V.G.  
F. H. Stevens—R.S.  
E. McLaughlin—P.S.  
G. B. Joy—Treasurer  
S. Vanalstine—R.S.N.G.  
Jas. Willis—L.S.N.G.  
W. Maybee—Warden.  
W. Frizzell—Conductor.  
A. C. Clarke—R.S.S.  
A. Gerow—L.E.S.  
T. McCollum—I.G.  
J. N. Osborne—O.G.  
F. W. Vandusen—Chaplain.  
S. Dryden—R.S.V.G.  
R. S. Ham—L.S.V.G.

ARGYLE LODGE, No. 212.

S. G. Hawley—J.P.G.  
A. Cronk—N.G.  
J. E. Robinson—V.G.  
F. H. Carson—R.S.  
S. Wales—P.S.  
F. S. Scott—Treasurer.  
Samuel Wilson—R.S.N.G.  
Chas. Walters—L.S.N.G.  
Chas. Greer—Warden.  
C. F. Smith—Conductor.  
T. Herrington—R.S.S.  
Frank Denyes—L.S.S.  
H. E. Loucks—O.G.  
E. Wagar—I.G.  
D. Henwood—Chaplain.  
E. Walters—R.S.V.G.  
W. Sills—L.S.V.G.

## ELECTION RETURNS

TOWNSHIP OF ERNESTOWN.

For Reeve—

J. F. DAWSON  
B. G. Hamm

Majority for Dawson.....

For Councillors—

L. L. GALLAGHER.....  
T. CLYDE.....  
I. F. AYLESWORTH.....  
J. F. BAKER.....  
I. O. Fraser.....

\* The names in capital letters are

TOWNSHIP OF DENBIGH.

For Reeve—Jno. S. Lane.

For Councillors—W. Mallory, R. M. Richmond, E. Varlich.

There is a rumor that Mr. Lar qualify, having sold his property.

A full report of the town election township elections throughout the will be found on the fourth page issue.

## Nerve Energy Eyeglasses.



A constant dropping wears away a stone. A slight eyestrain injures the head because it is constant. Strain which first manifests itself as a slight discomfort should be remedied at once. This we guarantee to do. Glasses. Consultation. Delays are dangerous.

H. E. Smith,

GRADUATE OPTICIAN

Smith's Jewelry Store,  
Napanee.

people say  
testing Vanluven's Coal, that it  
51  
nd Barber Shop,  
to Jamieson's Bakery, formerly at  
hborne House.  
J. N. OSBORNE, Prop. 14-1f  
ile.  
Dyde Boiler, about 6 horse power,  
early new. Apply to  
ROBT. LIGHT.

URE A COLD IN ONE DAY.  
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.  
ggists refund the money if it fails  
25 cents. R. W. Grove's signa-  
on each box.  
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going in the dying fox's mouth.  
x closed his teeth together on his  
inflicting a painful wound.

AND \$1.25 CORSETS  
R 75c.  
is Stock-taking Sale  
you a rare bargain.  
zen finest goods. Lines  
re discontinuing worth  
and \$1.25 for 75c.  
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Napanee.

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omended and sold by A. W. Grange &  
uggists, Napanee.

ALLATION OF OFFICERS.  
uesday evening last at the lodge  
f Napanee Lodge, No 86, I.O.O.F.,  
cers of both lodges were installed by  
J. Naylor, D.D.G.M., of Deseronto.  
pleasant evening was spent by all  
Following are the officers for the  
term:—  
NAPANEE LODGE, No. 86.  
Valleau—J.P.G.  
Pollard—N.G.  
J. Vanalstine—V.G.  
Stevens—R.S.  
McLaughlin—P.S.  
Joy—Treasurer  
analstine—R.S.N.G.  
Willis—L.S.N.G.  
Laybee—Warden.

# The Big Store. Lahey & Co. Napanee.

## ALLURING PRICE ATTRACTIONS!

The great January SALES at the Big Store are attracting wider attention than ever before. Why? Preparations have been upon a larger scale, and the prices quoted are lower. We've seen carefully to this—that prices and qualities are going to become more and more satisfactory. These sales offer strong testimony in favor of Big Store merchandising; and that the public thoroughly appreciate the advantages offered is shown by the January crowds in our two big stores.

### A Story of White Things.

The Clearance Sale and the Whitewear Sale are always the two great features of this month of bargains at the Big Store. Our Ladies' Whitewear is manufactured, specially for our own trade, by makers whose name is a trade mark for reliable quality. Every garment is properly cut, shaped and sewn. The combination of low price and high quality is magnetic. It's a pleasure to us to show our Lingerie; a pleasure to you to view it. New, fresh, splendidly made garments at prices like these:—

SKIRTS.	DRAWERS.	GOWNS.
SKIRTS of Cotton, with deep Cambric flounce . . . . . 48c	DRAWERS, good cotton, cambric frill, three hemstitched tucks . . . 40c	GOWNS, tucked yokes and frills, 50c and . . . . . 75c
SKIRTS, white Cotton, deep flounce, tucked and hem finish . . . . . 69c	DRAWERS, cotton, full muslin ruffle edged with embroidery . . . . . 50c	GOWNS, cambric, tucked yokes, lace or embroidery trimmed, \$1.00 and
SKIRTS, Cotton, muslin flounce, trimmed with tucks and insertion . . 98c	DRAWERS, cambric, full embroidery ruffle, yoke band . . . . . 75c	GOWNS, cambric, insertion and hemstitched tucked yoke, embroidery ruffles . . . . . 1.50
SKIRTS, muslin flounce, hemstitched tucks and embroidery . . \$1.13 and 1.29	DRAWERS, tucked and insertion trimmed cambric, deep embroidery ruffle . . . . . 1.00	GOWNS, cambric, V neck, tucked yoke, ribbon and beading finish . . 1.75
SKIRTS, cambric, two muslin ruffles, tucked and edged with embroidery, \$1.48 and . . . . . 1.69	DRAWERS, cambric, deep tucked flounce, insertion and lace trimmed . 1.25	GOWNS, cambric, low neck, all-over embroidery, yoke and revers, finished with embroidery ruffles . . 2.00
SKIRTS, cambric, muslin flounce with three insertions and edge of lace or embroidery . . . \$1.89 and 2.00	CORSET COVERS.	CHEMISE.
SKIRTS at \$2 25, \$2 50 and . . . . . 3.50	CORSET COVERS, cotton, yoke of tucking and insertion, finished with frill . . . . . 25c	CHEMISE, good cotton, torchon trimming . . . . . 35c
	CORSET COVERS at 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 75c and . . . . . 1.00	CHEMISE, open front, box pleat, trimmed with insertion and embroidery . . . . . 50c
		CHEMISE, 40c, 75c and . . . . . 1.00

## A Triple Bargain Event!

Our Mid-Winter Bargain Festival in Dress Goods, Furs and Jackets is bringing happiness and profit to every purchaser of these goods in our store. The goods and styles and values are the finest in the land. The prices run this way:—

DRESS GOODS.	FURS.	JACKETS.
\$4.50 Dress Patterns for . . . . . \$3 38	\$ 4.50 Fur Garments for . . . . . \$ 3 37	\$2.50 Ladies' Jackets for . . . . . \$1.88
6.00 . . . . . 4.50	6.00 . . . . . 4.50	5.00 . . . . . 3.75
8.00 . . . . . 6.00	7.50 . . . . . 5.63	6.50 . . . . . 4.88
12.00 . . . . . 9.00	9.00 . . . . . 6.75	7.00 . . . . . 5.25
5.40 . . . . . 4.15	11.00 . . . . . 8.50	8.00 . . . . . 6.00
7.50 . . . . . 5.63	15.00 . . . . . 11.25	4.00 . . . . . 3.00
3.00 . . . . . 2.25	18.50 . . . . . 13.88	9.00 . . . . . 6.75
4.00 . . . . . 3.00	20.00 . . . . . 15.00	10.50 . . . . . 7.88
5.00 . . . . . 3.75	26.00 . . . . . 19.50	12.00 . . . . . 9.00
6.75 . . . . . 5.09	28.00 . . . . . 21.00	12.00 . . . . . 9.75

# The Big Store. Lahey & Co., Napanee.



...ant evening was spent by all  
Following are the officers for the  
rm:—  
JAPANESE LODGE, NO. 86.  
alleau—G.P.G.  
ollard—N.G.  
Vanalstine—V.G.  
tevens—R.S.  
aughlin—P.S.  
oy—Treasurer  
laine—R.S.N.G.  
llis—L.S.N.G.  
bee—Warden.  
zell—Conductor.  
larke—R.S.S.  
v—L.S.S.  
lium—I.G.  
sborne—O.G.  
Vandusen—Chaplain.  
an—R.S.V.G.  
am—L.S.V.G.  
BOYLE LODGE, NO. 212.  
lawley—J.P.G.  
k—N.G.  
obinson—V.G.  
arson—R.S.  
a—P.S.  
ott—Treasurer.  
Wilson—R.S.N.G.  
alters—L.S.N.G.  
reer—Warden.  
nith—Conductor  
ngton—R.S.S.  
enyes—L.S.S.  
oucks—O.G.  
r—I.G.  
ood—Chaplain.  
ers—R.S.V.G.  
—L.S.V.G.

SECTION RETURNS.  
OWNSHIP OF ERNESTOWN.  
e—  
VSON ..... 436  
nm ..... 309  
r Dawson ..... 127  
cillors—  
LAGHER ..... 467  
 ..... 463  
S. NORTH ..... 418  
ER ..... 390  
 ..... 288  
es in capital letters are elected.  
TOWNSHIP OF DENBIGH.  
e—Jno. S. Lane.  
cillors—W. Mallory, R. Connor,  
nd, E. Varlieb.  
a rumor that Mr. Lane cannot  
ving sold his property.  
port of the town election and  
lections throughout the county  
und on the fourth page of this

Energy and  
lasses.



ant dropping wears  
stone. A slight  
in injures the health,  
it is constant. The  
which first manifests  
a slight discomfort  
be remedied at once.  
e guarantee to do with  
Consultation free.  
are dangerous.

E. Smith,  
UATE OPTICIAN,  
th's Jewelry Store,  
Napanee.

2.50	5.63	15.00	11.25	4.00	3.00
3.00	2.25	18.50	13.88	9.00	6.75
4.00	3.00	20.00	15.00	10.50	7.88
5.00	3.75	26.00	19.50	12.00	9.00
6.75	5.09	28.00	21.00	13.00	9.75

The Big Store. **Lahey & Co.,** Napanee.

BOOKS.  
See the publishers' announcements of the books—  
Story books,  
Gory books,  
Books for high and mighty ladies, books for cooks  
Books for laddies and for lasses,  
Books intended for the masses,  
Books designed to please the classes,  
Books in yellow paper wrappers,  
Books concerning scouts and trappers,  
Books of war and books of rhyme,  
Books at which the reader marvels,  
Books that have some later Carvels  
Dancing through them all the time,  
Historical romances by the score,  
Books the like of which were never writ before,  
Books for mooning, spooning lovers,  
Books in gay and sober covers,  
Books galore,  
An avalanche of books!  
Oh, the world is being buried under books,  
Under Himalayan ranges of new books,  
Books, books, books, books, books, books!  
See the lists the papers publish of the books that  
they receive—  
Fairly books,  
Airy books,  
Books that somehow shall achieve  
The success for which their hungry authors pray,  
Books that perished on that day  
That the presses gave them birth,  
Books of mirth,  
Books concerning faroff corners of the earth,  
Books brimful of dash and go,  
Books of woe,  
Unintentionally so;  
Books by Rudyard and by Winston and the rest  
of them you know  
Piled in windows and on counters everywhere,  
Stacked in pyramids that tower in the air.  
Oh, the books, books, books, books, books!  
Oh, the millions and the billions of the books  
For the coming holidays!  
How their numbers do amaze!  
The world is groaning under all the books,  
The mountains of new books, books, books, books,  
Books, books, books!

Proved He'd Seen One.  
"What is your name?" asked the mag-  
istrate.  
"Michael O'Halloran," was the reply.  
"What is your occupation?"  
"Phat's that?"  
"What is your occupation? What  
work do you do?"  
"Oi'm a sailor."  
The magistrate looked incredulous.  
"I don't believe you ever saw a ship,"  
he said.  
"Didn't Oi, thin?" said the prisoner.  
"An' pwbat do yiz t'ink Oi cum over in,  
a back?"  
After that it went hard with Michael.

A Serious Case.  
"The sexton digging over there looks  
like a healthy man, doesn't he?"  
"Sure. Nothing wrong with him."  
"No; but I notice he has one foot in the  
grave."—Denver Times.

Those Boston Ladies.  
Mrs. Guinnivocé—I never have any  
trouble with baby. I've only to sing  
him, and he goes right off to sleep.  
Mrs. Phaser—What a knowing child  
Boston Transcript.

Gas on the Stomach.  
result of imperfect digestion pressing up  
against the heart, it excites alarming symp-  
toms. Instant relief is afforded by taking  
half an hour after the meal, ten drops of  
Poleon's Nerviline in a little sweetened  
water. Nerviline aids digestion, expels the  
gas and imparts a sense of comfort.  
Nerviline is good for lots of other things,  
and wise people keep a 25c. bottle in the  
house for rheumatism, cramps, neuralgia,  
toothache &c. Try it.

The Humming Bird's Flight.  
The flight of the little humming bird  
is more remarkable than that of the  
eagle. We can understand the flapping  
of the eagle's immense wing supporting  
a comparatively light body. But our  
little bird has a plump body. His wings  
are not wide, but long, so he must  
move them rapidly to sustain his  
weight, and this he can do to perfec-  
tion. The vibrations of his wings are  
so rapid as to make them almost invis-  
ible. He can use them to sustain him-  
self in midair, with his body as motion-  
less as if perched on a twig. In this  
way he can sip the nectar of the deli-  
cate, fine stemmed flowers without  
alighting for a moment. He never  
alights while so engaged. He moves  
from flower to flower with a graceful  
and rapid movement, sometimes chas-  
ing away a bee or humming bird moth,  
of which he is very jealous. Nor is he  
much more favorably impressed with  
any small birds that seem in his way.  
He knows his power of flight, and he  
has no fear of any other bird.

Lemurs For the Zoo.  
The national zoo has just received  
through an animal dealer in Philadel-  
phia a magnificent pair of the large  
black and white lemurs indigenous to  
the island of Madagascar. This makes  
the fourth pair of these animals  
brought to this country, and, in addi-  
tion to being highly attractive by rea-  
son of their coat of long jet black and  
snow white hair and their abnormally  
large and luminous eyes, they are of  
very great interest from the viewpoint  
of science and evolution.  
The lemur stands in the same rela-  
tion to apes and monkeys as they in  
turn stand to the human race, only in  
the case of the lemurs and apes the  
"missing link" connecting the two gen-  
era is in real and actual existence, be-  
ing realized in the "aye-aye," a pecu-  
liar animal, also of Madagascar, that is  
as much lemur as it is simian.

The Retort Courteous.  
A story oft told is that of Lord —,  
who when a young man was opposing  
Mr. Sugden, subsequently lord chancel-  
lor of England, in a parliamentary con-  
test. "He's the son of a country bar-  
ber," said the noble lord.  
Replying afterward, Mr. Sugden said:  
"His lordship has told you that I am  
nothing but the son of a country bar-  
ber, but he has not told you all, for I  
have been a barber myself and worked  
in my father's shop, and all I wish to  
say about that is that had his lordship  
been born the son of a country barber  
he would have been a barber still. That,  
to my mind, is quite clear."

He Had Great Expectations.  
"How do you account for the fact  
that Miss Bullion, the wealthiest hei-  
ress of the season, is going to marry  
Nodo, who hasn't a cent to his name?"  
"Oh, but he has great expectations."  
"He has? What are they?"  
"He is going to marry Miss Bullion."



Which Style?

When you order a Coat from us it will be  
fashionable and well made. It will be  
along the line suggested by your ideas and  
will be correct in every respect. We are  
now offering special values in Winter Goods  
and you can get a first-class Winter Suit or  
Overcoat at a very low price. CALL AND  
SEE US

**J. A. Cathro,**  
Fine Tailoring,  
Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

Church of England Notes.

CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE—Sunda-  
services. Holy Communion on 1st an  
3rd Sundays of the month at the midday  
service. On other Sundays at 8 a.m.  
Matins, 11 a.m. Evensong, 7 p.m.

PARISH OF BATH AND ODESSA—Services  
for Sunday, Jan. 12th: St. John's, Bath,  
8 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Hawley, 10.30 a.m.;  
St. Alban's, Odessa, 3 p.m. Collection for  
Foreign Missions.

"Love Laughs at Locksmiths" as  
South American Kidney Cure laughs at  
disease. It's the seemingly impossible  
doors to disease that it unlocks that makes  
its cures almost incredible. But for every  
cure there is a proof if you care to investi-  
gate. It is a liquid kidney specific and it  
never fails. Makes and keeps men "fit"  
and well. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—  
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The final report of Superintendent, W.  
E. Cash, of the Department of Collections  
and Admissions of the Pan-American Ex-  
position Company, has just been issued.  
The total attendance was 8,520,048. Of  
this number 5,306,659 were free and  
3,213,189 paid admissions. The big days  
were: Buffalo Day, 162,424; New York  
State Day, 129,476; Farewell Day, 116,  
500; Railroad Day, 106,546; Midway Day,  
106,316; Labour Day, 103,784; and  
Dedication Day, 86,909.

Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**